CITY OF CLAYTON, MISSOURI COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2008

Report prepared and submitted by the Finance Department

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The City of Clayton

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February 19, 2009

To the Honorable Mayor, Board of Aldermen and Citizens of Clayton:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Clayton, Missouri, for the fiscal year (FY) ended September 30, 2008, is herewith submitted for your review. The information presented in the CAFR is the responsibility of the City's management. The City believes that the financial statements, supporting schedules, and statistical information fairly present the financial condition of the City. We further believe that all presented data is accurate in all aspects and that all necessary disclosures have been included to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the City's financial affairs.

REPORTING STANDARDS

The City is presenting its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report under the reporting model required by the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. The format and a description of these reports are addressed in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and in the notes to the financial statements.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The diversity of governmental operations and the necessity for legal compliance preclude recording and summation of all financial transactions in a single accounting entity. The City's accounting system is therefore organized and operated on a fund basis, wherein each fund is a distinct and separate self-balancing entity.

The City's financial records utilize two bases of accounting. The modified accrual basis is utilized by governmental funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the fund liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by the proprietary and pension trust funds. Consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls governing the financial transactions and records of the City.

Internal controls are designed and developed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded and that transactions are properly executed and recorded in line with management's policy and generally accepted accounting principles.

Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental and fund levels partially through the use of an encumbrance system. Monies of respective accounts are encumbered as purchase orders so that budgeted appropriations may not be overspent without proper approval. Open encumbrances at year-end are reported as reservations of the fund balance.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The City of Clayton was incorporated in 1913. Its borders encompass 2.54 square miles and combine a bustling downtown with quiet, secure residential neighborhoods. The City's downtown is the region's premier business district and home to Forbes and Fortune 500 headquarters and branches. The City has a residential population of 15,935 and an estimated daytime population of 80,000. The City serves as the governmental seat for St. Louis County, Missouri. The governing body for the City consists of an elected six-member Board of Aldermen and the Mayor who collectively appoint a City Manager to administer daily operations.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including public works, parks and recreation, public safety, community development and general administration that are encompassed in the following departments: Public Works, Parks and Recreation, Police, Fire, Finance, Planning and Development, Management Information Systems and Administrative Services.

All funds included in this CAFR reflect the above municipal services and subsequent services of the City.

FIDUCIARY DUTIES

One of the fiduciary duties carried out by the City is pension management. Eligible City employees participate in one of two single-employer pension plans. These plans are the City of Clayton Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund and the Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund.

Effective January 1, 1994, the City revised the previously existing uniformed employee defined benefit and defined contribution plans, and combined these plans into a single defined benefit plan, Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund. Uniformed employees contribute 5% of their salary until they have completed thirty years of service. The City contributes an actuarially determined amount to meet current costs and the amortization of past service liability.

The Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund is a defined benefit plan in which employees normally contribute 3% of their salary and the City contributes an actuarially determined amount to the plan. The plan has exceeded 100% funding for several years. Since 1991, the City has chosen to suspend the employee contribution and in December 2004, the City suspended voluntary employer contributions. However, the City has budgeted for employer contributions to begin in FY 2010.

Both the Uniformed and Non-Uniformed Employee Pension Funds experienced losses in FY 2008 due to the near market collapse at the end of the year. In FY 2008, the Uniformed Pension Fund was down 13% and the Non-Uniformed Pension Fund was down 12% compared to FY 2007. While the City anticipates a rebound in the market in the future, so far the market returns have not been good. The Uniformed Pension is down another 9% and the Non-Uniformed Pension is down 14% as of the first quarter of FY 2009. The actuary valuation date is January 1 for the Uniformed plan and with the decline in asset value in calendar year 2009 the City can anticipate a significant increase in the employer contribution for the FY 2010 budget year. The same could be said for the Non-Uniformed plan if the asset value does not recover by the July 1 actuarial valuation date. The actuary does blend the changes in asset valuation over a five year period so that one significant change will not dramatically impact the funding level in any given year. The funding level for the Non-Uniformed plan is 109% at 7-1-2008 and the Uniformed plan is 91% at 1-1-2008.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Internal Service Fund - All insurance expenses for the City are recorded in the Insurance Fund. These expenses include general liability, property, and employee related insurance such as life, health, workers' compensation, etc. After being insured for general liability through a statewide insurance pool for a number of years, the City switched to the St. Louis Area Insurance Trust (SLAIT) effective January 1, 2005. After being self-insured since 1991, and in an effort to limit its financial exposure, the City chose SLAIT to insure for workers' compensation coverage effective May 20, 2005. Additional information is provided in the notes to the basic financial statements. There are no residual liabilities from the previous self-insured workers compensation program or the previous general liability insurance pool.

Safety Committee – SLAIT requires that its members undertake loss prevention practices in an effort to reduce the amount of claims filed, to create a safe working environment for City employees and to reduce the amount of public liability opportunities. The City of Clayton operates a citywide safety committee directed by a Risk Manager and representatives from each City department. The committee's responsibilities include accident investigation, safety inspections for physical hazards, job hazard analysis, job safety talks and implementation of health and wellness initiatives.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end, Government-wide debt was \$26,751,341 (excluding premiums of \$66,550, the deferred amount on refunding of \$509,470 and compensated absences of \$265,135) consisting of general obligation bonds, special obligation bonds, capital leases and an intergovernmental loan agreement with St. Louis County for the Shaw Park Parking Facility.

CASH MANAGEMENT

Cash of the governmental, proprietary, and internal service funds, temporarily not used in operations, is invested in collateralized or insured overnight funds, certificates of deposit backed by United States agencies or Treasury obligations. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not invest in securities maturing more than three years from the date of purchase, and has not done so unless circumstances warranted other consideration. Yields earned from these investments ranged from 2.65% to 5.0%. The Federal Reserve Bank has decreased the overnight Federal funds rate in FY 2008 from 4.92% to 2.03% and any further decrease will decrease interest earnings for all operating funds.

Longer-term investments of corporate bonds, stocks, and U.S. Government Agency and Treasury obligations and securities are utilized for cash and investments in the Non-Uniformed Employees and Uniformed Employees Retirement Funds. The pension benefit obligation funding ratio for the Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement plan decreased slightly from 109.4% to 107.6% according to the actuarial valuation report dated July 1, 2008. This small decrease in funding level is due to a slight increase of the actuarial present value of assets in relation to accrued benefits. The Uniformed Employees Retirement plan funded ratio increased from 87.4% to 91.7% due primarily to both employer and employee contributions, moderately favorable investment results, and lower than expected salary increases according to the actuarial valuation report dated January 1, 2008.

ECONOMIC EVENTS AND THE FUTURE

Within two and one-half square miles, Clayton blends a bustling business district with an outstanding housing mix. The central business district (CBD) combines approximately 7,000,000 square feet of prestigious office space with the vitality of more than 1,000,000 square feet in retail space. Clayton's charming residential neighborhoods provide a mix of housing, to include single-family homes, condominiums and multi-family apartment dwellings. Much of the residential area is within walking distance of the CBD or neighborhood retail districts that include specialty boutiques, flower shops, restaurants, dry cleaners, fitness facilities and cafes.

Clayton has maintained a thriving business district despite the economic challenges the nation faces today. Clayton has a diverse income mix and is not overly dependant on Property tax which is balanced between retail and residential. Therefore, Clayton is able to maintain a strong financial footing. Even with the portion of Interstate 64 west of Interstate 170 to Interstate 270 shut down for reconstruction, sales tax revenue in Clayton remained solid in FY 2008. The City faces another challenge in FY 2009 when the eastern portion of Interstate 64 from Interstate 170 to Kingshighway (a major arterial road located in St. Louis City) is shut down for reconstruction. Because of Clayton's joint effort with surrounding communities also affected by the interstate shutdown in promoting awareness of alternate routes in and out of the City, the sales tax projections for FY 2009 are anticipated to remain stable.

Clayton's location within the region further strengthens the City's attractiveness to residents, businesses and visitors. As the seat for St. Louis County, many St. Louis County residents come to Clayton on a daily basis to do business in the many County offices. The opening of MetroLink (the region's light-rail system) through Clayton provides easy and quick access to downtown St. Louis, the airport and parts of south St. Louis County. A regional bus transfer station that is connected to the Central Avenue MetroLink station provides public transportation access to most of the region. Finally, Clayton's proximity to numerous interstates and major County arterials, as well as its central location, means that trips to the airport, downtown St. Louis or other major attractions can be made within 15 minutes.

Clayton's thriving retail community includes 85 restaurants (many of which are award-winning), 93 vibrant retail boutiques and 234 personal service businesses. Clayton's downtown is the region's premier business district and home to numerous Forbes and Fortune 500 headquarters and branch offices. To name just a few, Clayton's quality of life has attracted Enterprise Rent-A-Car, Brown Shoe Group, Commerce Bank, National City Bank, Rehab Care Group, Graybar, Barry-Wehmiller Companies, Olin Corporation, and a majority of the largest law firms in the St. Louis area. Clayton maintains one of the highest commercial occupancy rates in the region. The Clayton office and retail market continues to be one of the steadiest submarkets in the St. Louis area. Vacancy rates for the last several years have continued to stay in the 10% to 12% range, one of the lowest vacancy rates in the metropolitan area, and slightly lower than the regional average

In addition to its thriving economy, Clayton has beautiful residential neighborhoods and the City has devoted more than 70 acres of green space to passive and active park areas and recreation adding to its quality of life. Included in these resources is The Center of Clayton, a multi-use recreational facility operated in conjunction with the Clayton School District.

According to an article published in Directions Magazine in July, 2008 titled *The Current Housing Market*, home values in the top twenty housing markets dropped by an average of 23% from 2007 to 2008. Clayton's one year home value market change declined by 7% in mid FY 2008, before beginning to rise back up to a 2% decline at fiscal year end according to data found on *rates@banks.com*. The City's overall assessed valuation has increased by 85% since 1998 and has experienced a trend toward residential upgrades, condominium conversions, home remodeling/additions and new condominium buildings. In the 12 months from October 1, 2007 to September 30, 2008, the City has experienced more than \$40 million in construction of new homes and remodeling of existing residential structures.

DEVELOPMENT

Clayton continues to process and approve plans for major developments. DeMun Pointe opened in the Spring of 2008 with condominiums added to Clayton's residential inventory. The \$13.9 million, 3 1/2 story project was built by Opus Properties Development at 6447 Clayton Road. It offers condominium at a wide range of prices and 9,000 square feet of ground floor commercial space. DeMun Pointe is Clayton's first green mixed-use building. It was built according to Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) standards and pledges to be Clayton's first LEED certified building.

In January 2008, Mark S. Mehlman Realty officially opened The Crescent, a nine story, \$40,000,000 mixed-use development on the north side of Carondelet Plaza across from the Plaza in Clayton. The Crescent features 72 luxury condominium units, 25,797 square feet of ground level retail and 259 parking spaces located on the first two levels of the building. The building is designed to follow the curvature of the street and is compatible with both the Plaza in Clayton and The Ritz-Carlton, St. Louis. The project has adopted the City's streetscape and will include public art.

After the development project fell through in the City of St. Louis, The Centene Corporation returned to Clayton with a proposal to develop the half block area bounded by Forsyth Boulevard, Carondelet Avenue and Hanley Road. The project has received zoning approvals for a development plan containing two office buildings with first floor commercial and a multi-level parking structure facing Forsyth. A foundation permit was recently issued to start the construction phase.

The following projects have been approved but delayed due to the current world-wide financial conditions.

Orchard Development Group received approval to build the Trianon at the Forsyth MetroLink Station, just east of the Ritz-Carlton. The Trianon is a \$150 million mixed-use development that is expected to include 175 apartment units and 175 condominiums with a variety of floor plans and price points. Approximately 33,500 square feet of street-level retail space is also proposed. The project is unique because of its proximity to the MetroLink passenger station at Forsyth Boulevard and Forest Park Parkway. The project is proposed to be a Transit Oriented Development (TOD). In TODs, developers are able to market the project's affordable luxury units to buyers who are interested in taking advantage of the accessibility to mass transportation such as the MetroLink and its passenger stations.

R.J. York Development recently proposed a \$110 million mixed-use construction project to be located near Central Avenue and Maryland Avenue. The project is estimated to be a 23 story high rise tower that will include a 241 room boutique hotel, 5,800 square feet of retail, and approximately 18 luxury residential condominiums, as well as nearby parking infrastructure. The project is expected to generate significant additional economic activity for the City at the very core of the Central Business District. Further, existing retail adjacent to the project is expected to increase with the opening of the new development.

Mark S. Mehlman Realty has presented plans for the Carondelet Village. The proposal for the mixed-use development includes approximately 110,000 square feet of retail space, a multi-screen movie theater/performing arts center which will be connected to a boutique hotel with 150 rooms, and 110,000 square feet of boutique office space. With the addition of a critical mass in retail and a 663 parking facility, the developer feels that the \$128 million project will reestablish Clayton as a shopping destination. The proposed Village will offer Clayton residents the opportunity to stay in Clayton to shop, while drawing visitors from the entire region to shop and dine in Clayton. At its December 18, 2007 meeting the Board of Aldermen unanimously approved the City's first ever use of Tax Increment Financing (TIF) for the proposed development. Following the adoption of the ordinance authorizing the use of TIF, the project must go through the site plan review process. The Board must also negotiate a redevelopment agreement.

In the spring of 2008, Brown Shoe Co. proposed to build a \$568 million, multi-phased project on 12.5 acres on and around the company's headquarters on Maryland Avenue in Clayton. Plans for the proposed development include approximately 1.2 million square feet of office space, 50,000 to 80,000 square feet of retail space, 300 to 420 residential units, parking and possibly a hotel. The project was scheduled to open in 2012, but the company recently announced that it would "indefinitely" postpone the new development due to weak real estate and credit markets and a need for Brown Shoe to lower spending. The City and Brown Shoe Co. are optimistic that the project will go forward at a later date. While the project remains on hold, the high-profile company still has a positive impact in the community.

FINANCIAL PLANNING

In FY 2009, the City expects to receive more than \$36 million in revenue, which includes \$5.7 million of inter-fund transfers, property tax totaling \$6.7 million, sales tax totaling \$5.9 million, utility tax revenue of \$4.81 million, licenses and fees totaling \$3.5 million (includes revenue from building permits of two large-scale development projects), and miscellaneous revenue of \$4.7 million.

Expenditures are expected to decrease by \$4,692,438 in FY 2009. The majority of the decrease in expenditures is due to the \$8.175 million bond issue in FY 2008 to refund the 2002 special obligation bonds. However, if the refund is excluded in the expenditures, the FY 2009 expenditures will be \$3,482,562 higher than in FY 2008. Capital expenditures in the Equipment Replacement Fund, Revolving Public Improvement Fund and Recreation and Storm Water Fund account for \$1.95 million of the increase and reflect the emphasis on major projects.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

On February 12, 2008, Mayor Linda Goldstein presented *Vision 2013: Building a Bright Future*, a new ambitious vision for the City of Clayton. *Vision 2013* is designed to provide guidelines for engaging the public in discussions and planning for a vital future. Becoming a regional leader as a "green" city, enhancing its position as a business center and developing a public-private foundation to fund civic goals are among the priorities established. *Vision 2013* is a first step in a public process to move the City forward as it approaches its centennial in five years. The vision was developed by the Clayton Board of Aldermen, Mayor Goldstein and City staff in strategic planning sessions. The new vision and planning sessions represent the catalyst for a process that will facilitate community dialogue about the City's future directions.

Under the proposed vision, the City will emphasize sustainable practices such as: a reduction of fossil-fuel dependency, assessment of utility usage, adoption of LEED certification in the City's zoning code to incentivize new developments, expansion of Citywide recycling efforts, and creation of pedestrian-friendly environments.

Another highlight of the vision calls for the creation of the Clayton Century Foundation, a public-private partnership that will help fund projects in the community that go beyond traditional City services, services that are currently supported by sales and property taxes. Through the work by the Foundation, the City will reach out to residential and corporate private partners for support in enriching quality of life initiatives.

Among other notable elements of the vision are:

- Maintain world-class core services, such as public safety and infrastructure, with measurable outcomes to evaluate City implementation.
- Retain and attract businesses and corporate headquarters, encourage greater density and mixed-use development in the Central Business District including more residential properties, and design of specific strategies to increase the vibrancy of downtown Clayton.
- Strengthen the role of partnerships with the Clayton School District, the Clayton Chamber of Commerce, area universities and other community groups.
- Achieve a better balance in tax revenue levels to shift from a disproportionate share paid by residents to revenue derived from business and redevelopment.
- Coordinate with neighboring cities to reduce duplication of efforts, share marketing initiatives and look for savings.
- Expand avenues to communicate with residents and businesses.

The planned capital outlay and equipment purchases for the next three-year period beginning October 1, 2008 are approximately \$29.5 million. Included in the \$29.5 million is \$14 million allocated for a new Police Building planned in FY 2011; ongoing improvements to streetscape, streets, sidewalks, and alleys of \$8.4 million; fleet and equipment replacement totaling \$2.9 million; and park improvements of \$2.4 million.

AWARD

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Clayton for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Clayton has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty-one consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1987-2007). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

Additionally, the GFOA awarded the Distinguished Budget Award to the City of Clayton for Fiscal Year 2007. This was the City's first Distinguished Budget Award. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device. This award is valid for a period of one year only and we have already submitted our FY 2008 budget for consideration of another award.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The City's policy is to have the financial statements of the City audited annually by an independent Certified Public Accountant. The City has complied with this policy for FY 2008 and the independent auditor's report is included with this CAFR.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The quality and timely preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, City staff, and RubinBrown LLP.

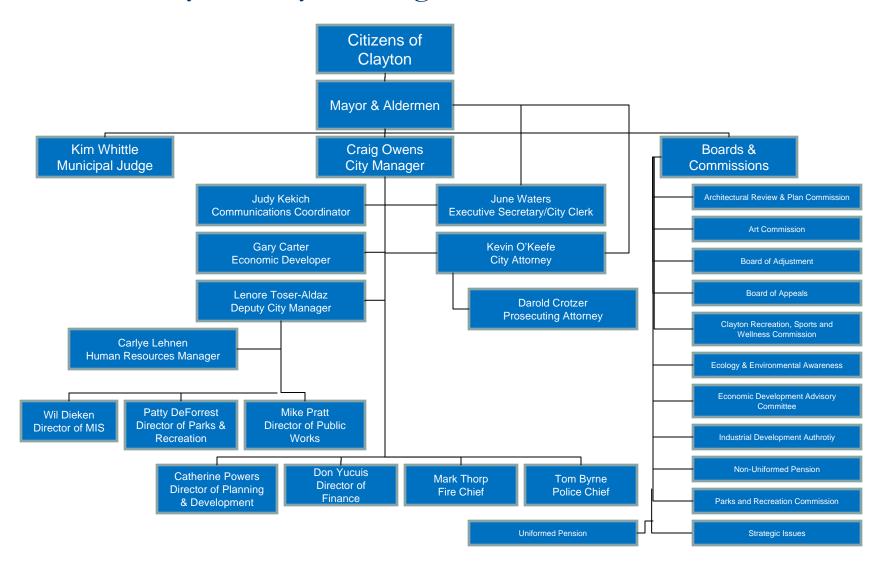
Respectfully submitted,

Craig S. Owens City Manager Donald J. Yucuis
Director of Finance

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Mayor	Linda Goldstein
Aldermen:	
	Judy R. Goodman
	Cynthia Garnholz
	Alex Berger, III
	Steven E. Lichtenfeld
A	
City Manager	Craig S. Owens

City of Clayton Organization Chart



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Clayton Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2007

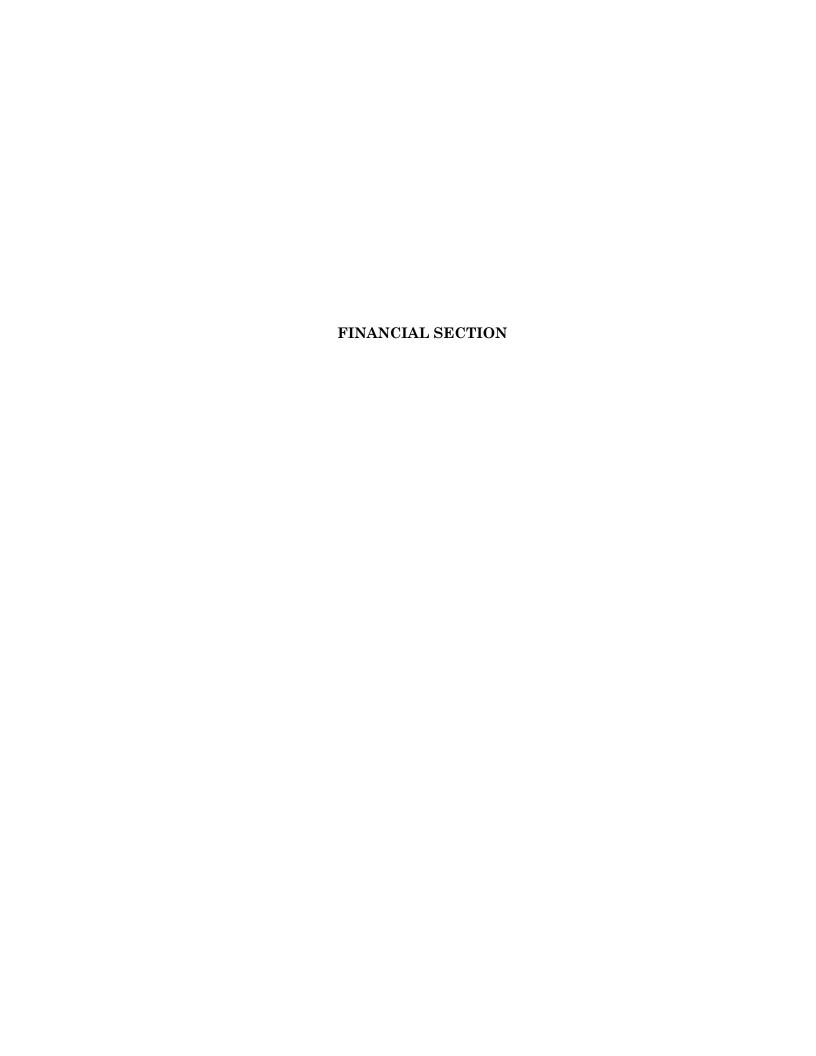
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers
Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



~ +· /~

President

Executive Director





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Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Clayton, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Clayton, Missouri (the City), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 19, 2009 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information, as listed in the table of contents, are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and the statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

February 19, 2009

RulinBrown LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the City of Clayton, Missouri presents this narrative overview and analysis to assist our readers in reviewing and understanding the accompanying annual financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the letter of transmittal which can be found on pages i-xi of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The net assets of the City of Clayton at the close of the most recent fiscal year were \$54,994,761; an increase of \$5,372,042 from the prior year. Governmental Activities increased \$5,487,479 and business activities decreased \$115,437. \$29,352,908 of the total net assets are unrestricted and may be used to meet the municipality's on-going obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City of Clayton's governmental funds on page 14 as of the close of the current fiscal year reported a combined ending fund balance of \$22,577,229, a net change of \$4,872,172 in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 81% of the total amount, or \$18,224,458, is unreserved and available for spending at the City's discretion.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City of Clayton, Missouri's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with an overview of the City's finances, presenting all funds in a more simplified format. This section is similar to financial reporting used by commercial entities. Note that the government-wide financial statements exclude fiduciary fund (Pension Trust Funds) activities.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, including long-term debt and capital assets in the governmental funds. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as transactions occur, regardless of when the related cash flows are reported. Therefore, some revenues and expenses included in this statement may reflect cash flows that actually occur in future periods.

Management's Discussion And Analysis (Continued)

Government-wide statements are separated into two major categories: 1) governmental activities that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities include general government, public safety, highways and streets, parks and recreation, and community development, and 2) business-type activities that are supported with user fees and charges. The business-type activity includes all City-owned and managed parking facilities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

Funds are used in government accounting to separate resources that are designated for specific programs or activities. The City of Clayton, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with the laws, regulations and contractual agreements that establish the authority for the City's programs and services. The funds for the City of Clayton can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for the City's basic services, the same services that are included in the governmental activities on the government-wide statements. However, the information in the fund statements is measured differently. Governmental funds focus on current financial resources rather than economic resources. Therefore, the statements include the short-term resources, such as cash, investments and receivables, that will be collected in the next few months, and liabilities that will be retired with these monies. This information is important for assessing the City's current financial resources.

The reconciliation in the fund statements explains the difference between the governmental funds in the fund statements and the governmental activities found in the government-wide financial statements. This reconciliation will explain the adjustments necessary to compile the long-term resources and liabilities for the government-wide statements with the current picture presented in the fund statements.

Clayton utilizes the following major governmental funds:

- General
- Revolving Public Improvement
- Equipment Replacement

The larger funds are presented as major funds while the other funds are presented in the combining statements for non-major funds. A description of the major funds can be found on page 24 in the notes to the financial statements. Both major and non-major fund statements include a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

Management's Discussion And Analysis (Continued)

Clayton adopts an annual budget for all funds except the Police Forfeiture and Police Officer Standards Training Fund, and Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for all budgeted funds to demonstrate legal compliance with the respective adopted budget. Budgetary comparisons for the general fund can be found on pages 51 to 52 in the required supplementary information. All other major and non-major funds budgetary comparisons can be found in the supplementary information section starting on page 65.

Proprietary Funds

Clayton's proprietary fund types consist of an enterprise fund, which is the Parking Facilities Revenue Fund and an internal service fund, which is the Insurance Fund. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Proprietary fund financial statements may be found on pages 18 through 20.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the Uniformed and Non-Uniformed Employee Retirement plans. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. These activities are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund statements may be found on pages 21 and 22.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information included in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes provide additional details about the balances and transactions in the City's financial statements and may be found on pages 23 through 50.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, certain required supplementary information can be found on pages 23 through 50 of this report.

Supplementary Information

The combining and individual fund statements, referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 55 through 64 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

This is the sixth year that the City of Clayton has presented its financial statements under the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. Therefore, a comparative analysis of government-wide data is included in this report.

As noted earlier, net assets over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Clayton, assets exceeded liabilities by \$54,994,761 at the close of the most recent fiscal year, an increase of \$5,372,042.

A major portion of the City of Clayton's net assets are invested in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets and total \$21,739,777 or 39.5% of net assets. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Unrestricted net assets of \$29,352,908 are another major portion of the City's net assets (53%) that may be used to meet on-going obligations to citizens and creditors.

City of Clayton's Net Assets

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Primary Governmen			
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007		
Assets								
Current and other assets	\$ 26,224,172	\$ 21,189,290	\$ 10,693,624	\$ 10,689,710	\$ 36,917,796	\$ 31,879,000		
Capital assets	34,889,964	34,589,663	12,985,132	13,299,077	47,875,096	47,888,740		
Total Assets	61,114,136	55,778,953	23,678,756	23,988,787	84,792,892	79,767,740		
Liabilities								
Current liabilities	3,031,765	2,515,421	192,810	83,318	3,224,575	2,598,739		
Noncurrent liabilities	22,979,275	23,647,915	3,594,281	3,898,367	26,573,556	27,546,282		
Total Liabilities	26,011,040	26,163,336	3,787,091	3,981,685	29,798,131	30,145,021		
Net Assets								
Invested in capital assets,								
net of related debt	12,335,368	11,295,023	9,404,409	9,415,507	21,739,777	20,710,530		
Restricted	3,636,576	2,729,192	265,500	285,195	3,902,076	3,014,387		
Unrestricted	19,131,152	15,591,402	10,221,756	10,306,400	29,352,908	25,897,802		
	·							
Total Net Assets	\$ 35,103,096	\$ 29,615,617	\$ 19,891,665	\$ 20,007,102	\$ 54,994,761	\$ 49,622,719		

The Statement of Activities is the second statement in the government-wide statements. The following table outlines the major components of this statement.

City of Clayton's Statement of Activities

	Govern	ımental	Busine	ss-Type	Total Primary					
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Government					
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007				
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 4,564,653	\$ 4,225,480	\$ 1,420,803	\$ 1,416,686	\$ 5,985,456	\$ 5,642,166				
Operating Grants	1,270,321	1,232,687	_	_	1,270,321	1,232,687				
Capital Grants and										
Contributions	569,600	287,100	_	_	569,600	287,100				
General Revenues:										
Property tax	6,643,277	6,332,125	_	_	6,643,277	6,332,125				
Sales tax	6,043,834	6,226,794	_	_	6,043,834	6,226,794				
Utility tax	5,701,276	4,758,606	_	_	5,701,276	4,758,606				
Other taxes	556,272	565,780	_	_	556,272	565,780				
Investment earnings	771,380	884,333	427,878	586,580	1,199,258	1,470,913				
Gain on sale of capital assets	_	_	_	330,776	_	330,776				
Other general revenues	1,022,818	400,027	_	´ —	1,022,818	400,027				
Total Revenues	27,143,431	24,912,932	1,848,681	2,334,042	28,992,112	27,246,974				
Program Expenses										
General government	5,286,324	4,585,667	_	_	5,286,324	4,585,667				
Public safety	8,495,262	8,246,154	_	_	8,495,262	8,246,154				
Streets and Highways	5,411,338	5,919,304	_	_	5,411,338	5,919,304				
Parks and recreation	2,079,965	1,975,986	_	_	2,079,965	1,975,986				
Community development	173,316	220,788	_	_	173,316	220,788				
Interest on long-term debt	963,747	910,350	_	_	963,747	910,350				
Parking facility	_	_	1,210,118	1,155,318	1,210,118	1,155,318				
Total Program Expenses	22,409,952	21,858,249	1,210,118	1,155,318	23,620,070	23,013,567				
Excess Before Transfers	4,733,479	3,054,683	638,563	1,178,724	5,372,042	4,233,407				
Transfers	754,000	1,124,409	(754,000)	(1,124,409)	_	_				
Change In Net Assets	5,487,479	4,179,092	(115,437)	54,315	5,372,042	4,233,407				
Net Assets - Beginning Of Year	29,615,617	25,436,525	20,007,102	19,952,787	49,622,719	45,389,312				
Net Assets - End Of Year	\$ 35,103,096	\$ 29,615,617	\$ 19,891,665	\$ 20,007,102	\$ 54,994,761	\$ 49,622,719				

The City of Clayton's overall net assets of \$54,994,761 increased \$5,372,042 during the current fiscal year. FY 2008 revenues totaling \$28,992,112 are \$1,745,138 more than FY 2007. Program revenue totaling \$7,825,377 is \$663,424 more than FY 2007 and due to increased revenue from parking and municipal court fines, building permits and one time grants. Governmental activities general revenue from property, sales and utility taxes total \$18,388,387 or 88.7% of total general revenues of \$20,738,857 and increased by \$1,070,862. Property tax revenue increased \$311,152 to \$6,643,277 mainly due to new construction growth. Sales tax decreased by \$182,960 to \$6,043,834 mainly due to the downturn of the economy in the last quarter of the fiscal year. Utility tax increased by \$942,670 to \$5,701,276, with \$869,000 of the increase received from one-time settlements with three vendors.

Program expenses totaling \$23,620,070 were \$606,503 more than FY 2007. The main increase is due to expenses related to review of redevelopment proposed projects.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The fund statements present the City's financial information in a more detailed format. Fund statements provide important information about the City's compliance with laws and regulations that define the local government environment in Missouri. The measurement principles in the governmental fund statements are also different than the government-wide statements. Fund statements focus on current and short-term resources, while government-wide statements present the long-term view.

Governmental Funds

The City's total governmental funds, as shown on page 14, at the end of the current fiscal year, reported an ending fund balance of \$22,577,229, an increase of \$4,872,172 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 81% of this total amount (\$18,224,458) constitutes unreserved fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. Although the Equipment Replacement Fund has an unreserved balance, if those funds were used, then alternative sources of revenue would need to be found to pay for equipment purchased in the future. The remainder of fund balance is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) encumbrances to liquidate contracts and purchase orders, \$1,202,364 and 2) to pay debt service, \$3,150,407. The governmental funds may be viewed on pages 14 through 17.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance was \$11,816,465 while total fund balance reached \$11,867,213. Fund balance represents 63% of total General Fund expenditures. The City's General Fund minimum reserve policy level is 25% of expenditures. The City's FY 2008 General Fund balance increased \$2,190,797, primarily due to an increase in revenue of \$1,979,059 in several areas compared to FY 2007. Changes in revenue include a \$364,646 planned increase in property taxes; \$229,409 increase in licenses and permits mainly from stronger than expected building activity; \$939,926 increase in public utilities due to a \$829,600 one time settlement from three cell phone companies; \$212,313 decrease in intergovernmental due to lower than expected sales tax; \$223,127 increase in fines and forfeitures due to an increase in volume of traffic and moving violations; and \$465,979 increase in miscellaneous due to new development fees and two pass through State of Missouri cyber crime grants.

The Revolving Public Improvement Fund Balance totaling \$3,432,888 includes \$2,358,173 unreserved and \$1,074,715 reserved for encumbrances. The net increase in fund balance of \$1,183,064 was due to an increase in intergovernmental revenue from road and bridge taxes and a federal grant; a decrease in planned capital outlay and a decrease in transfers compared to the prior year. Transfers in of \$115,000 are from the Parking Fund and transfers out of \$463,190 are to pay for a portion of the debt service on the 1999 and 2007 bond issues.

The Equipment Replacement Fund has a total fund balance of \$2,627,870. Almost the entire fund balance is unreserved but designated for the replacement of all the vehicles and large dollar equipment in the City based on a long range replacement plan. The funding source is from a charge-back to the Revolving Public Improvement Fund.

Management's Discussion And Analysis (Continued)

Proprietary Funds

The fund statements for the proprietary funds look much like the business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Proprietary fund financial information is measured with the same principles used by commercial enterprises, so this information does not change from the fund statement to the government-wide statement. Proprietary fund information may be found on pages 18 through 20.

Total net assets of the Parking Fund decreased \$115,437 to \$19,891,665. Unrestricted net assets for the Parking (enterprise) Fund decreased \$84,644 to \$10,221,756.

The entire net assets of the Insurance (internal service) Fund are unrestricted and total \$654,649, an increase of \$29,966.

General Fund Significant Variances - Budget and Actual

Pages 51 through 52 summarize the General Fund budget to actual. The General Fund had various adjustments between the original and final budget for revenues and expenditures. As stated earlier, the City policy on General Fund balance is a minimum of 25% of expenditures and transfers. The current balance is 63%.

Overall, the net change in fund balance on the budget basis was an increase of \$2,264,388. Actual General Fund revenue totaling \$20,956,052 was \$1,736,282 or 9% more than the final budget. This is mainly due to a conservative budgeting philosophy and for unbudgeted developer fees and pass through grant revenue.

The actual General Fund expenditures totaling \$18,691,664 were \$213,542 or 1.1% more than the final budget. Unbudgeted expenses related to developer agreements and pass through grant expenses account for the majority of the over budget amount.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2008 totaled \$47,875,096 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvement other than buildings, machinery/equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total change in the City's investment in capital assets was a decrease of \$13,644 with depreciable capital assets increasing \$922,440, construction in progress increasing \$855,250 and offset by depreciation of \$1,791,334.

Capital Assets

City of Clayton Capital Assets (Net of depreciation)

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type	Total Primary			
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Government			
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007		
Land	\$ 1,320,981	\$ 1,320,981	\$ 1,642,361	\$ 1,642,361	\$ 2,963,342	\$ 2,963,342		
Buildings	13,321,669	13,730,917	11,233,010	11,544,222	24,554,679	25,275,139		
Improvements other than buildings	430,157	187,115	27,445	28,955	457,602	216,070		
Machinery/Equipment	2,304,677	2,239,180	82,316	83,539	2,386,993	2,322,719		
Infrastructure	16,544,601	16,998,841	_	_	16,544,601	16,998,841		
Construction in progress	967,879	112,629	_	_	967,879	112,629		
Total	\$ 34,889,964	\$ 34,589,663	\$ 12,985,132	\$ 13,299,077	\$ 47,875,096	\$ 47,888,740		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the Financial Statements, page 36 of this report.

Long-term Debt

The City had government-wide debt outstanding of \$26,751,341 (excluding the deferred amount on refunding of \$509,470 and premiums of \$66,550) at the end of the current fiscal year. \$4,885,000 is general obligation debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City, \$20,150,000 is special obligation debt and \$1,716,341 is a note payable paid for from annual appropriations and special assessment fees.

City of Clayton's Outstanding Debt

	Govern	mental	Busine	ss-Type	Total Primary				
	Activ	vities	Activ	vities	Government				
	2008	2007	2008	2007	2008	2007			
Series 1999	\$ 4,885,000	\$ 5,760,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4,885,000	\$ 5,760,000			
Series 2002	_	7,375,000	_	_	_	7,375,000			
Series 2005	9,935,000	10,645,000	2,040,000	2,240,000	11,975,000	12,885,000			
Series 2007	8,175,000	_	_	_	8,175,000	_			
Capital Lease	_	4,154	_	_	_	4,154			
Note Payable	_	_	1,716,341	1,846,341	1,716,341	1,846,341			
·									
Total	\$ 22,995,000	\$ 23,784,154	\$ 3,756,341	\$ 4,086,341	\$ 26,751,341	\$ 27,870,495			

Management's Discussion And Analysis (Continued)

The City's total debt decreased by \$1,119,154 during the current fiscal year. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the Financial Statements, page 38.

The Outlook for Next Year

The City's reliance on operating revenue is spread among three major revenue sources, property tax, sales tax and utility tax and is projected to have minimal growth.

A slight property tax revenue increase is due to new construction being added. Sales tax is projected to be flat and utility tax is expected to increase 3%. The City plans to spend down the General Fund balances to the minimum 25% policy level over the next several years.

The near future will see a continuing need to evaluate funding policies in order to maintain services at the current level. Overall, the economic outlook for the City of Clayton is optimistic. This optimism includes maintaining the current high level of service to residents by addressing the funding needs of the community as needed.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Clayton, Missouri's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, City of Clayton, Missouri, 10 N. Bemiston Avenue, Clayton, MO 63105.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2008

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activity	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,702,198	\$ 653,143	\$ 2,355,341
Investments	18,722,317		28,429,250
Accounts receivable	684,638		704,144
Property taxes receivable	165,455		165,455
Intergovernmental receivable	1,743,764		1,743,764
Special assessments receivable	382,357		382,357
Other receivables	25,723		25,723
Interest receivable	62,671		100,719
Prepaid expenses	102,859	*	102,859
Bond issue costs, net	162,608		173,102
Net pension asset	274,627		274,627
Cash - restricted	28,813		49,785
Investments - restricted	2,166,142		2,410,670
Capital assets:	, ,	,	, ,
Land and construction in progress	2,288,860	1,642,361	3,931,221
Other capital assets, net	32,601,104		43,943,875
Total Assets	61,114,136		84,792,892
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	739,541		852,712
Retainage payable	104,356		104,356
Accrued interest payable	297,880		360,382
Accrued liabilities	566,818	10,566	577,384
Unearned revenues	370,786		370,786
Deposits	390,661	6,571	397,232
Net pension obligation	561,723	_	561,723
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Due within one year	2,607,071	348,064	2,955,135
Due in more than one year	20,372,204		23,618,421
Total Liabilities	26,011,040	3,787,091	29,798,131
Net Assets			
	12,335,368	9,404,409	21,739,777
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted for:	12,000,000	9,404,409	41,109,111
	9 150 407	005 500	2 415 007
Debt service	3,150,407		3,415,907
Special taxing district	230,983		230,983
Sewer lateral projects	255,186		255,186
Unrestricted	19,131,152	10,221,756	29,352,908
Total Net Assets	\$ 35,103,096	\$ 19,891,665	\$ 54,994,761

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

Net Revenues (Expenses)

				Progra	am Revenues			And Changes In Net Assets			ets	
	_				Operating		Capital				Business-	
		C	harges For	C	rants And	\mathbf{Gr}	ants And	Go	vernmental		Type	
Functions	Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Conti	ibutions		Activities		Activity	Total
Governmental Activities												
General government	\$ 5,286,324	\$	867,722	\$	_	\$	_	\$	(4,418,602)	\$	_	\$ (4,418,602)
Public safety	8,495,262		1,286,279		272,673		_		(6,936,310)		_	(6,936,310)
Streets and highways	5,411,338		187,215		954,885		569,600		(3,699,638)		_	(3,699,638)
Parks and recreation	2,079,965		824,989		42,763		_		(1,212,213)		_	(1,212,213)
Community development	173,316		1,398,448		_		_		1,225,132		_	1,225,132
Interest on long-term debt	963,747		_		_				(963,747)		_	(963,747)
Total Governmental Activities	22,409,952		4,564,653		1,270,321		569,600		(16,005,378)		_	(16,005,378)
Business-Type Activity												
Parking facility	1,210,118		1,420,803								210,685	210,685
Total Primary Government	\$ 23,620,070	\$	5,985,456	\$	1,270,321	\$	569,600		(16,005,378)		210,685	(15,794,693)
	General Revenu	es										
	Taxes:											
	Property								6,643,277		_	6,643,277
	Sales								6,043,834		_	6,043,834
	Utility								5,701,276		_	5,701,276
	Other								556,272		_	556,272
	Investment inco	me							771,380		427,878	1,199,258
	Miscellaneous								1,022,818		_	1,022,818
	Transfers								754,000		(754,000)	_
	Total Gene	eral R	evenues And	Transf	ers		•		21,492,857		(326,122)	21,166,735
	Change In Net A	ssets							5,487,479		(115,437)	5,372,042
	Net Assets - Beg	inning	g Of Year						29,615,617		20,007,102	49,622,719
	Net Assets - End	Of Ye	ear				<u>-</u>	\$	35,103,096	\$	19,891,665	\$ 54,994,761

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2008

				Revolving							
			Public Equipment				Other	Total			
	General		Im	provement	Rep	lacements	Go	vernmental	Governmenta		
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds	
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	694,808	\$	233,667	\$	85,100	\$	526,456	\$	1,540,031	
Investments		11,304,830		2,743,519		2,518,161		1,761,306		18,327,816	
Accounts receivable		640,594		_		_		44,044		684,638	
Property taxes receivable		140,425		_		_		25,030		165,455	
Intergovernmental receivable		$774,\!564$		774,200		_		195,000		1,743,764	
Special assessments receivable		_		$222,\!887$		_		159,470		382,357	
Other receivables		_		25,723		_		_		25,723	
Interest receivable		14,506		9,758		24,609		13,666		62,539	
Cash - restricted		_		_		_		28,813		28,813	
Investments - restricted								2,166,142		2,166,142	
Total Assets	\$	13,569,727	\$	4,009,754	\$	2,627,870	\$	4,919,927	\$	25,127,278	
Liabilities And Fund Balances Liabilities											
Accounts payable	\$	309,879	\$	333,979	\$	_	\$	90,673	\$	734,531	
Accrued liabilities		563,020		_		_		3,798		566,818	
Unearned revenue		370,786		_		_		_		370,786	
Deferred tax revenue		88,168		222,887		_		176,198		487,253	
Deposits		370,661		20,000		_				390,661	
Total Liabilities		1,702,514		576,866				270,669		2,550,049	
Fund Balances											
Fund Balances:											
Reserved for:											
Encumbrances		50,748		1,074,715		76,455		446		1,202,364	
Debt service		_		_		_		3,150,407		3,150,407	
Unreserved:											
General fund		11,816,465		_		_		_		11,816,465	
Special revenue funds		_		_		_		559,631		559,631	
Capital projects funds				2,358,173		2,551,415		938,774		5,848,362	
Total Fund Balances		11,867,213		3,432,888		2,627,870		4,649,258		22,577,229	
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$	13,569,727	\$	4,009,754	\$	2,627,870	\$	4,919,927	\$	25,127,278	

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2008

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 22,577,229
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$49,495,609 and the accumulated depreciation is \$14,605,645.	34,889,964
Net pension asset is not a financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.	274,627
Property taxes assessed by the City, but not collected within 60 days after fiscal year end, are deferred within the fund financial statements. However, revenue for this amount is recognized in the government-wide statements. Likewise, assessments on certain properties are deferred within the fund financial statements until collected, but are recognized as revenue in the year of assessment in the government-wide statements.	487,253
The Internal Service Fund is used by the City to charge for services provided for insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	654,649
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	
Accrued interest payable	(297,880)
Retainage payable	(104,356)
Net pension obligation Compensated absences	561,723 (262,071)
Bonds payable	(202,071) $(22,717,204)$
Unamortized issuance costs	 162,608
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities	\$ 36,226,542

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

		Revolving			
		Public	Equipment	Other	Total
		Improvement	Replacements	Governmental	Governmental
	General	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues					
General property taxes	\$ 5,396,675	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,296,397	\$ 6,693,072
Assessment income	_	53,356	_	123,780	177,136
Licenses and permits	1,644,961	_	_	_	1,644,961
Public utility licenses	5,697,656	3,620	_	_	5,701,276
Intergovernmental	4,189,939	2,785,971	_	1,514,958	8,490,868
Community programs	1,281,421	_	_	_	1,281,421
Fines and forfeitures	1,104,800	_	_	84,798	1,189,598
Investment income	433,063	96,344	92,491	149,482	771,380
Miscellaneous	1,207,537	50,484	1,086	90,399	1,349,506
Total Revenues	20,956,052	2,989,775	93,577	3,259,814	27,299,218
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	4,751,225	_	_	1,463	4,752,688
Public safety	8,352,863	_	_	9,503	8,362,366
Streets and highways	3,822,033	_	_		3,822,033
Parks and recreation	1,839,134	_	_	_	1,839,134
Community development	1,000,101	_	_	173,316	173,316
Capital outlay	_	1,458,521	544,400	582,486	2,585,407
Debt service:		1,400,021	011,100	902,400	2,000,407
Principal		_	_	8,960,000	8,960,000
Interest and fiscal charges				894,912	894,912
Bond issuance costs	_	_	_	76,239	76,239
Total Expenditures	18,765,255	1,458,521	544,400	10,697,919	31,466,095
Total Expenditures	10,700,200	1,400,021	044,400	10,007,010	51,400,030
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,190,797	1,531,254	(450,823)	(7,438,105)	(4,166,877)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	_	115,000	378,916	1,809,163	2,303,079
Transfers out	_	(463,190)	_	(1,085,889)	(1,549,079)
Sale of capital assets	_	=	36,783	_	36,783
Issuance of refunding debt	_	_	_	8,175,000	8,175,000
Premium on issuance of debt	_	_	_	73,266	73,266
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)		(348,190)	415,699	8,971,540	9,039,049
Net Change In Fund Balances	2,190,797	1,183,064	(35,124)	1,533,435	4,872,172
Fund Balances - Beginning Of Year	9,676,416	2,249,824	2,662,994	3,115,823	17,705,057
Fund Balances - End Of Year	\$ 11,867,213	\$ 3,432,888	\$ 2,627,870	\$ 4,649,258	\$ 22,577,229

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

Net Change In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$	4	4,872,172
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Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlays of \$1,752,014 over the capitalization threshold exceeded depreciation of \$1,456,390 in the current period.

295,624

In the statement of activities, a loss on disposal of capital assets is reported. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on disposal of capital assets; only the proceeds from sales of capital assets are reported.

(99,679)

Property tax revenues received prior to the year for which they were levied are reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities. Deferred property tax revenues decreased this fiscal year by \$90,130. Assessment income is deferred in the fund financial statements until the assessments are collected. However, assessment income is recorded in the year of the assessment in the statement of activities. Deferred assessments decreased this fiscal year by \$65,657.

(155,787)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Principal payments on capital leases	4,154
Repayment of bond principal	8,960,000
Proceeds from bond refunding	(8,175,000)
Bond issue costs	76,239
Proceeds from premium on bonds	(73,266)
Amortization of premium, issuance costs, and deferred amount on refunding	(52,083)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued interest on bonds	(16,752)
Compensated absences	(13,453)
Not nongion liabilities	(164 656)

The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities in the statement of activities.

29,966

Change In Net Assets Of Governmental Activities

\$ 5,487,479

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2008

Curnet Assets Cash and cash equivalents \$ 653,143 \$ 162,167 Investments 9,706,933 394,501 Accounts receivable 19,506 38,408 132 Prepsid expenses - 102,859 102,859 Total Current Assets 10,17,630 659,659 Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets: - 11,342,771 - 6 Capital Assets 11,342,771 - 6 Total Capital Assets 12,985,132 - 7 Total Capital Assets 20,972 - 6 Cash 20,972 - 6 Investments 244,528 - 6 Total Restricted Assets 265,500 - 6 Total Restricted Assets 23,678,756 659,659 Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable 62,502 - 6 Accounts payable 62,502 - 6 Accounts payable 62,502 - 6 Accounts payable 6,571 - 6 <td< th=""><th></th><th>Business-Type Activity - Parking Facilities Enterprise Fund</th><th>Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund</th></td<>		Business-Type Activity - Parking Facilities Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Cash and cash equivalents \$ 63,143 \$ 162,167 Investments 9,706,933 394,501 Accounts receivable 19,506 — Interest receivable 38,048 132 Prepaid expenses — 102,859 Total Current Assets 10,417,630 659,659 Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets — — Capital Assets 11,342,771 — Other capital Assets 12,955,132 — Restricted Assets 20,972 — Cash 20,972 — Investments 244,528 — Total Restricted Assets 226,500 — Total Restricted Assets 13,261,126 — Total Noncurrent Assets 13,261,126 — Total Noncurrent Assets 13,261,126 — Liabilities 113,171 5,010 Accrued inbilities 62,502 — Accrued inbilities 6,571 — Deposits 6,571 —	Assets		
Noncurrent Assets 9,706,931 394,501 Accounts receivable 19,506 — 102,858 Prepaid expenses — 102,858 Total Current Assets 10,417,630 659,659 Noncurrent Assets	Current Assets		
Noncurrent Assets 9,706,931 394,501 Accounts receivable 19,506 — 102,858 Prepaid expenses — 102,858 Total Current Assets 10,417,630 659,659 Noncurrent Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 653,143	\$ 162,167
Interest receivable 38,048 132 Prepaid expenses - 102,850 Total Current Assets 10,417,630 659,659 Noncurrent Assets		9,706,933	
Prepaid expenses — 102,859 Total Current Assets 10,417,630 659,659 Noncurrent Assets 30,000 30,00	Accounts receivable	19,506	_
Total Current Assets Capital Assets: 1,642,361 — Other capital assets, net 11,342,771 — Total Capital Assets 12,985,132 — Restricted Assets: 20,972 — Investments 244,528 — Total Restricted Assets 265,500 — Bond issue costs 10,494 — Total Noncurrent Assets 13,261,126 — Total Assets 23,678,756 659,659 Liabilities Current Liabilities — Current Liabilities 62,502 — Accounts payable 113,171 5,010 Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Notes payable 1,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities<	Interest receivable	38,048	132
Noncurrent Assets Capital Assets: Land 1,642,361 — Other capital assets, net 11,342,771 — Total Capital Assets 12,985,132 — Restricted Assets: 20,972 —	Prepaid expenses	_	102,859
Capital Assets: 1,642,361 — Other capital assets, net 11,342,771 — Total Capital Assets 12,985,132 — Restricted Assets: 20,972 — Investments 244,528 — Total Restricted Assets 265,500 — Bond issue costs 10,494 — Total Noncurrent Assets 13,261,126 — Total Assets 23,678,756 659,659 Liabilities 113,171 5,010 Accounts payable 62,502 — Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Deposits 6,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable b - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Sets 1 — Invested in	Total Current Assets	10,417,630	659,659
Land Other capital assets, net Other capital assets net 11,342,771 — Other capital Assets — Other capital Ass	Noncurrent Assets		
Other capital assets, net 11,342,771 — Total Capital Assets 12,985,132 — Restricted Assets: 20,972 — Linvestments 244,528 — Total Restricted Assets 265,500 — Bond issue costs 10,494 — Total Noncurrent Assets 13,261,126 — Total Assets 23,678,756 659,659 Liabilities 2 — Current Liabilities 113,171 5,010 Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued interest payable 65,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217	Capital Assets:		
Total Capital Assets Restricted Assets: 20,972 — Cash 244,528 — Total Restricted Assets 265,500 — Bond issue costs 10,494 — Total Noncurrent Assets 13,261,126 — Total Assets 23,678,756 659,659 Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable 113,171 5,010 Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued interest payable 65,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 205,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of relate		1,642,361	_
Restricted Assets: 20,972 — Investments 244,528 — Total Restricted Assets 265,500 — Bond issue costs 10,494 — Total Noncurrent Assets 13,261,126 — Total Assets 23,678,756 659,659 Liabilities Section of the contract of the cont	Other capital assets, net	11,342,771	_
Cash 20,972 — Investments 244,528 — Total Restricted Assets 265,500 — Bond issue costs 10,494 — Total Noncurrent Assets 13,261,126 — Total Assets 23,678,756 659,659 Liabilities Section of Contract Con	Total Capital Assets	12,985,132	
Investments 244,528 — Total Restricted Assets 265,500 — Bond issue costs 10,494 — Total Noncurrent Assets 13,261,126 — Total Assets 23,678,756 659,659 Liabilities Second Se	Restricted Assets:		
Total Restricted Assets 265,500	Cash	20,972	_
Bond issue costs 10,494 — Total Noncurrent Assets 13,261,126 — Total Assets 23,678,756 659,659 Liabilities Current Liabilities 3,010 — Accounts payable 62,502 — Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued liabilities 10,566 — Deposits 6,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649 </td <td>Investments</td> <td>244,528</td> <td>_</td>	Investments	244,528	_
Total Noncurrent Assets 13,261,126 — Total Assets 23,678,756 659,659 Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable 113,171 5,010 Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued liabilities 10,566 — Deposits 6,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,576,341 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Total Restricted Assets	265,500	
Total Noncurrent Assets 13,261,126 — Total Assets 23,678,756 659,659 Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable 113,171 5,010 Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued liabilities 10,566 — Deposits 6,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,576,341 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Pand issue easts	10.404	
Total Assets 23,678,756 659,659 Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounts payable 113,171 5,010 Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued liabilities 10,566 — Deposits 6,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649			<u>_</u>
Liabilities Current Liabilities Accounds payable 113,171 5,010 Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued liabilities 10,566 — Deposits 6,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,576,341 — Bonds payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649			
Current Liabilities Accounts payable 113,171 5,010 Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued liabilities 10,566 — Deposits 6,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Total Assets	23,678,756	659,659
Accounts payable 113,171 5,010 Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued liabilities 10,566 — Deposits 6,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Liabilities		
Accrued interest payable 62,502 — Accrued liabilities 10,566 — Deposits 6,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Current Liabilities		
Accrued liabilities 10,566 — Deposits 6,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Accounts payable	113,171	5,010
Deposits 6,571 — Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 1,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Accrued interest payable	62,502	_
Accrued compensated absences 3,064 — Bonds payable - current 140,000 — Notes payable - current 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities Bonds payable 1,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Accrued liabilities	10,566	_
Bonds payable - current 205,000 — Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities - - Bonds payable 1,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Deposits	6,571	_
Notes payable - current 140,000 — Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities 3,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Accrued compensated absences	3,064	_
Total Current Liabilities 540,874 5,010 Noncurrent Liabilities - - Bonds payable 1,669,876 - Notes payable 1,576,341 - Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 - Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets - - Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 - Restricted for debt service 265,500 - Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Bonds payable - current	205,000	_
Noncurrent Liabilities Bonds payable 1,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Notes payable - current	140,000	
Bonds payable 1,669,876 — Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Total Current Liabilities	540,874	5,010
Notes payable 1,576,341 — Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Noncurrent Liabilities		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities 3,246,217 — Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Successful Section of Telated debt of Telated debt of Telated debt of Telated for debt service of Telated debt of Te	Bonds payable	1,669,876	_
Total Liabilities 3,787,091 5,010 Net Assets Section of related debt of related debt of related debt of related debt of related for debt service of related debt of related for debt service of related debt of	Notes payable	1,576,341	_
Net Assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 9,404,409 — Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649	Total Noncurrent Liabilities	3,246,217	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt9,404,409—Restricted for debt service265,500—Unrestricted10,221,756654,649	Total Liabilities	3,787,091	5,010
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt9,404,409—Restricted for debt service265,500—Unrestricted10,221,756654,649	Net Assets		
Restricted for debt service 265,500 — Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649		9,404,409	_
Unrestricted 10,221,756 654,649			_
Total Net Assets \$ 19,891,665 \$ 654,649		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	654,649
	Total Net Assets	\$ 19,891,665	\$ 654,649

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

	Business-Type Activity - Parking Facilities Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund
Operating Revenues		
St. Louis parking systems	\$ 402,336	\$ —
Parking lot revenue	112,699	_
Parking meter revenue	905,768	_
Participant contributions	_	216,335
Employer contributions		1,658,827
Total Operating Revenues	1,420,803	1,875,162
Operating Expenses		
Personnel services	268,023	_
Contractual services	411,093	1,868,327
Commodities	28,174	_
Depreciation	334,944	_
Insurance and fringe benefits	40,000	
Total Operating Expenses	1,082,234	1,868,327
Operating Income	338,569	6,835
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)		
Investment income	427,878	14,552
Interest expense	(127,884)	· —
Miscellaneous income	(1 -1 ,001)	8,579
Total Nonoperating Revenue	299,994	23,131
Income Before Transfers	638,563	29,966
Transfers		
Transfers out	(754,000)	_
Change In Net Assets	(115,437)	29,966
Net Assets - Beginning Of Year	20,007,102	624,683
Net Assets - End Of Year	\$ 19,891,665	\$ 654,649

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

	Parking	ness-Type Activity - Facilities orise Fund	A	ernmental Activities - Internal vice Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				_
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,450,787	\$	_
Receipts from interfund services provided		(200 010)		1,883,836
Payments to suppliers		(366,610)		_
Payments to employees Payments for interfund services used		(265,446)		(1 967 779)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		818,731		(1,867,772) 16,064
Net Cash I Tovided By Operating Activities		010,701		10,004
Cash Flows From Noncapital And Related Financing Activities				
Transfers to other funds		(754,000)		_
Due to other funds		(306, 824)		
Net Cash Used In Noncapital And Related Financing Activities		(1,060,824)		
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets		(20,999)		
Principal payments on note payable		(130,000)		_
Principal payments on special obligation capital improvement bonds		(200,000)		_
Interest payments on special obligation capital improvement bonds and note payable		(105,963)		_
Net Cash Used In Capital And Related Financing Activities		(456,962)		_
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Interest received on investments		$427,\!277$		14,420
Purchase of investments		(18,995,685)		(394,501)
Sales of investments		17,106,874		(200,004)
Net Cash Used In Investing Activities		(1,461,534)		(380,081)
Net Decrease In Cash And Cash Equivalents		(2,160,589)		(364,017)
Cash And Cash Equivalents - Beginning Of Year		2,834,704		526,184
Cash And Cash Equivalents - End Of Year	\$	674,115	\$	162,167
Reconciliation Of Operating Income To Net Cash				
Provided By Operating Activities				
Operating income	\$	338,569	\$	6,835
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by				
operating activities:				
Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue		_		8,579
Depreciation		334,944		_
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable		29,984		95
Prepaid expenses		_		3,092
Increase (decrease) in:				
Accounts payable		111,011		(2,537)
Accrued liabilities		2,577		_
Deposits		1,646		
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	818,731	\$	16,064
Supplemental Disclosure Of Cash Flow Information				
Noncash activities:				
Amortization of deferred amount on refunding	\$	25,404	\$	_
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		63,915		

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2008

	Pension Trust
	Funds_
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 791,012
Investments:	
U.S. government and agency securities	$4,\!252,\!174$
Foreign bonds	250,341
Common stocks	1,980,775
Corporate bonds	3,542,093
Taxable municipal obligations	617,547
Mutual funds	17,807,156
Property funds	3,771,629
Interest receivable	95,112
Total Assets	33,107,839
Net Assets	
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 33,107,839

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

	-	Pension Trust Funds
Additions		
Contributions:		
Participant contributions	\$	227,153
Employer contributions		733,009
Total Contributions		960,162
Investment Loss:		
Net depreciation in fair value of investments		
and interest and dividends	(4	4,364,163)
Investment expenses		(189,720)
Total Investment Loss	(4	4,553,883)
Total Additions	(8	3,593,721)
Deductions		
Benefits paid	1	1,325,205
Change In Net Assets	(4	4,918,926)
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - Beginning Of Year	38	3,026,765
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - End Of Year	\$ 33	3,107,839

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2008

1. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Clayton, Missouri (the City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governments. The more significant of the City's accounting and reporting policies and practices are described below.

Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the City include the financial activities of the City and its component units. The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity are based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* (GASB 14), as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units – an amendment of GASB 14*. The requirements for inclusion as a component unit are based primarily upon whether the City is considered financially accountable for the potential component unit. The City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of a potential component unit's governing body and is able to impose its will on that potential component unit, or because the potential component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the City. The City does not have any component units.

Basis Of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements to minimize the duplication of internal activities, with the exception of interfund services provided and used. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, unrestricted interest earnings and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Following the government-wide financial statements are separate financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All other governmental funds are reported in one column labeled "Other Governmental Funds." The total fund balances for all governmental funds is reconciled to total net assets for governmental activities as shown on the statement of net assets. The net change in fund balance for all governmental funds is reconciled to the total change in net assets as shown on the statement of activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with self-balancing accounts. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. There are two categories of funds used by the City, governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Fund

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary fund) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of and changes in financial position rather than upon net income. The following are the City's governmental major funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Revolving Public Improvement Fund - The Revolving Public Improvement Fund is a capital projects fund used to monitor the funding of special infrastructure improvements throughout the City. Revenues derived by this fund include a half-cent capital improvement sales tax, road and bridge taxes, and certain special assessment taxes.

Equipment Replacement Fund - The Equipment Replacement Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for funds set aside for capital asset replacement.

The other governmental funds of the City are considered nonmajor. They include special revenue funds, which account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes, debt service funds that account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term debt, and capital project funds that account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities.

Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on the determination of net income and capital maintenance. The City has the following proprietary fund types:

Enterprise Fund - The enterprise fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis is to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City's enterprise fund is the Parking Facilities Fund, which is used to account for the operations of the City-owned parking facilities. City ordinances provide for the transfer of funds from the Parking Facilities Fund to other funds.

Internal Service Fund – Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City. The City's internal service fund is used to account for health, dental, life, liability, property, long-term disability and workers' compensation insurance services provided to other departments of the City. Charges for services are allocated to various City departments on a cost recovery basis.

The City applies all applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), issued on or before November 30, 1989, in accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) guidance as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Fiduciary Fund Type - Pension Trust Funds - Pension Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The Pension Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds.

Measurement Focus And Basis Of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be measurable and available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due (i.e. matured).

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation.

The principal operating revenues of the Parking Facilities Fund and of the City's Internal Service Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Parking Facilities Fund and Internal Service Fund include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash, Cash Equivalents And Investments

The City considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. State statutes and City policy authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or any agency thereof, time deposit certificates, and repurchase agreements. The Pension Trust Funds are also authorized to invest in corporate common or preferred stocks, bonds and mortgages, real or personal property, and other evidence of indebtedness or ownership (excluding any debt of the City itself), and individual insurance policies.

Investments that have a maturity date of less than one year at the time of purchase are carried at cost or amortized cost because of their short-term maturities. Investments that have a maturity date of greater than one year at the time of purchase are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market prices.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for the repayment of special obligation bonds and general obligation bonds are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable represents the residents' portion of curb and sidewalk improvements which have been completed and billed. The City's portion of such improvements is expended as incurred. At the time of the levy, special assessments receivable in the amount of the levy and deferred revenue equal to the amount that is not currently available are recognized in the fund that provides the resources.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment and infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 for general capital assets and \$100,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life is not capitalized.

Depreciation is being computed on the straight-line method, using asset lives as follows:

Asset	Years
Building	15 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	5 - 20
Machinery and equipment	3 - 15
Infrastructure	30 - 50

Compensated Absences

Under terms of the City's personnel policy, employees are granted vacation time based on length of service. Vacation is granted at the beginning of the calendar year. A maximum of 80 hours may be carried over to a subsequent calendar year. Upon termination, the employee is paid for unused vacation. Sick leave is accumulated based upon length of service and is available only to provide compensation during periods of illness. Upon termination, and only if the employee is vested, the employee is paid \$1 for each hour of sick leave balance. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if the amounts due at year end have matured.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Amount On Refunding

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, the deferred amount on refunding is recorded as an adjustment to the debt obligation. The deferred amount on refunding is computed as the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, which would include any unamortized bond issuance costs. This deferred amount on refunding is amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the bonds using the straight-line method, since results of the straight-line method are not materially different from the effective interest method.

The deferred amount on refunding is not recorded in the governmental fund financial statements.

Net Assets

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net assets are displayed in three components as follows:

Invested In Capital Assets, Net Of Related Debt - This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

Restricted - This consists of net assets that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Reserved Fund Balance

Reserved fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that is not available for subsequent year appropriations or is legally segregated for a specific future use.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Interfund Transactions

Transfers of resources from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended are recorded as transfers. Such transfers are reported as other financing sources (uses) in the governmental funds and transfers in (out) in the proprietary funds.

Transactions between the City's various funds are accounted for as revenues and expenditures or expenses in the funds involved if they are similar to transactions with organizations external to City government.

Activity between funds that is representative of borrowing/lending arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/due from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

In the process of aggregating data for the statement of net assets and the statement of activities some amounts reported on interfund activity and balances in the funds have been eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied in September of each year based on the assessed value as of the prior January 1 for all real and personal property located in the City. The City tax rate was levied at \$0.691 for residential property, \$0.761 for commercial property and \$0.832 for personal property per \$100 of assessed valuation. Included in each rate is the debt service rate of \$0.125. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 and are due upon receipt of billing and become delinquent after December 31.

All property tax assessment, billing, and collection functions are handled by the St. Louis County government. Taxes collected are remitted to the City by the St. Louis County Collector (the County Collector) in the month subsequent to the actual collection date. Taxes held by the County Collector, if any, are included in property taxes receivable in the accompanying fund financial statements.

Use Of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principals requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Deposits And Investments

The City, in accordance with its investment policy, takes a conservative, "prudent person" approach to its investment purchases and management. The focus of the City's policy is to invest public funds in safe and secure investments with sufficient liquidity to enable the City to meet the cash flow demands of operations, while obtaining the best rate of return. The City also has two pension trust funds, the City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund and the Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund. Each fund has a separate investment policy with similar objectives.

A summary of deposits and investments as of September 30, 2008 is as follows:

		Cost		Fair Value
Governmental Activities				
Cash and temporary investment	\$	1,721,976	\$	1,727,269
Money market funds (checking)		3,742		3,742
Certificates of deposit		20,728,204		20,888,459
	\$	22,453,922	\$	99 610 470
	φ	22,400,922	φ	22,619,470
Business-Type Activity – Enterprise Fund				
Cash and temporary investment	\$	674,115	\$	674,115
Certificates of deposit		9,904,735		9,951,461
	\$	10,578,850	\$	10,625,576
D . W . E .				
Pension Trust Funds				
Cash and temporary investments	\$	791,012	\$	791,012
Mutual funds		16,085,539		17,807,156
Property funds		3,735,296		3,771,629
U.S. Treasuries		599,518		645,423
U.S. Agencies		3,566,823		3,606,751
Common stocks		2,134,598		1,980,775
Corporate bonds		3,866,768		3,542,093
Taxable municipal obligations		612,360		617,547
Foreign bonds		242,717		250,341
n	\$	31,634,631	\$	33,012,727

Investment Policy

Governmental And Business-Type Activities

The objectives of the City's investment policy as adopted by the Board of Aldermen are the following:

<u>Legality</u>: Every investment shall be made in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local statutory provisions.

<u>Safety</u>: Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital.

<u>Liquidity</u>: The City's investment portfolio must remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated.

<u>Return on Investment</u>: The City's investment portfolio shall be managed with the objective of obtaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's investment risk constraints and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio.

These objectives support the City's conservative and prudent approach to investment management. The policy also addresses qualified institutions, appropriate investments, collateralization, safekeeping, institutional diversification of the portfolio, maximum maturities, performance standards and reporting requirements.

Pension Trust Funds

Uniformed Employee Retirement Fund (UERF) And Non-Uniformed Employee Retirement Fund (NUERF)

The investment policy for both of the City's pension trust funds as adopted by each separate entity states that the primary fiduciary responsibility of the pension boards is to:

- 1) Ensure that the assets of the plans are responsibly and prudently managed in accordance with the actuarial needs of the plans while adhering to the sound and accepted financial investment procedures.
- 2) Diversify the portfolio to help ensure that adverse or unexpected activity will not have an excessively detrimental impact on the entire portfolio. Investment management will be delegated to external professional organizations for the sole benefit of the membership and their beneficiaries for the purpose of providing a retirement benefit.

Performance objectives, asset allocation guidelines and permissible investments are outlined in each policy. The Plans' total returns are expected to provide results, using a three-year moving average, of an absolute return equal or superior to each Plan's actuarial assumed rate of return.

The plans invest in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that material changes in the values of investment securities could occur.

Investment Types And Maturities

Governmental And Business-Type Activities

The City's investment policy governs all investment activity, except investments in the pension trust funds. The City's policy limits investments to bonds, bills or notes of the United States or an agency thereof; negotiable or non-negotiable certificates of deposit, savings accounts and other interest-earning deposit accounts of authorized financial institutions; or, repurchase agreements (with acceptable collateral in an amount greater than the amount of the repurchase agreement including accrued interest) through approved financial institutions with a previously signed Master Repurchase Agreement. In accordance with its policy, the City tries to maintain a high level of liquidity to allow the City to meet its operating requirements. The City will not invest in securities maturing more than three years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific cash flow.

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

At September 30, 2008, the general government and business-type activities portfolios had investments only in discounted or collateralized certificates of deposits.

Pension Trust Funds

The Uniformed Employee Retirement Fund and Non-Uniformed Employee Retirement Fund investment portfolios had the following investments and maturities at September 30, 2008:

		Inve	ears)			
		Less				More
Investment Type	Fair Value	Than 1	1	- 5	6 - 10	Than 10
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 645,423	\$ _	\$ 128,9	935	\$ —	\$ 516,488
U.S. Agencies	3,606,751	715	739,9	915	588,798	2,277,323
Corporate bonds	3,542,093	_	1,177,0	010	1,026,878	1,338,205
Taxable municipal obligations	617,547	145,934	365,0)57	60,968	45,588
Fixed income - mutual funds	2,749,396		2,749,3	396		_
Foreign bonds	250,341		44,8	809	205,532	
	\$ 11,411,551	\$ 146,649	\$ 5,205,1	122	\$ 1,882,176	\$ 4,177,604

Credit Risk

Governmental And Business-Type Activities

The City's investment policy does not address credit quality standards. The City has an unrated money market account that is covered by excess deposit insurance for amounts above the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC).

Pension Trust Funds

The investment policies of the pension funds do not address credit quality standards. The following table reflects the credit ratings for the two retirement plans associated with the securities invested in the pension trust funds as of September 30, 2008, excluding obligations of the United States government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the United States government.

	S&P	Fair Value
U.S. Agencies	AAA	\$ 3,606,751
Corporate Bonds	AAA	1,480,535
Corporate Bonds	AA	450,901
Corporate Bonds	A	1,098,114
Corporate Bonds	BBB	512,543
Fixed Income - Mutual Funds	Unrated	2,749,396
Taxable Municipal Obligations	AAA	157,028
Taxable Municipal Obligations	AA	460,519
Foreign Bonds	AAA	205,533
Foreign Bonds	A	15,742
Foreign Bonds	BBB	29,066
		\$ 10,766,128

Concentration Of Risk

Governmental And Business-Type Activities

The City will diversify its investments by institution. With the exception of bonds, bills or notes of the United States government or any agency thereof, including authorized pools, it shall be the goal of the City that no more than 80% of the City's government-wide investment portfolio will be invested in a single institution. The City had no investments other than certificates of deposit at September 30, 2008.

Pension Trust Funds

The pension investment policies specify that the investment mix shall be in a range of 55-65% equity securities, 25-35% fixed income securities, and 5-15% real estate. Target allocation for the equity securities is 30% large cap, 15% small cap and 15% international; fixed income 30%; and real estate 10%. The trustees follow these guidelines for all investments while adhering to the list of permissible investments outlined in the policies. The funds in the plans are invested over the long term in keeping with the objective of providing retirement benefits for its members.

At September 30, 2008, the pension plans did not have concentrations with any one issuer greater than 5%.

Custodial Credit Risk

Governmental And Business-Type Activities

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with its policy, the City addresses custodial risk by pre-qualifying institutions with which the City places investments, diversifying the investment portfolio, and maintaining a standard of quality for investments.

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation; by specific eligible securities pledged by the financial institution; by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution; or, by separate insurance. At September 30, 2008, \$37,164 of the City's bank balance was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Pension Trusts

Custodial credit risk in the pension trust funds is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the pension funds will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2008, the City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund has \$8,662,155 in treasuries, agencies, municipal obligations, and corporate and foreign bonds that are held by the counterparty's trust department, but, not in the name of the Uniformed Employee's Retirement Fund.

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity was as follows:

	Balance - October 1, 2007		Additions	Reti	irements	Sep	Balance - otember 30, 2008
Government Activities:			11441110115	1000			2000
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 1,320,981	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,320,981
Construction in process	112,629		967,879		112,629		967,879
Total capital assets not being							
depreciated	1,433,610		967,879		112,629		2,288,860
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	16,345,611		21,425		_		16,367,036
Improvements other than buildings	416,423		282,995		_		699,418
Machinery and equipment	5,711,349		668,258		508,093		5,871,514
Infrastructure	24,240,339		28,442				24,268,781
Total capital assets being depreciated	46,713,722		1,001,120		508,093		47,206,749
I are accomplated depression for							
Less accumulated depreciation for:	0.014.004		490.070				0.045.005
Buildings	2,614,694		430,673		_		3,045,367
Improvements other than buildings	229,308		39,953				269,261
Machinery and equipment	3,472,169		503,082		408,414		3,566,837
Infrastructure	7,241,498		482,682				7,724,180
Total accumulated depreciation	13,557,669		1,456,390		408,414		14,605,645
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	33,156,053		(455,270)		99,679		32,601,104
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 34,589,663	\$	512,609	\$	212,308	\$	34,889,964
Business-Type Activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$ 1,642,361	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,642,361
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Buildings	13,294,550						13,294,550
Improvements other than buildings	78,601		_		_		78,601
Machinery and equipment	220,799		20,999		15,499		226,299
Total capital assets being	220,100		20,000		10,400		220,233
depreciated	13,593,950		20,999		15,499		13,599,450
	-,,		-,				-,,
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Buildings	1,750,328		311,212		_		2,061,540
Improvements other than buildings	49,646		1,510				51,156
Machinery and equipment	137,260		22,222		15,499		143,983
Total accumulated depreciation	1,937,234		334,944		15,499		2,256,679
Total capital assets being							
depreciated, net	11,656,716		(313,945)		_		11,342,771
Business-type activities capital	11,000,110		(010,010)				
assets, net	\$ 13,299,077	\$	(313,945)	\$	_	\$	12,985,132
455000, 1100	Ψ 10,200,011	Ψ	(010,010)	Ψ	_	Ψ	12,000,102

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	For The Year Ended September 30 2008				
Governmental activities:					
General government	\$ 219,730				
Public safety	235,763				
Streets and highways	760,066				
Parks and recreation	240,831				
	\$ 1,456,390				
Business-type activity: Parking operations	\$ 334,944				

4. Restricted Assets

The account balances shown below are restricted in accordance with the 2005A, 2005B and 2007 bond indentures:

	September 30, 2008				
		Actual		Required	
Series 2005A Bond Reserve Account	\$	1,377,754	\$	1,216,500	
Series 2005B Bond Reserve Account		265,500		265,500	
Series 2007 Bond Reserve Account		817,201		817,500	
	\$	2,460,455	\$	2,299,500	

5. Interfund Transactions

Individual interfund transactions are as follows:

		Sept	tember 30,
Transfer In	Transfer Out		2008
2005A Bond Debt Service Fund	Parking Fund	\$	100,000
Revolving Public Improvements Fund	Parking Fund		115,000
Recreation and Storm Water Fund	Parking Fund		539,000
Equipment Replacement Fund	Revolving Public Improvement Fund		378,916
2002 Capital Bond Fund	Revolving Public Improvement Fund		84,274
2005A Bond Debt Service Fund	Recreation and Storm Water Fund		920,000
2002 Capital Bond Fund	Recreation and Storm Water Fund		165,889
		\$	2,303,079
2002 Capital Bond Fund	Recreation and Storm Water Fund	\$	<u> </u>

Interfund transfers were used to 1) move revenues from the fund that ordinance or budget requires to collect them to the fund that ordinance or budget requires to expend them, 2) provide unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance capital improvements and other activities in accordance with budgetary authorization, or 3) move revenues in excess of current year expenditures to other funds.

6. Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities was as follows:

	Balance -			Balance -	Amounts
	October 1,			September 30,	Due Within
	2007	Additions	Reductions	2008	One Year
Governmental Activities	•				_
Special obligation capital					
improvement bonds	\$ 18,020,000	\$ 8,175,000	\$ 8,085,000	\$ 18,110,000	\$ 1,430,000
General obligation bonds	5,760,000	_	875,000	4,885,000	915,000
Capital lease	4,154	_	4,154	_	
	23,784,154	8,175,000	8,964,154	22,995,000	2,345,000
Compensated absences*	248,618	660,092	646,639	262,071	262,071
	\$ 24,032,772	\$ 8,835,092	\$ 9,610,793	23,257,071	\$ 2,607,071
Less: Deferred Amount On Refunding				344,346	
Add: Unamortized Premium On Bonds				66,550	
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities				\$ 22,979,275	

^{*} The liability for compensated absences is generally liquidated by the general fund.

	•	Balance - October 1, 2007	Ad	ditions	Re	ductions	Sep	Balance - tember 30, 2008	Du	Amounts e Within One Year
Business-Type Activity		200.	114	unions	100	<u>auctions</u>		2000		Jile Teur
Special obligation capital										
improvement bonds	\$	2,240,000	\$	_	\$	200,000	\$	2,040,000	\$	205,000
Note payable		1,846,341		_		130,000		1,716,341		140,000
		4,086,341		_		330,000		3,756,341		345,000
Compensated absences**		2,554		16,680		16,170		3,064		3,064
	\$	4,088,895	\$	16,680	\$	346,170		3,759,405	\$	348,064
Less: Deferred Amount								=		
On Refunding								165,124		
Business-Type Activity										
Long-Term Liabilities							\$	3,594,281		

^{**} The liability for compensated absences is generally liquidated by the Parking Facilities Enterprise Fund.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2008, the City issued Special Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007 in the amount \$8,175,000 at an interest rate of 3.75%. The bond proceeds are being used to currently refund \$7,375,000 of the Series 2002 bond issuance with an interest rate of 2.65%. An \$817,500 reserve was established at the time of the bond sale. The net proceeds of \$7,369,478, after payment of \$76,239 of issuance costs, were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the payment of principal and interest of the aforementioned Series 2002 bonds.

As a result of the refunding, the City increased its total debt service requirements by \$1,576,690 which resulted in an economic loss of \$75,141. Premiums of \$73,266 were capitalized and will be amortized over 10 years. The 2002 bonds (\$9,950,000 issue) were originally used to construct a new outdoor pool in Shaw Park, a new Fire Station, to renovate City Hall and pay for issuance costs. Principal is due December 1 and interest is due December 1 and June 1 of each year. Annual debt payments of principal and interest total approximately \$1,060,000 each year through fiscal year 2013 and decrease to \$630,000 each year through fiscal year 2018 with a final payoff totaling \$1,334,000 on December 1, 2018.

Special Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 2005A totaling \$12,165,000, was issued on April 26, 2005 with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.1%. The 2005A bonds were issued to advance refund the 1997 and 1998A bonds (initial issue of \$9,175,000 and \$5,875,000, respectively) that were originally used for the following purposes: to construct a multi purpose recreation center in cooperation with Clayton School District; reconstruct the Shaw Park Ice Rink and Tennis Center; purchase fifty parking spaces in a new St. Louis County parking garage; and private street infrastructure improvements in two subdivisions. Principal is due December 1 and interest is due December 1 and June 1 of each year. Annual debt payments of principal and interest total approximately \$1,090,000 million each year through fiscal year 2016. Final payoff is on December 1, 2017. A \$1,216,500 reserve was established at the time of the bond sale and will be used to pay the final payment on December 1, 2017.

Special Obligation Refunding Taxable Bond, Series 2005B totaling \$2,655,000, was issued on April 26, 2005 with an interest rate of 4.85%. The 2005B bond was issued to advance refund the 1998B bonds (initial issue of \$3,315,000) that were originally used to acquire real estate and construct a parking garage. Principal is due December 1 and interest is due December 1 and June 1 of each year. Annual debt payments of principal and interest total approximately \$305,000 each year through fiscal year 2016. A \$265,500 reserve was established at the time of the bond sale and will be used to pay the final payment on December 1, 2015.

The net issuances for the 2005A and 2005B series of \$14,765,174, after payment of \$152,526 of issuance costs, were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the payment of principal and interest through maturity of the aforementioned coupons on the Series 1997, 1998A, and 1998B bonds. This advance refunding met the requirements of an in-substance defeasance and the obligations related to the aforementioned maturities of the Series 1997, 1998A, and 1998B bonds were removed from the City's government-wide financial statements.

General Obligation Refunding Bond, Series 1999 totaling \$8,410,000 was issued on June 1, 1999 with interest rates ranging from 4.1% to 4.5%. The 1999 bonds were issued to advance refund portions of the 1993 and 1994 bonds (initial issue of \$9,500,000 and \$4,500,000, respectively) that were originally issued for the following purposes: to improve two City parks; to resurface residential streets and sidewalks; improvements to infrastructure in three City subdivisions; building improvements to comply with the American Disabilities Act; perform improvements to curb, sidewalk and traffic signals in the Clayton Central Business District; perform improvements to the City recreational facilities including Shaw Park Pool, Ice Rink and Hanley House; and replacement of the underground tank at the Municipal Garage. Principal is due December 1 and interest is due December 1 and June 1 of each year. Annual debt payments of principal and interest total approximately \$1,100,000 million each year through fiscal year 2013. Final payoff is on December 1, 2012.

In prior years, the City has defeased various bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt has matured and, therefore, the defeased debt was removed as a liability from the City's financial statements. As of September 30, 2008, the amount of prior years' defeased debt outstanding, but removed from the financial statements amounted to \$12,525,000.

The City has an agreement with St. Louis County, Missouri (the County) to pay for a portion of the Shaw Park Parking Garage. The garage was completed in fiscal year 2005 and the City's portion of the garage to be repaid to the County is \$2,764,176. The note bears interest at rates similar to those found in the bonds the County issued, which range from 4.0% to 4.75%. The City commenced payments to the County in fiscal year 2005 of \$19,234 per month continuing through May 2018.

Maturities

Aggregate maturities required on long-term debt for governmental activities are as follows:

	Special Obligation						
For The Year	Capital Improvement Bonds						
Ending September 30,		Principal		Interest		Total	
						_	
2009	\$	1,430,000	\$	657,871	\$	2,087,871	
2010		1,505,000		606,490		2,111,490	
2011		1,585,000		550,446		2,135,446	
2012		1,670,000		491,384		2,161,384	
2013		1,950,000		425,034		2,375,034	
2014-2018		8,660,000		1,225,718		9,885,718	
2019		1,310,000		24,563		1,334,563	
	\$	18,110,000	\$	3,981,506	\$	22,091,506	
	φ	10,110,000	Ψ	0,501,500	φ	44,001,000	

For The Year	 Gene	ıds		
Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest		Total
2009	\$ 915,000	\$ 192,460	\$	1,107,460
2010	950,000	153,058		1,103,058
2011	995,000	111,478		1,106,478
2012	1,040,000	67,205		1,107,205
2013	985,000	22,163		1,007,163
	\$ 4,885,000	\$ 546,364	\$	5,431,364

Aggregate maturities required on long-term debt for business-type activity are as follows:

	Special Obligation					
For The Year		Capita	l Imp	rovement	Bo	nds
Ending September 30,		Principal		Interest		Total
2009	\$	205,000	\$	93,969	\$	298,969
2010		220,000		83,663		303,663
2011		235,000		72,629		307,629
2012		245,000		60,989		305,989
2013		255,000		48,864		303,864
2014-2016		880,000		65,960		945,960
	\$	2,040,000	\$	426,074	\$	2,466,074

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

St. Louis County For The Year Parking Garage Repayment Ending September 30, Principal Interest Total 2009 \$ 140,000 78,725 \$ 218,725 2010 145,000 72,845 217,845 2011 150,000 66,610 216,610 2012 155,000 60,010 215,010 2013165,000 53,035 218,035 2014-2018 961,341 141,650 1,102,990 1,716,341 472,874 \$ 2,189,215

7. Employee Retirement Benefit Plans

The City maintains two single-employer, defined benefit pension plans. The City's total payroll for the year ended September 30, 2008 was \$10,452,270.

City of Clayton Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund Financial Statements

Statement Of Fiduciary Net Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,592
Investments: Mutual funds and property funds		9,180,017
Interest receivable		11,492
Net Assets Held For Pension Benefits	\$	9,210,101
!	Ψ	0,210,101

Statement Of Changes In Fiduciary Net Assets

Additions	\$
Deductions	
Investment loss:	000 150
Net depreciation in fair value of investments and interest and dividends	938,158
Plus: Investment expense	47,941
Total Investment Loss	986,099
Benefits	263,105
Total Deductions	 1,249,204
Change In Net Assets	(1,249,204)
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits, Beginning Of Year	 10,459,305
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits, End Of Year	\$ 9,210,101

Plan Description And Provisions

The City sponsors and administers a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, the City of Clayton Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund (NUERF), which covers substantially all full-time employees not covered under the City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund. The NUERF does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The covered compensation for employees in the NUERF at July 1, 2008 was \$4,477,087. Current membership in the NUERF is as follows:

Group	July 1, 2008
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	26
Vested terminated employees	38
Active employees:	
Fully vested	56
Nonvested	35

Employees become eligible to participate in the NUERF after completion of six months of full-time employment. Employees attaining the age of 60 are entitled to annual benefits of 1.5% for each year of credited service times the average monthly compensation which is equal to the highest five consecutive years out of the last ten. All benefits are vested after 5 years of credited service. The NUERF permits early retirement at the completion of 10 years of credited service and attainment of age 55. The employee receives a retirement benefit, based on age, credited service, and average monthly compensation at early retirement, reduced by .25% for each month that early retirement precedes normal retirement.

If an employee terminates his/her employment and is not eligible for any other benefits under the NUERF, the employee is entitled to the following:

- With less than five years of credited service, a refund of member contributions plus 4% interest.
- With five or more years of credited service, the pension accrued to date of termination, payable commencing at his/her normal retirement date.

Funding Policy

Employees are required to contribute 3% of annual salary to the NUERF. However, contribution requirements have been temporarily suspended since 1991. Investment income currently covers the costs of the NUERF. The City is required by plan ordinance to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The actuarially recommended City contribution is 5.7% of covered compensation. For the plan year ended June 30, 2008, based on an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2007, there was an actuarial required employer contribution of \$140,537.

Annual Pension Cost And Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the NUERF for the current year is as follows:

For The	Net Pension						
Plan	Obligation		Interest On	Adjustment			Net Pension
Year	(Asset)	Annual	Net Pension	To Annual	Annual	Actual	Obligation
Ended	Beginning	Required	Obligation	Required	Pension	Contri-	(Asset)
June 30,	Of Year	Contribution	(Asset)	Contribution	Cost	butions	End Of Year
2008	\$ 393 248	\$ 140.537	\$ 27 527	\$ 43 167	\$ 168.475	¢	\$ 561 723

Three-Year Trend Information

Pension Plan								
For The		Annual		Net	Pension			
Plan Years		Pension	Percentage	ligation				
Ended June 30,		Cost	Contributed		(Asset)			
2008	\$	168,475	— %	\$	561,723			
2007		254,523	— %		393,248			
2006		115,427	— %		138,725			

Funding Status And Funding Progress

As of July 1, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was 100.35% funded. The actuarial accrued liability (AAL) for benefits was \$10,124,715 and the actuarial value of assets was \$10,160,207, resulting in an excess of assets over AAL of \$35,492. The covered payroll was \$4,477,087, and the ratio of the AAL to the covered payroll was 0.79%.

The scheduled funding progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of the plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund Financial Statements

Statement Of Fiduciary Net Assets

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	772,420
Investments:		
U.S. government and agency securities		4,252,174
Foreign bonds		250,341
Common stocks		1,980,775
Corporate bonds		3,542,093
Taxable municipal obligations		617,547
Mutual funds and property funds		12,398,768
Interest receivable		83,620
Total Net Assets Held For Pension Benefits	\$	23,897,738
Statement Of Changes In Fiduciary Net Ass	sets	
Additions		
Contributions:		
Participant contributions	\$	227,153
Employer contributions	·	733,009
		·
Total Additions		960,162
Deductions		
Investment Loss:		
Net depreciation in fair value of investments		3,426,005
and interest and dividends		
Plus: Investment expense		141,779
Net Investment Loss		3,567,784
Benefits		1,062,100
m + 15 1 - 4		4 400 004
Total Deductions		4,629,884
Change In Net Assets		(3,669,722)
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension		
Benefits, Beginning Of Year		27,567,460
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension		
Benefits, End Of Year	\$	23,897,738

Plan Description And Provisions

Under Ordinance No. 5028 as amended by Ordinance No. 5043, the City established a single-employer defined benefit plan, City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund (the UERF) that provides retirement, disability and death benefits. The UERF does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The covered compensation for employees in the UERF at January 1, 2008 was \$5,274,459. Current membership in the UERF is as follows:

Group	January 1, 2008
	_
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	49
Vested terminated employees	6
Active employees:	
Fully vested	42
Nonvested	43

Each employee who is employed by the City as a police officer or firefighter shall be eligible to participate in the UERF on the date the employee becomes a police officer or firefighter. Employees are vested after ten years. If an employee terminates before ten years of service, they are entitled to a refund of the employee contribution plus interest earned at 5%.

Employees are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 and completion of ten years of credited service or age 50 and completion of 25 years of credited service or age 65 with completion of five years of credited service. The monthly retirement benefit is based on the final average salary, which is calculated as the greater of the top pay range of a police officer/firefighter or of the actual highest five year average annual salary out of the last ten years. The actual benefit is based on two percent for each year of credited service to a maximum of 60% of the final average monthly salary. Disabled employees or their surviving spouse will receive benefits based upon the years of service and basic pay of the employee as of such date. Early retirement is available to vested employees, but benefits are not paid until age 55.

Funding Policy

City ordinance requires each member to contribute 5% of basic pay during the first 25 years of credited service. The ordinance requires the City to contribute the actuarially computed amounts, which, together with employee contributions and investment income, will cover the costs of the Plan.

Annual Pension Cost And Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation (asset) for the UERF for the current year is as follows:

For The	Net Pension						
Plan	Obligation		Interest On	Adjustment			Net Pension
Year	(Asset)	Annual	Net Pension	To Annual	Annual	Actual	Obligation
Ended	Beginning	Required	Obligation	Required	Pension	Contri-	(Asset)
December 31,	Of Year	Contribution	(Asset)	Contribution	Cost	bution	End Of Year
2007	\$ (270.808)	\$ 733,009	\$ (18.957).	\$ 15 138	\$ 729 190	\$ 733 009	\$ (274 627)

Three-Year Trend Information:

Pension Plan							
For The Plan		Annual		N	et Pension		
Years Ended		Pension	Percentage		Obligation		
December 31,		\mathbf{Cost}	Contributed		(Asset)		
					_		
2007	\$	729,190	100.5%	\$	(274,627)		
2006		$752,\!517$	100.5%		(270,808)		
2005		794,376	100.5%		(267,043)		

Funding Status And Funding Progress

As of January 1, 2008, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the Plan was 91.7% funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$30,173,000 and the actuarial value of assets was \$27,668,000, resulting in an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) of \$2,505,000. The covered payroll was \$5,274,000, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 47.5%.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as RSI following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the all accrued liability for benefits.

8. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City participates in a deferred compensation plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

9. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City uses the Insurance Fund (an Internal Service Fund) to account for its risks of loss.

The City joined the St. Louis Area Insurance Trust (SLAIT) in January 2005, a public entity risk pool, for general liability, law enforcement liability, workers' compensation, and automobile liability. The change reduced the City's financial exposure for claims. The City's insurance coverage with each category of risk is in the amount of \$2.5 million per occurrence, except coverage for workers' compensation is in the amount of \$1 million per occurrence. The City pays an annual contribution to SLAIT for its insurance coverage. If the contributions produce insufficient funds to meet obligations, SLAIT is empowered to make special assessments. Members of SLAIT are jointly and severally liable for all claims against SLAIT.

The Insurance Fund charges other funds for insurance coverage based on estimates of the amounts needed from each fund to cover their proportionate share of insurance premiums. The City purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

10. Joint Venture

Pursuant to an agreement authorized by City ordinance, the City joined with the Clayton School District to construct and operate a recreational facility. The construction was funded by the City and the Clayton School District. Administration, accounting, repair, and maintenance of the facility will be shared in accordance with the agreement. The City has contributed approximately two-thirds of the construction in the amount of \$11,789,000. The joint venture's financial statements are available at the Clayton City Hall. The City is liable for one-half of any operational cash shortages incurred by the joint venture. The City paid \$100,000 for its share of the operational cash shortage incurred by the joint venture for the year ended September 30, 2008.

A condensed summary of financial information for the joint venture as of and for its fiscal year ended September 30, 2008 is as follows:

Assets	\$	15,749,833
Liabilities		1,250,541
Net Assets		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		14,460,017
Unrestricted		39,275
Total Net Assets	\$	14,499,292
Operating revenue	\$	2,589,684
Operating expenses	,	3,374,217
Nonoperating revenue		60,172
Capital contributions		307,927
Change in net assets	\$	(416,434)

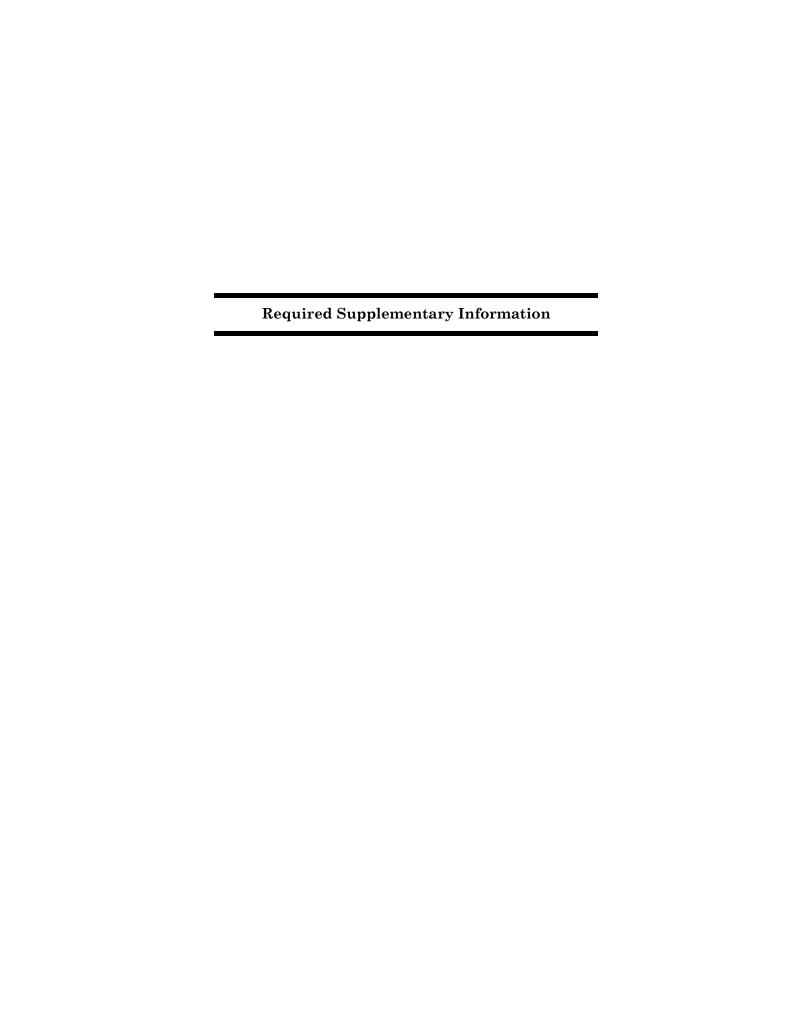
11. Commitments And Contingencies

Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Based on the current status of all these legal proceedings, it is the opinion of management that they will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

Federal Grants

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. It is the opinion of management that such reimbursements, if any, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS -GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Ove	er (Under) Budget
Revenues	_	Duugei		Duugei		Actual		Duuget
General property taxes	\$	5,204,684	\$	5,204,684	\$	5,396,675	\$	191,991
Licenses and permits	Ψ	1,273,387	Ψ	1,318,487	Ψ	1,644,961	Ψ	326,474
Public utility licenses		4,810,087		5,679,287		5,697,656		18,369
Intergovernmental		4,016,315		4,080,065		4,189,939		109,874
Community programs		1,223,021		1,223,021		1,281,421		58,400
Fines and forfeitures		897,557		897,557		1,104,800		207,243
Investment income		404,275		404,275		433,063		28,788
Miscellaneous		412,395		412,395		1,207,537		795,142
Total Revenues		18,241,721		19,219,771		20,956,052		1,736,282
				-, -,		- / /		, ,
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		5 00 000		55 0 000		5 00.000		(07.070)
City planning and development		780,033		772,809		736,939		(35,870)
Nondepartmental		664,764		799,672		684,630		(115,042)
Information systems		590,268		589,428		529,027		(60,401)
Communications		357,940		357,724		313,751		(43,973)
Finance		524,628		519,948		521,582		1,634
City manager's office		407,387		404,795		808,395		403,600
Municipal court		180,101		178,409		210,920		32,511
Board of aldermen and city clerk		70,511		70,511		77,026		6,515
City attorney's office		100,000		273,840		267,391		(6,449)
Personnel administration		153,988		153,568		238,031		84,463
Boards and commissions		12,450		12,450		5,730		(6,720)
Building maintenance		351,225		350,385		361,478		11,093
Public safety		8,322,810		8,261,594		8,352,036		90,442
Streets and highways		3,845,867		3,874,659		3,749,283		(125, 376)
Parks and recreation		1,867,210		1,858,330		1,835,445		(22,885)
Total Expenditures		18,229,182		18,478,122		18,691,664		213,542
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$	12,539	\$	741,649	=	2,264,388	\$	1,522,740
Adjustments To Reconcile To GAAP Basis Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2008 Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2007						50,748 (124,339) (73,591)		
Net Change In Fund Balances - GAAP Basis						2,190,797		
Fund Balance - Beginning Of Year						9,676,416		
Fund Balance - End Of Year					\$	11,867,213		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION September 30, 2008

Explanation Of Budgetary Process

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to August 1, the City Manager submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for all funds, except the Police Forfeiture and P.O.S.T. Fund and the Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road Fund for the fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the department level for the General Fund and at the fund level for all other funds.
- b. Public hearings and open council meetings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to September 1, the budget is adopted by the Board of Aldermen.
- d. Budgets are adopted on a basis generally consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America except that budgetary basis expenditures include encumbrances and loan payments in connection with short-term financing. Budgetary comparisons in the required supplementary information and other supplemental information are presented on this budgetary basis. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.
- e. Current year budget includes amendments. Budget amendments between funds or departments, in the General Fund, must be approved by the Board of Aldermen.

Violations Of Budgetary Laws And Regulations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds and departments at September 30, 2008:

Fund	Amount
Community	
General:	
Finance	\$ 1,634
City Manager's Office	403,600
Municipal Court	32,511
Board of Aldermen and City Clerk	6,515
Personnel Administration	84,463
Building Maintenance	11,098
Public Safety	90,442
Parking Facilities Fund	248,263

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS September 30, 2008

City of Clayton Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund

Excess Of							
Assets As A				l	Actuarial		Actuarial
Percentage	Annual		Excess Of	l	Accrued	Actuarial	Valuation
Of Covered	Covered	Funded	Assets Over	,	Liability	Value Of	Dated
Payroll	Payroll	Ratio	\mathbf{AAL})	(AAL)	Assets	July 1,
0.79%	\$ 4,477,087	100.35%	\$ 35,492	ó	\$ 10,124,715	\$ 10,160,207	2008
3.05%	4,201,226	101.35%	128,242	7	9,533,677	9,661,919	2007
0.36%	3,966,774	100.16%	14,403		9,035,521	9,049,924	2006
3.61%	3,971,048	101.68%	143,279	;	8,512,416	8,655,695	2005
0.83%	3,806,509	100.38%	31,593)	8,277,529	8,309,122	2004
18.99%	3,676,619	109.49%	698,285	3	7,356,093	8,054,378	2003

Schedule Of Employer's Contributions

For The	Annual		
Plan Years	Required	Actual	Percentage
Ended June 30,	Contribution	Contribution	Contributed
2008	\$ 140,537	\$ —	_
2007	243,153	_	_
2006	111,731	_	_
2005	209,866	_	_
2004	_	62,558	_
2003	54,152	159,349	294%

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	July 1, 2008
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age (Normal)
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	Closed
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7%
Projected salary increases	4.5%
increases	Lower of annual
	consumer price

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS AND EMPLOYER'S CONTRIBUTIONS September 30, 2008

City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund

Schedi	ile Of I	Junding	Progress

						Unfunded
Actuarial		Actuarial				AAL As A
Valuation	Actuarial	Accrued				Percentage
Dated	Value Of	Liability	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	Of Covered
January 1,	Assets	(AAL)	AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
2008	\$ 27,668,000	\$ 30,173,000	\$ 2,505,000	91.7% \$	5,274,000	47.5%
2007	25,274,000	28,928,000	3,654,000	87.4%	5,102,000	71.6%
2006	22,515,000	27,183,000	4,668,000	82.8%	5,171,000	90.3%
2005	21,317,000	26,264,000	4,947,000	81.2%	4,905,000	100.8%
2004	19,197,000	24,962,000	5,766,000	76.9%	4,314,000	133.7%
2003	17,284,000	23,705,000	6,421,000	72.9%	3,933,000	163.2%

Schedule Of Employer's Contributions

Selection of Employer's contributions							
	Annual						
For The Plan Years	Required	Actual	Percentage				
Ended December 31,	Contribution	Contribution	Contributed				
			_				
2007	\$ 733,009	\$ 733,009	100.0%				
2006	756,282	756,282	100.0%				
2005	798,089	798,089	100.0%				
2004	819,885	819,885	100.0%				
2003	846,500	846,500	100.0%				
2002	707,416	707,416	100.0%				

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	January 1, 2008
Actuarial cost method	Entry age (normal)
Amortization method	Closed
Amortization period	26 years
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7%
Projected salary increases	3.5%
Post-retirement benefit increases	Lower of annual
	consumer price
	index or 2%

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Supplementary Information Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Special Taxing District Fund - This fund is used to account for the ad valorem real estate tax assessed on the Special Business District, which funds are to be utilized for promotion, maintenance, and improvements of the district.

Sewer Lateral Fund - This fund is used to account for sewer lateral fees assessed on all residential property, which funds are to be utilized for the repair of sewer lateral service lines up to a maximum of \$3,000 per residence.

Police Forfeiture And P.O.S.T. Fund - This fund is used to account for the fines and forfeitures received, which funds are to be utilized for police assistance, police training and police equipment purchases.

Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road - This fund is used to account for fees associated with the redevelopment and construction of Forsyth and Hanley.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

2002 Capital Project Bond Fund - This fund is used to account for specific improvements to city hall/fire station renovation and renovation of the pool, diving tank and pool house at Shaw Park, which are funded by special obligation bond proceeds.

Capital Improvement Project Fund – This fund is used to account for improvements to park and recreational facilities and stormwater systems, which are funded by a 0.5% sales tax.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt, principal, interest, and related costs.

1999 Bond Issue Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general obligation bond principal and interest.

2005 Bond Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, special obligation refunding bond principal and interest.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2008

	 Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 105,440	\$ 179,065	\$ 241,951	\$ 526,456
Investments	498,257	565,000	698,049	1,761,306
Accounts receivable	´ —	44,044	, <u> </u>	44,044
Property taxes receivable		· —	25,030	25,030
Intergovernmental receivable	_	195,000	· —	195,000
Special assessments receivables		· —	159,470	159,470
Interest receivable	2,249	3,454	7,963	13,666
Cash - restricted		20,048	8,765	28,813
Investments - restricted	_	797,153	1,368,989	2,166,142
Total Assets	\$ 605,946	\$ 1,803,764	\$ 2,510,217	\$ 4,919,927
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 42,517	\$ 47,343	\$ 813	\$ 90,673
Accrued liabilities	3,798			3,798
Deferred revenue			176,198	176,198
Total Liabilities	46,315	47,343	177,011	270,669
Fund Balances				
Reserved for:				
Encumbrances		446	_	446
Debt service		817,201	2,333,206	3,150,407
Unreserved:	FF0 001			FF0 001
Special revenue funds	559,631		_	559,631
Capital projects funds		938,774	9 9 9 9 9 9 9	938,774
Total Fund Balances	559,631	1,756,421	2,333,206	4,649,258
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$ 605,946	\$ 1,803,764	\$ 2,510,217	\$ 4,919,927

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2008

						Police				
		Special			Fo	rfeiture	Redevelopmen	t		
		Taxing		Sewer		And	Forsyth/Hanle	y		
		District		Lateral		P.O.S.T.	Road	d		Total
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,900	\$	15,417	\$	82,123	\$ -	_	\$	105,440
Investments		$248,\!257$		250,000		_	-	_		$498,\!257$
Interest receivable		530		1,719				_		2,249
Total Assets	\$	256,687	\$	267,136	\$	82,123	\$ -	_	\$	605,946
Liabilities And Fund Balances										
Accounts payable	\$	21,906	\$	11,950	\$	8,661	\$ -	_	\$	42,517
Accrued liabilities	Ψ	3,798	Ψ	_	Ψ		Ψ _	_	Ψ	3,798
Total Liabilities		25,704		11,950		8,661	_	_		46,315
Fund Balances										
Unreserved:										
Special Revenue Funds		230,983		255,186		73,462		_		559,631
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$	256,687	\$	267,136	\$	82,123	\$ -	_	\$	605,946

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS September 30, 2008

	Impr	Capital rovement Project Fund	Вс	2002 Capital Project and Fund	Total
Assets	-				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	179,065	\$	_	\$ 179,065
Investments		565,000		_	565,000
Accounts receivable		44,044			44,044
Intergovernmental receivable		195,000		_	195,000
Interest receivable		3,454		_	3,454
Cash - restricted		_		20,048	20,048
Investments - restricted				797,153	797,153
Total Assets	\$	986,563	\$	817,201	\$ 1,803,764
Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	47,343	\$		\$ 47,343
Fund Balances					
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances		446			446
Debt service		_		817,201	817,201
Unreserved:				011,201	011,201
Capital Projects Funds		938,774		_	938,774
Total Fund Balances		939,220		817,201	1,756,421
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$	986,563	\$	817,201	\$ 1,803,764

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS September 30, 2008

		1999		2005 Bond		
		Bond Issue		Debt Service		Total
Assets		Issue		Service		10141
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	81,269	\$	160,682	\$	241,951
Investments		698,049		´ —		698,049
Property taxes receivable		25,030		_		25,030
Special assessment receivable		´ —		159,470		159,470
Interest receivable		_		7,963		7,963
Cash - restricted		_		8,765		8,765
Investments - restricted		_		1,368,989		1,368,989
Total Assets	\$	804,348	\$	1,705,869	\$	2,510,217
Liabilities And Fund Balances						
Liabilities And Fund Dalances						
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	_	\$	813	\$	813
Deferred revenue		16,728		159,470		176,198
Total Liabilities		16,728		160,283		177,011
Fund Balances						
Reserved for:						
Debt service		787,620		1,545,586		2,333,206
Wetal Liebilities And Fund Poloness	Ф	004.940	Ф	1 705 969	Ф	0.510.017
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$	804,348	\$	1,705,869	\$	2,510,217

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

]	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service Fund	Total
Revenues					
General property taxes	\$	192,632	\$ _	\$ 1,103,765	\$ 1,296,397
Assessment income		$101,\!250$	_	22,530	123,780
Intergovernmental		_	1,514,958	_	1,514,958
Fines and forfeitures		84,798	_	_	84,798
Investment income		15,334	62,380	71,768	149,482
Miscellaneous		62,377	28,022	_	90,399
Total Revenues		456,391	1,605,360	1,198,063	3,259,814
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		_		1,463	1,463
Public safety		9,503		_	9,503
Community development		173,316	_	_	173,316
Capital outlay		71,807	510,679	_	582,486
Debt service:					
Principal			7,375,000	1,585,000	8,960,000
Interest and fiscal charges		_	279,027	615,885	894,912
Bond issuance costs		_	76,239	_	76,239
Total Expenditures		254,626	8,240,945	2,202,348	10,697,919
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		201,765	(6,635,585)	(1,004,285)	(7,438,105)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in			789,163	1,020,000	1,809,163
Transfers out		_	(1,085,889)	_	(1,085,889)
Issuance of refunding debt		_	8,175,000	_	8,175,000
Premium on issuance of debt			73,266	_	73,266
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		_	7,951,540	1,020,000	8,971,540
Net Change In Fund Balances		201,765	1,315,955	15,715	1,533,435
Fund Balances					
Beginning of year		357,866	440,466	 2,317,491	3,115,823
End of year	\$	559,631	\$ 1,756,421	\$ 2,333,206	\$ 4,649,258

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

			_	Police			
	Special	~	Fo	rfeiture		lopment	
	Taxing	Sewer		And	Forsyth	/Hanley	
	 District	Lateral		P.O.S.T.		Road	Total
Revenues							
General property taxes	\$ 192,632	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 192,632
Assessment income	_	101,250		_		_	$101,\!250$
Fines and forfeitures	_	_		84,798		_	84,798
Investment income	6,896	8,203		235		_	15,334
Miscellaneous						62,377	62,377
Total Revenues	199,528	109,453		85,033		62,377	456,391
Expenditures Current:							
Public safety	_	_		9,503		_	9,503
Community development	162,706	_		_		10,610	173,316
Capital outlay	_	71,807		_		_	71,807
Total Expenditures	162,706	71,807		9,503		10,610	254,626
Net Change In Fund Balances	36,822	37,646		75,530		51,767	201,765
Fund Balances							
Beginning of year	194,161	217,540		(2,068)		(51,767)	357,866
End of year	\$ 230,983	\$ 255,186	\$	73,462	\$	_	\$ 559,631

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

	Impro	Capital vement Project Fund	Во	2002 Capital Project nd Fund	Total
Revenues					
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,	514,958	\$	_	\$ 1,514,958
Investment income		13,342		49,038	62,380
Miscellaneous		28,022		_	28,022
Total Revenues	1,	556,322		49,038	1,605,360
Expenditures					
Capital outlay		510,679		_	510,679
Debt service:		•			
Principal		_		7,375,000	7,375,000
Interest and fiscal charges		_		279,027	279,027
Bond issuance costs		_		76,239	76,239
Total Expenditures		510,679		7,730,266	8,240,945
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,	045,643	(7,681,228)	(6,635,585)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in		539,000		250,163	789,163
Transfers out	(1,	085,889)		_	(1,085,889)
Issuance of refunding debt		_		8,175,000	8,175,000
Premium on issuance of debt		_		73,266	73,266
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	((546,889)		8,498,429	7,951,540
Net Change In Fund Balances		498,754		817,201	1,315,955
Fund Balances					
Beginning of year		440,466			440,466
End of year	\$	939,220	\$	817,201	\$ 1,756,421

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

		2005	
	1999	Bond	
	Bond	Debt	
	 Issue	Service	Total
Revenues			
General property taxes	\$ 1,103,765	\$ _	\$ 1,103,765
Assessment income	_	22,530	22,530
Investment income	19,868	51,900	71,768
Total Revenues	1,123,633	74,430	1,198,063
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government		1,463	1,463
Debt service:			
Principal	875,000	710,000	1,585,000
Interest and fiscal charges	229,832	386,053	615,885
Total Expenditures	1,104,832	1,097,516	2,202,348
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	18,801	(1,023,086)	(1,004,285)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers in		1,020,000	1,020,000
Net Change In Fund Balances	18,801	(3,086)	15,715
Fund Balances			
Beginning of year	768,819	1,548,672	2,317,491
End of year	\$ 787,620	\$ 1,545,586	\$ 2,333,206

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

					Over
		Final			(Under)
		Budget	Actual		Budget
Revenues					
General property taxes	\$	183,500	\$ 192,632	\$	9,132
Investment income		9,563	6,896		(2,667)
Total Revenues		193,063	199,528		6,465
Expenditures					
Community development		188,464	162,706		(25,758)
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$	4,599	36,822	\$	32,223
The change in Fana Balances	Ψ	4,000	=	Ψ	02,220
Fund Balances					
Beginning of year		-	194,161		
End of year		_	\$ 230,983		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SEWER LATERAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

			Over
	Final		(Under)
	Budget	Actual	Budget
Revenues			
Assessment income	\$ 97,000	\$ 101,250	\$ 4,250
Investment income	9,000	8,203	(797)
Total Revenues	106,000	109,453	3,453
Expenditures			
Capital outlay	100,000	71,807	(28,193)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 6,000	37,646	\$ 31,646
Fund Balances			
Beginning of year	-	217,540	
End of year	_	\$ 255,186	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BUDGET BASIS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

				Over
	Final			(Under)
_	Budget		Actual	Budget
Revenues				
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,315,000	\$	1,514,958	\$ 199,958
Investment income	_		13,342	13,342
Miscellaneous	34,000		28,022	(5,978)
Total Revenues	1,349,000		1,556,322	207,322
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	652,509		510,970	(141,539)
Revenues Over Expenditures	696,491		1,045,352	348,861
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	539,000		539,000	
Transfers in Transfers out	(1,211,438)		(1,085,889)	(125,549)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(672,438)		(546,889)	(125,549)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(072, 100)		(010,000)	(120,010)
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ 24,053		498,463	\$ 474,410
Adjustments To Reconcile To GAAP Basis				
Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2008			446	
Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2007			(155)	
•	-		291	
Net Change In Fund Balance - GAAP Basis			498,754	
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year	_		440,466	
End of year	_	\$	939,220	
2224 01 / 041	=	Ψ	000,220	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – 2002 CAPITAL PROJECT BOND CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BUDGET BASIS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

	 Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues			
Investment income	\$ 24,282	\$ 49,038	\$ 24,756
Expenditures			
Debt service:			
Principal	7,375,000	7,375,000	_
Interest and fiscal charges	370,760	279,027	(91,733)
Bond issuance costs	106,486	76,239	(30,247)
Total Expenditures	7,852,246	7,730,266	(121,980)
Revenues Under Expenditures	(7,827,964)	(7,681,228)	(146,736)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers in	506,464	250,163	(256,301)
Issuance of refunding debt	8,135,000	8,175,000	40,000
Premium on issuance of debt	_	73,266	73,266
Total Other Financing Sources	8,641,464	8,498,429	(143,035)
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ 813,500	817,201	\$ 3,701
Fund Balances			
Beginning of year	-		
End of year	_	\$ 817,201	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – 1999 BOND ISSUE DEBT SERVICE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

			\mathbf{Over}
	Final		(Under)
	Budget	Actual	Budget
Revenues			
General property taxes	\$ 1,072,000	\$ 1,103,765	\$ 31,765
Investment income	29,750	19,868	(9,882)
Total Revenues	1,101,750	1,123,633	21,883
Expenditures			
Debt service:			
Principal	875,000	875,000	_
Interest and fiscal charges	230,332	229,832	(500)
Total Expenditures	1,105,332	1,104,832	(500)
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ (3,582)	18,801 =	\$ 22,383
Fund Balances			
Beginning of year	-	768,819	
End of year	_	\$ 787,620	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – 2005 BOND DEBT SERVICE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues			
Assessment income	\$ 18,587	\$ 22,530	\$ 3,943
Investment income	35,000	51,900	16,900
Total Revenues	53,587	74,430	20,843
Expenditures			
Current:			
General government	2,000	1,463	(537)
Debt service:			
Principal	710,000	710,000	_
Interest and fiscal charges	386,053	386,053	_
Total Expenditures	1,098,053	1,097,516	(537)
Revenues Under Expenditures	(1,044,466)	(1,023,086)	(21,380)
Other Financing Sources			
Transfers in	1,015,000	1,020,000	5,000
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ (29,466)	(3,086)	\$ (26,380)
Fund Balances			
Beginning of year	_	1,548,672	
End of year	=	\$ 1,545,586	

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – BUDGETARY INFORMATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

Revolving Public Improvement Fund – This fund is used to monitor the funding of special infrastructure improvements throughout the City. Revenues derived by this fund are special assessments that are levied and 1% gross receipts tax on utilities.

Equipment Replacements Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds, which are to be utilized for equipment replacement needs.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – REVOLVING PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BUDGET BASIS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues			
Assessment income	\$ 37,800	\$ 53,356	\$ 15,556
Public utility licenses	5,000	3,620	(1,380)
Intergovernmental	3,163,634	2,785,971	(377,663)
Investment income	38,590	96,344	57,754
Miscellaneous	97,000	50,484	(46,516)
Total Revenues	3,342,024	2,989,775	(352,249)
Expenditures			
Capital outlay	3,118,674	2,477,903	(640,771)
Revenues Over Expenditures	223,350	511,872	288,522
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	115,000	115,000	_
Transfers out	(519,630)	(463,190)	(56,440)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(404,630)	(348,190)	(56,440)
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ (181,280)	163,682	\$ 232,082
Adjustments To Reconcile To GAAP Basis			
Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2008		1,074,715	
Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2007		(55,333)	
	_	1,019,382	
Net Changes In Fund Balance - GAAP Basis		1,183,064	
Fund Balances			
Beginning of year	_	2,249,824	
End of year	=	\$ 3,432,888	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BUDGET BASIS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

	 Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues			
Investment income	\$ 106,250	\$ 92,491	\$ (13,759)
Miscellaneous		1,086	1,086
Total Revenues	106,250	93,577	(12,673)
Expenditures			
Capital outlay	711,239	620,605	(90,634)
Revenues Under Expenditures	(604,989)	(527,028)	(77,961)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	369,653	378,916	9,263
Sale of capital assets	85,804	36,783	(49,021)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	455,457	415,699	(39,758)
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ (149,532)	(111,329)	\$ (38,203)
Adjustments To Reconcile To GAAP Basis			
Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2008		76,455	
Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2007		(250)	
•	_	76,205	
Net Change In Fund Balances - GAAP Basis		(35,124)	
Fund Balances			
Beginning of year	_	2,662,994	
End of year	=	\$ 2,627,870	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business, or where the governing body has decided that determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

ENTERPRISE FUND

Parking Facilities Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's parking operations.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Insurance Fund – This fund is used to account for all the City's insurance operations.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – PARKING FACILITIES ENTERPRISE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

				Over
	Final			(Under)
	Budget		Actual	Budget
Operating Revenues				
St. Louis parking systems	\$ 376,800	\$	402,336	\$ 25,536
Parking lot revenue	131,944		112,699	(19,245)
Parking meter revenue	852,000		905,768	53,768
Total Operating Revenues	1,360,744		1,420,803	60,059
Operating Expenses				
Personnel services	264,522		268,023	3,501
Contractual services	499,983		•	•
	· ·		409,942	(90,041)
Commodities	27,835		28,174	339
Depreciation	40.000		334,944	334,944
Insurance and fringe benefits	40,000		39,520	(480)
Total Operating Expenses	832,340		1,080,603	248,263
Operating Income (Loss)	528,404		340,200	(188,204)
	,		,	
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)				
Investment income	412,250		427,878	15,628
Interest expense	(103,790)		(127,884)	24,094
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	308,460		299,994	(8,466)
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,		•	
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	836,864		640,194	(196,670)
Thursday Co				
Transfers	(55.4.000)		(554,000)	
Transfers out	(754,000)		(754,000)	
Change In Net Assets	\$ 82,864		(113,806)	\$ (196,670)
			=	
Adjustment To Reconcile To GAAP Basis				
Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2008			1,620	
Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2007			(3,251)	
•	_		(1,631)	
	-		<u> </u>	
Change In Net Assets - GAAP Basis			(115,437)	
Net Assets				
Beginning of year	_		20,007,102	
End of year		ው	10 901 665	
ъни ог year	=	ð	19,891,665	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – INTERNAL SERVICE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

	 Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Operating Revenues			
Participant contributions	\$ 216,220	\$ 216,335	\$ 115
Employer contributions	1,643,563	1,658,827	15,264
Total Operating Revenues	1,859,783	1,875,162	15,379
Operating Expenses			
Contractual services	1,986,509	1,867,847	(118,662)
Operating Income (Loss)	(126,726)	7,315	134,041
Nonoperating Revenue			
Investment income	12,750	14,552	1,802
Miscellaneous income	10,000	8,579	(1,421)
Total Nonoperating Revenue	22,750	23,131	381
Change In Net Assets	\$ (103,976)	30,446	\$ 134,422
Adjustment To Reconcile To GAAP Basis			
Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2007	-	(480)	
Change In Net Assets - GAAP Basis		29,966	
Net Assets			
Beginning of year	-	624,683	
End of year	=	\$ 654,649	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund - This fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for the City's non-uniformed employees.

City Of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Pension Fund - This fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for the City's police officers and firefighters.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS – PENSION TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2008

	City Of		City Of		
Cla	yton Non-		Clayton		
1	Uniformed		Uniformed		
E	Employees']	Employees'		
R	letirement		Pension		
	Fund		Fund		Total
					_
\$	18,592	\$	772,420	\$	791,012
	_		$4,\!252,\!174$		4,252,174
	_		250,341		250,341
	_		1,980,775		1,980,775
	_		3,542,093		3,542,093
	_		617,547		617,547
	8,169,300		9,637,856		17,807,156
	1,010,717		2,760,912		3,771,629
	11,492		83,620		95,112
\$	9.210.101	\$	23.897.738	\$	33,107,839
	E R	Clayton Non- Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund \$ 18,592	Clayton Non- Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund \$ 18,592 \$ 8,169,300 1,010,717 11,492	Clayton Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund Clayton Uniformed Employees' Pension Fund \$ 18,592 \$ 772,420 — 4,252,174 — 250,341 — 1,980,775 — 3,542,093 — 617,547 8,169,300 9,637,856 1,010,717 2,760,912 11,492 83,620	Clayton Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund Uniformed Employees' Pension Fund \$ 18,592 \$ 772,420 \$ 250,341 250,341 — 3,542,093 617,547 8,169,300 9,637,856 1,010,717 2,760,912 11,492 83,620

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS – PENSION TRUST FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

	City Of Clayton Non- Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund			City Of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Pension Fund	Total
Additions		1 unu		1 unu	10001
Contributions:					
Participant contributions	\$	_	\$	227,153	\$ 227,153
Employer contributions		_		733,009	733,009
Total Contributions				960,162	960,162
Investment Loss:					
Net depreciation in fair value					
of investments and interest					
and dividends		(938, 158)		(3,426,005)	(4,364,163)
Investment expense		(47,941)		(141,779)	(189,720)
Total Investment Loss		(986,099)		(3,567,784)	(4,553,883)
Total Additions		(986,099)		(2,607,622)	(3,593,721)
Deductions					
Benefits		263,105		1,062,100	1,325,205
Change In Net Assets		(1,249,204)		(3,669,722)	(4,918,926)
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension					
Benefits, Beginning Of Year		10,459,305		27,567,460	38,026,765
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits, End Of Year	\$	9,210,101	\$	23,897,738	\$ 33,107,839

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CITY OF CLAYTON NON-UNIFORMED EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PENSION TRUST FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Additions			
Investment Income (Loss):			
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair			
value of investments			
and interest and dividends	\$ 698,100	\$ (938, 158)	\$ (1,636,258)
Investment expense	(40,400)	(47,941)	7,541
Total Additions	657,700	(986,099)	(1,643,799)
Deductions			
Benefits	267,500	263,105	(4,395)
Change In Net Assets	\$ 390,200	(1,249,204)	\$ (1,639,404)
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - Beginning Of Year	_	10,459,305	
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - End Of Year	=	\$ 9,210,101	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CITY OF CLAYTON UNIFORMED EMPLOYEES' PENSION TRUST FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2008

		Final Budget		Actual		Over (Under)
Additions		Buaget		Actual		Budget
Contributions:						
Participant contributions	\$	225,000	\$	227,153	\$	2,153
Employer contributions	Φ	733,009	Ф	733,009	φ	2,155
Total Contributions		958,009		960,162		2,153
Investment Income (Loss):						
Net appreciation (depreciation) in fair						
value of investments						
and interest and dividends		1,845,500		(3,426,005)		(5,271,505)
Investment expense		(140,000)		(141,779)		(1,779)
Net Investment Income (Loss)		1,705,500		(3,567,784)		(5,273,284)
Total Additions		2,663,509		(2,607,622)		(5,271,131)
Deductions						
Benefits		960,000		1,062,100		102,100
Change In Net Assets	\$	1,703,509		(3,669,722)	\$	(5,373,231)
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - Beginning Of Year		-		27,567,460		
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - End Of Year		=	\$	23,897,738		



STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends - These five (5) schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - These four (4) schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property tax.

Debt Capacity - These five (5) schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic And Economic Information - These two (2) schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information - These three (3) schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	September 30,											
Functions/Programs		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	3,385,887 7,061,365 10,606,559	\$	5,755,970 7,167,871 10,849,389	\$	6,595,418 2,512,962 14,478,948	\$	8,732,202 2,613,411 14,090,912	\$	11,295,023 2,729,192 15,591,402	\$	12,335,368 2,819,375 19,948,353
Total governmental activities net assets	\$	21,053,811	\$	23,773,230	\$	23,587,328	\$	25,436,525	\$	29,615,617	\$	35,103,096
Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	9,825,160 363,211 7,055,289	\$	10,256,621 364,327 7,316,261	\$	11,540,026 283,450 6,211,445	\$	9,545,577 280,174 10,127,036	\$	9,415,507 285,195 10,306,400	\$	9,404,409 204,000 10,283,256
Total business-type activities net assets	\$	17,243,660	\$	17,937,209	\$	18,034,921	\$	19,952,787	\$	20,007,102	\$	19,891,665
Primary government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	13,211,047 7,424,576 17,661,848	\$	16,012,591 7,532,198 18,165,650	\$	18,135,444 2,796,412 20,690,393	\$	18,277,779 2,893,585 24,217,948	\$	20,710,530 3,014,387 25,897,802	\$	21,739,777 3,023,375 30,231,609
Total primary government net assets	\$	38,297,471	\$	41,710,439	\$	41,622,249	\$	45,389,312	\$	49,622,719	\$	54,994,761

Notes:

GASB Statement 34 was implemented in 2003.

Source: Basic financial statements

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS Page 1 Of 2

3,185,066 7,655,085 4,158,084 2,014,876 130,408 1,211,293 18,354,812		137 115	4,706,827 8,198,773 4,530,110	\$	2006 4,253,478 8,660,970	\$ 4,585,667 8,246,154	\$	5,286,324
7,655,085 4,158,084 2,014,876 130,408 1,211,293	8,243, 4,856, 2,279, 100,	416 137 115	8,198,773	\$			\$	
7,655,085 4,158,084 2,014,876 130,408 1,211,293	8,243, 4,856, 2,279, 100,	416 137 115	8,198,773	\$			\$	
7,655,085 4,158,084 2,014,876 130,408 1,211,293	8,243, 4,856, 2,279, 100,	416 137 115	8,198,773	\$			\$	
4,158,084 2,014,876 130,408 1,211,293	4,856, 2,279, 100,	137 115			8,660,970	8,246,154		0.405.000
2,014,876 130,408 1,211,293	2,279, 100,	115	4,530,110			, , -		8,495,262
130,408 1,211,293	100,				4,530,039	5,919,304		5,411,338
1,211,293		657	2,211,655		2,865,602	1,975,986		2,079,965
	1,218,	001	528,627		975,774	220,788		173,316
18,354,812		464	861,255		989,693	910,350		963,747
	19,573,	531	21,037,247		22,275,556	21,858,249		22,409,952
1,042,756	1,092,	781	1,247,961		1,274,489	1,155,318		1,210,118
19.397.568	20.666	312	22.285.208		23.550.045	23.013.567		23,620,070
,						· · · · · ·		
enues								
777 979	691	990	505 <i>G</i> 19		CCC 199	795 791		867,722
*			,		,	,		1,286,279
			*			*		187,215
			*		*	*		824,989
301,011	802,	980	824,700		1,509,048	1,551,109		1,398,448
1 240 611	0.070	050	1 000 419		004 120	1 999 697		1 070 90
	2,078,	952	1,680,413		924,132			1,270,321
120,433						287,100		569,600
4 410 5 4 4	0.010	150	F 999 4F0		4 5 40 4 5 5	F F 4 F 00 F		0.404.55
4,416,544	6,010,	152	5,332,458		4,749,175	5,745,267		6,404,574
1,721,204	1,711,	194	1,595,313		1,486,560	1,416,686		1,420,803
6,137,748	7,721,	346	6,927,771		6,235,735	7,161,953		7,825,377
(13,938.268)	(13.563.	379)	(15,704,789)		(17,526.381)	(16,112.982)		(16,005,378
								210,685
	19,397,568 enues 777,873 1,230,252 154,909 491,455 301,011 1,340,611 120,433 4,416,544 1,721,204	19,397,568 20,666, enues 777,873 621, 1,230,252 1,334, 154,909 622, 491,455 548, 301,011 802, 1,340,611 2,078, 120,433 4,416,544 6,010, 1,721,204 1,711, 6,137,748 7,721, (13,938,268) (13,563,	19,397,568 20,666,312 enues 777,873 621,820 1,230,252 1,334,618 154,909 622,814 491,455 548,968 301,011 802,980 1,340,611 2,078,952 120,433 — 4,416,544 6,010,152 1,721,204 1,711,194 6,137,748 7,721,346 (13,938,268) (13,563,379)	19,397,568 20,666,312 22,285,208 enues 777,873 621,820 595,618 1,230,252 1,334,618 1,381,324 154,909 622,814 238,677 491,455 548,968 611,660 301,011 802,980 824,766 1,340,611 2,078,952 1,680,413 120,433 — — 4,416,544 6,010,152 5,332,458 1,721,204 1,711,194 1,595,313 6,137,748 7,721,346 6,927,771 (13,938,268) (13,563,379) (15,704,789)	19,397,568 20,666,312 22,285,208 enues 777,873 621,820 595,618 1,230,252 1,334,618 1,381,324 154,909 622,814 238,677 491,455 548,968 611,660 301,011 802,980 824,766 1,340,611 2,078,952 1,680,413 120,433 — — 4,416,544 6,010,152 5,332,458 1,721,204 1,711,194 1,595,313 6,137,748 7,721,346 6,927,771 (13,938,268) (13,563,379) (15,704,789)	19,397,568 20,666,312 22,285,208 23,550,045 enues 777,873 621,820 595,618 666,138 1,230,252 1,334,618 1,381,324 931,486 154,909 622,814 238,677 246,210 491,455 548,968 611,660 672,161 301,011 802,980 824,766 1,309,048 1,340,611 2,078,952 1,680,413 924,132 120,433 — — — 4,416,544 6,010,152 5,332,458 4,749,175 1,721,204 1,711,194 1,595,313 1,486,560 6,137,748 7,721,346 6,927,771 6,235,735	19,397,568 20,666,312 22,285,208 23,550,045 23,013,567 Penues 777,873 621,820 595,618 666,138 735,781 1,230,252 1,334,618 1,381,324 931,486 1,141,418 154,909 622,814 238,677 246,210 277,604 491,455 548,968 611,660 672,161 739,568 301,011 802,980 824,766 1,309,048 1,331,109 1,340,611 2,078,952 1,680,413 924,132 1,232,687 120,433 — — 287,100 4,416,544 6,010,152 5,332,458 4,749,175 5,745,267 1,721,204 1,711,194 1,595,313 1,486,560 1,416,686 6,137,748 7,721,346 6,927,771 6,235,735 7,161,953	19,397,568 20,666,312 22,285,208 23,550,045 23,013,567 Penues 777,873 621,820 595,618 666,138 735,781 1,230,252 1,334,618 1,381,324 931,486 1,141,418 154,909 622,814 238,677 246,210 277,604 491,455 548,968 611,660 672,161 739,568 301,011 802,980 824,766 1,309,048 1,331,109 1,340,611 2,078,952 1,680,413 924,132 1,232,687 120,433 — — — 287,100 4,416,544 6,010,152 5,332,458 4,749,175 5,745,267 1,721,204 1,711,194 1,595,313 1,486,560 1,416,686 6,137,748 7,721,346 6,927,771 6,235,735 7,161,953

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS Page 2 Of 2

	For The Years Ended September 30,											
		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
General Revenues And Other												
Changes In Net Assets												
Governmental Activities:												
Taxes:												
Property	\$	4,496,193	\$	4,648,009	\$	4,707,073	\$	6,135,030	\$	6,332,125	\$	6,643,277
Sales		5,640,949		5,563,404		5,706,839		5,934,900		6,226,794		6,043,834
Utility		3,803,453		4,361,026		4,553,878		4,890,845		4,758,606		5,701,276
Other		104,854		100,534		100,613		554,595		565,780		556,272
Licenses (taxes)		493,240		492,858		_		_		_		_
Investment income		442,863		349,778		329,421		665,054		884,333		771,380
Contribution*		800,000		_		_		_		_		_
Gain (loss) on sale of												
capital assets		(98,720)		_		_		70,222		_		_
Miscellaneous		297,353		205,002		284,031		220,455		400,027		1,022,818
Transfers		145,374		139,849		390,576		904,477		1,124,409		754,000
Total governmental activities												
revenues and transfers		16,125,559		15,860,460		16,072,431		19,375,578		20,292,074		21,492,857
Business-type activities: Investment income		242,034		214,985		140,936		367,140		586,580		427,878
Gain on sale of capital assets		242,004		214,505		140,550		2,243,132		330,776		421,010
Miscellaneous		658		_		_		2,240,102		550,776		_
Transfers		(145,374)		(139,849)		(390,576)		(904,477)		(1,124,409)		(754,000)
Total business-type activities		(140,014)		(100,040)		(880,810)		(304,411)		(1,124,400)		(194,000)
revenues and transfers		97,318		75,136		(249,640)		1,705,795		(207,053)		(326,122)
revenues and transfers		01,010		10,100		(210,010)		1,100,100		(201,000)		(020,122)
Total General Revenues												
And Other Changes												
In Net Assets	\$	16,222,877	\$	15,935,596	\$	15,822,791	\$	21,081,373	\$	20,085,021	\$	21,166,735
	ſ	-, -,	*	-,,	r	-,- :-, : -	r	,	r	-,,	r	, ,
Changes In Net Assets												
Governmental activities	\$	2,187,291	\$	2,297,081	\$	367,642	\$	1,849,197	\$	4,179,092	\$	5,487,479
Business-type activities	Ψ	775,766	Ψ	693,549	Ψ	97,712	Ψ	1,917,866	Ψ	54,315	Ψ	(115,437)
Dasmoss type destricted		110,100		000,040		01,112		1,011,000		01,010		(110,101)
Total Changes In												
Net Assets	\$	2,963,057	\$	2,990,630	\$	465,354	\$	3,767,063	\$	4,233,407	\$	5,372,042

Notes:

Source: Basic financial statements

^{*} One time donation from Enterprise Leasing Corp. GASB Statement 34 was implemented in 2003.

FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	September 30,											
		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
General Fund												
Reserved	\$	78,453	\$	18,654	\$	4,000	\$	4,095	\$	124,339	\$	50,748
Unreserved		7,489,726		7,390,863		7,084,601		8,324,588		9,552,077		11,816,465
Total General Fund	\$	7,568,179	\$	7,409,517	\$	7,088,601	\$	8,328,683	\$	9,676,416	\$	11,867,213
All Other Governmental Funds												
Reserved:												
Revolving Public Improvement Fund	\$	865,807	\$	1,294,260	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,074,715
Capital Improvement Project Fund		22,121		_		52		_		_		_
Equipment Replacements Fund		_		2,904		5,940		243,051		250		76,455
1997-98 Bond Debt Service Fund		207,345		_		_		_		_		_
Other Governmental Funds		2,172,239		2,332,455		2,260,337		2,282,433		2,317,646		2,333,652
Unreserved, reported in:												
Revolving Public Improvement Fund		3,530,868		2,167,752		2,469,123		1,801,767		2,249,824		2,358,173
Capital Improvement Project Fund		(5,202)		_		_		_		_		_
Equipment Replacements Fund		2,770,853		3,051,034		2,994,069		2,406,124		2,662,744		2,551,415
Other Governmental Funds:												
Special Revenue Fund		332,104		345,430		400,612		318,166		357,866		559,631
Capital Projects Funds		2,119,083		281,879		775,873		329,158		440,311		1,755,975
Total All Other												
Governmental Funds	\$	12,015,218	\$	9,475,714	\$	8,906,006	\$	7,380,699	\$	8,028,641	\$	10,710,016

Notes:

GASB Statement 34 was implemented in 2003.

Source: Basic financial statements

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS

	For The Years Ended September 30,									
	2003	2004		2005	2006	200	7	2008		
Revenues										
General property taxes	\$ 4,531,961	\$ 4,664,838	\$ 4,710	3,717	\$ 6,086,868	\$ 6,310,20	33 \$	\$ 6,693,072		
Assessment income	150,325	652,862	414	1,771	186,253	185,84	13	177,136		
Licenses and permits	1,339,456	1,135,051	1,20'	7,727	1,362,041	1,415,5	52	1,644,961		
Public utility licenses	3,803,453	4,361,026	4,555	3,878	4,890,845	4,758,60)6	5,701,276		
Intergovernmental	7,283,761	7,909,370	7,519	9,596	7,520,816	8,387,3	13	8,490,868		
Community programs	972,018	960,036	1,000),188	1,112,109	1,249,2	16	1,281,421		
Fines and forfeitures	684,168	764,265	750	3,907	777,766	929,3	16	1,189,598		
Investment income	429,380	348,425	329	9,421	665,054	884,3	33	771,380		
Miscellaneous	659,422	457,995		3,531	596,398	825,5	18	1,349,506		
Total Revenues	19,853,944	21,253,868	21,082	2,736	23,198,150	24,945,96	30	27,299,218		
Expenditures										
General government	3,009,861	3,110,409	3,986	3.435	3,914,379	4,070,28	35	4,752,688		
Public safety	7,137,008	7,838,638	7,930		7,921,971	8,119,6		8,362,366		
Streets and highways	2,907,164	2,999,624	3,250		3,405,316	3,754,7		3,822,033		
Parks and recreation	1,698,757	1,799,563	1,600		1,657,278	1,759,5		1,839,134		
Community development	111,793	108,161	,	1,357	254,375	220,78		173,316		
Capital outlay	10,224,954	5,745,639	3,100		3,930,973	2,918,3		2,585,407		
Debt service:	10,22 1,00 1	3,713,030	3,10	,,010	3,030,073	2,010,0	-	2,000,101		
Principal	1,220,000	1,450,000	2,040	0.000	2,465,000	2,395,00)()	8,960,000		
Interest and fiscal charges	1,133,151	1,231,434		2,930	962,248	882,20		894,912		
Bond issuance costs	11,166			9,036	-	00 2 ,2	_	76,239		
Total Expenditures	27,453,854	24,283,468	23,142		24,511,540	24,120,6	1	31,466,095		
		<i>(</i>)								
Excess Of Expenditures Over Revenues	(7,599,910)	(3,029,600)	(2,059	9,574)	(1,313,390)	825,34	19	(4,166,877)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Bond proceeds	9,950,000	_		_	_		_	_		
Proceeds from capital lease	_	15,804		_	_		_	_		
Special item	800,000	_		_	_		_	_		
Sale of capital assets	117,699	15,461	24	1,510	123,688	45,91	L 7	36,783		
Issuance of refunding debt	_	_	12,16	5,000	_		_	8,175,000		
Premium on issuance of debt	_	_		_	_		_	73,266		
Payments to refunding escrow agent	_	_	(11,41)	1,136)	_		_	_		
Transfers in	10,149,648	4,570,241	3,855	2,528	3,488,397	4,796,5'	73	2,303,079		
Transfers out	(10,004,274)	(4,430,392)	(3,46)	1,952)	(2,583,920)	(3,672,10	34)	(1,549,079)		
Total Other Financing										
Sources (Uses)	11,013,073	171,114	1,168	3,950	1,028,165	1,170,32	26	9,039,049		
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ 3,413,163	\$ (2,858,486)	\$ (890),624)	\$ (285,225)	\$ 1,995,6	75 \$	\$ 4,872,172		
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital										
expenditures	13.72%	14.46%	1	5.33%	16.65%	15.4	3%	34.39%		

Notes:

GASB Statement 34 was implemented in 2003.

Source: Revenues and expenditures from governmental funds from basic financial statements

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollars In Thousands)

					Total		Total	
_	Real	Property		Railroads	Taxable	Estimated	Direct	
Fiscal	Residential Commercial		Personal	And	Assessed	Actual	Tax	
Year	Property	Property	Property	Utilities	Value	Value	Rate	
1999	\$ 399,963	\$ —	\$ 85,078	\$ 2,396	\$ 487,437	\$ 1,940,097	0.880	
2000	468,061	_	87,862	2,606	$558,\!529$	2,215,676	0.755	
2001	472,516	_	90,470	3,066	566,052	2,244,900	0.755	
2002 *	284,752	292,087	89,103	3,624	$669,\!566$	2,690,159	0.644	
2003	286,748	297,052	84,026	2,634	670,460	2,697,949	0.656	
2004	325,478	298,990	83,640	2,290	710,398	2,905,407	0.652	
2005	325,974	300,037	83,904	2,290	$712,\!205$	2,912,085	0.652	
2006	361,777	307,555	86,774	2,367	758,473	3,132,865	0.796	
2007	367,607	307,107	86,612	2,820	764,147	3,163,050	0.779	
2008	459,370	346,326	84,556	2,881	893,133	3,762,594	0.691	

Notes:

 $^{^{\}star}$ First year that real property was distributed between residential and commercial property. Source - St. Louis County Assessor determines assessments as of January 1.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RESIDENTIAL ONLY) PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	 1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Taxes levied on all property in the City of Clayton										
City of Clayton	\$ 0.880	\$ 0.755	\$ 0.755	\$ 0.644	\$ 0.656	\$ 0.652	\$ 0.652	\$ 0.796	\$ 0.779	\$ 0.691
State of Missouri	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030
St. Louis County	0.720	0.720	0.720	0.720	0.720	0.720	0.730	0.708	0.708	0.698
Special School District	0.640	0.620	0.623	0.835	0.849	0.833	0.905	0.840	0.824	0.908
St. Louis Community College	0.240	0.240	0.240	0.230	0.232	0.231	0.237	0.223	0.223	0.200
Metropolitan St. Louis Sewer District (Extension)	0.070	0.070	0.070	0.069	0.069	0.069	0.069	0.069	0.069	0.067
Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District	0.233	0.233	0.234	0.222	0.222	0.226	0.276	0.265	0.261	0.233
Sheltered Workshop	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.085	0.082	0.082	0.070
Deer Creek Sewer District	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060
Black Jack Sewer District	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060
	3.018	2.873	2.877	2.955	2.983	2.966	3.104	3.133	3.096	3.017
School District (1):										
Clayton School District	3.650	3.410	3.300	2.938	2.945	3.622	3.769	3.925	3.716	3.254
Total	\$ 6.668	\$ 6.283	\$ 6.177	\$ 5.893	\$ 5.928	\$ 6.588	\$ 6.873	\$ 7.058	\$ 6.812	\$ 6.271

Notes:

(1) All property is located in the school district whose boundaries include part of the City.

Source - St. Louis County Assessor

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE FISCAL YEARS AGO

			2008			1999	
Taxpayer		Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage Of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Taxable Assessed Value	Rank	Percentage Of Total City Taxable Assessed Value (2)
Clayton Corporate Park Mgmt. Co.	\$	28,504,000	1	3.19%	\$ 21,841,820	1	4.48%
KBS Clayton Plaza LLC		22,497,600	2	2.52%			
Pierre Laclede LLC		22,438,620	3	2.51%	17,285,570	2	3.55%
Duke Realty LTD Partnership		15,040,000	4	1.68%			
Riggs & Company Trustee		12,980,800	5	1.45%			
HEF 1 - StL No. 1 LLC		11,520,000	6	1.29%	10,051,820	4	2.06%
The Realty Associates Funds V		10,944,000	7	1.23%			
8182 Maryland Associates		10,138,530	8	1.14%	8,432,930	6	1.73%
The Realty Associates Funds VI and VII		9,600,000	9	1.07%			
COP Investment Group LLC		8,550,090	10	0.96%			
EOP Clayton LLC					11,543,780	3	2.37%
The Crawford Group					9,872,780	5	2.03%
The Brown Group					6,270,140	7	1.29%
TCEP II Properties					6,113,920	8	1.25%
CB Bemiston Tower, Inc.					5,854,850	9	1.20%
WHTCS Real Estate LTD Part.	_		-		 5,120,000	10	1.05%
Total	\$	152,213,640	-	17.04%	\$ 102,387,610		21.01%

Notes:

Source - St. Louis County Assessor, ten highest property tax valuations

⁽¹⁾ Total assessed value of the City was \$893,133,344 as of January 1, 2007.

⁽²⁾ Total assessed value of the City was \$487,436,614 as of January 1, 1998.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collected Within The Fiscal Year

	The Fiscal Teal											
Fiscal Year		Tax Levied		Of The Le	vy	Coll	ections In	To	tal Collections	To Date (3)		
Ended		For The			Percentage	St	ıbsequent			Percentage		
September 30,	Fis	Fiscal Year (2)		Amount	Of Levy		Years		Amount	Of Levy		
1999	\$	4,141,897	\$	3,845,863	92.9	\$	418,808	\$	4,264,671	103.0		
2000		4,214,517		3,618,341	85.9		382,842		4,001,183	94.9		
2001		4,275,506		4,059,048	94.9		587,857		4,646,905	108.7		
2002		4,320,414		3,902,880	90.3		171,868		4,074,748	94.3		
2003		4,409,624		4,244,002	96.2		381,852		4,625,854	104.9		
2004		4,587,714		4,382,118	95.5		148,628		4,530,746	98.8		
2005		4,644,371		4,392,929	94.6		181,332		4,574,261	98.5		
2006		6,251,869		4,764,534	76.2		(148, 346)		4,616,188	95.5		
2007		6,206,413		6,123,300	98.7		114,431		6,237,731	100.5		
2008		6,566,784		6,458,568	98.4				6,458,568	99.4		

Notes:

- (1) Source St. Louis County Collectors Office
- (2) Originally adjusted for strikeoffs and additions by St. Louis Board of Equalization after 1978.
- (3) St. Louis County Collectors Office charges a collection fee of 1.5%.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollars In Thousands, Except Per Capita)

-	Governmental Activities								Business-Type Activities													
_					Net											Net						
		Capital	Reserve		Capital			General				Capital	Re	serve	(Capital			Total	Percentage		
Fiscal	Impro	ovement	For Debt	Impro	vement	1	Note	Obligation	Ca	pital	Impro	vement	For	Debt	Improv	ement	Note		Primary	Of Personal		Per
Year		Bonds	Service	Bo	nd Debt	Pay	able	Bonds	Le	eases		Bonds	Se	rvice	Bon	d Debt	Payable	Gov	vernment	Income (2)	Cap	ita (2)
1999	\$	14,172	\$ (1,211)	\$	12,961	\$	99	\$ 11,605	\$	_	\$	3,828	\$	(393)	\$	3,435	\$ —	\$	28,100	3.64	\$	2,094
2000		13,641	(1,279)		12,362		_	10,980		_		3,709		(414)		3,295	_		26,637	3.45		1,985
2001		10,276	(1,368)		8,908		_	10,325		_		2,803		(441)		2,362	_		21,595	2.35		1,355
2002		9,821	(1,343)		8,478		_	9,640		_		2,699		(435)		2,264	_		20,382	2.22		1,279
2003 (3)		21,960	(1,285)		20,675		_	8,930		_		3,380		(425)		2,955	_		32,560	3.55		2,043
2004		21,255	(1,285)		19,970		_	8,185		16		3,245		(423)		2,822	2,152		33,145	3.24		2,080
2005 (4)		21,230	(1,173)		20,057		_	7,410		12		2,655		(426)		2,229	2,091		31,799	3.11		1,995
2006		19,575	(1,304)		18,271		_	6,600		8		2,430		(280)		2,150	1,971		29,000	2.84		1,820
2007		18,020	(1,331)		16,689		_	5,760		4		2,240		(285)		1,955	1,846		26,254	2.57		1,648
2008 (5)		18,110	(1,378)		16,732		_	4,885		_		2,040		(204)		1,836	1,716		25,169	2.46		1,579

Notes:

- (1) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements
- (2) See "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for personal income and population data.
- (3) In fiscal year 2003 the City issued an additional \$9,250,000 in capital improvement bonds for construction of City Hall, Shaw Park Pool and the Fire Station.
- (4) In fiscal year 2005, capital improvement bonds of \$14,820,000 were issued to refund the capital improvement bonds issued in fiscal year 1998.
- (5) In fiscal year 2008, capital improvement bonds of \$8,175,000 were issued to refund \$7,375,000 of the Series 2002 capital improvement bonds.

Source: Basic financial statements

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollars In Thousands, Except Per Capita)

Fiscal Year	General bligation Bonds (1)	Percentage Of Actual Taxable Value of Property (2)	P Capita		
I ISOUI I CUI	Bonus (1)	variae of Froperty (2)	Сир	(0)	
1999	\$ 11,605	2.38	\$	865	
2000	10,980	1.97		818	
2001	10,325	1.82		648	
2002	9,640	1.44		605	
2003	8,930	1.33		560	
2004	8,185	1.16		514	
2005	7,410	1.04		465	
2006	6,600	0.87		414	
2007	5,760	0.75		361	
2008	4,885	0.55		307	

Notes:

- (1) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
- (2) See "Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property" table for property value data.
- (3) See "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for population data.

Source: Basic financial statements and Assessor of St. Louis County

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (Dollars In Thousands)

Name Of Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable To City Of Clayton	Amount Applicable To City Of Clayton
St. Louis County	\$ 66,710	3.6	\$ 2,402
Clayton School District	21,963	84.8	18,625
Subtotal	88,673		21,026
City of Clayton	4,885	100.0	4,885
Total	\$ 93,558		\$ 25,911

Note: Percentage applicable to City of Clayton is the total assessed value of the City of Clayton as a percentage of the total assessed value of the taxable property of the governmental unit.

Sources:

City of Clayton Financial Report

St. Louis County

Clayton School District

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Dollars In Thousands)

	 1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Debt Limit (1) Total net debt applicable to Debt Limit	\$ 48,744 10,806	\$ 55,853 9,979	\$ 56,605 9,054	\$ 66,957 8,830	\$ 67,046 8,137	\$ 71,040 7,431	\$ 71,221 6,680	\$ 75,847 5,859	\$ 76,415 4,993	\$ 89,313 4,097
Legal debt margin	\$ 37,938	\$ 45,874	\$ 47,551	\$ 58,127	\$ 58,909	\$ 63,609	\$ 64,541	\$ 69,988	\$ 71,422	\$ 85,216
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	22.17%	17.87%	16.00%	13.19%	12.14%	10.46%	9.38%	7.22%	6.53%	4.59%

Note: Bonded indebtedness is limited by Sections 95.111 and 95.120 of the Missouri Revised Statutes (1986) to 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property.

Source: Basic financial statements

⁽¹⁾ Debt limit is 10% of the assessed value, which can be found in the "Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property" table.

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE (1) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Gross	Direct Operating	Net Revenue Available For							
Year	Revenue	Expense (2)	Debt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage			
1999	\$ 1,760,831	\$ 689,197	\$ 1,071,634	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	_			
2000	1,868,869	599,423	1,269,446	_	_	_	_			
2001	2,028,928	863,203	1,165,725	_	_	_	_			
2002	1,866,391	879,418	986,973	_	_	_	_			
2003	1,963,896	854,050	1,109,846	_	_	_	_			
2004	1,711,194	638,087	1,073,107	_	_	_	_			
2005	1,595,313	616,907	978,406	_	_	_	_			
2006	1,486,560	793,063	693,497	_	_	_	_			
2007	1,416,686	679,069	737,617	_	_	_	_			
2008	1,420,803	644,673	776,130	_	_		_			

Notes:

- (1) Capital Improvement Bonds issued in fiscal years 2003, 2005 and 2008 did not constitute a general obligation or indebtedness of the City for which the City is obligated to levy or pledge any form of taxation and therefore are not shown.
- (2) Direct operating expenses do not include interest and depreciation.

Source: Basic financial statements

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

Voor	Population (1)	Personal Income (Thousands Of Dollars)	Median Household	Clayton School District	Unemployment
Year	ropulation (1)	Of Dollars)	Income (2)	Enrollment (3)	Rate (4)
1999	13,417	\$ 772,309	\$ 57,562	2,404	1.7 %
2000	13,417	772,309	57,562	2,460	1.5 %
2001	15,935	917,250	57,562	2,440	2.2 %
2002	15,935	917,250	57,562	2,442	2.6 %
2003	15,935	917,250	57,562	2,478	2.8 %
2004	15,935	1,022,772	64,184	2,548	2.6 %
2005	15,935	1,022,772	64,184	2,558	2.5 %
2006	15,935	1,022,772	64,184	2,460	2.6 %
2007	15,935	1,022,772	64,184	2,479	2.8 %
2008	15,935	1,022,772	64,184	2,490	3.5 %

- (1) Source 1990 U.S. Bureau of Census for population estimates 1999 to 2000; source of data for 2001-2008, current population estimate revised census 2000 from U.S. Census Bureau dated December 7, 2001.
- (2) Source sources of data from 1999 2003 from 1990 U.S. Bureau of Census. Sources of data from 2004-2008 from 2000 U.S. Bureau of Census.
- (3) Source Director of Communications for the School District of Clayton.
- (4) Source 2001 and previous, Missouri Division of Employment Security from U.S. Census Bureau Records; 2002 through 2008 Missouri Department of Economic Development (based on 2000 census).

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE FISCAL YEARS AGO

		2008			1999		
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage Of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage Of Total City Employment	
St. Louis County	1,850	1	5.29	1,800	1	6.00	
Enterprise Rent-A Car	769	2	2.20	1,022	2	3.41	
Clayton Corporate Management	675	3	1.93				
Brown Group	633	4	1.81	454	4	1.51	
Commerce Bank	537	5	1.53	436	5	1.45	
Clayton School District	485	6	1.39	470	3	1.57	
Centene Management Company	475	7	1.36				
Restaurant at Ritz Carlton	365	8	1.04	377	7	1.26	
Ritz Carlton	301	9	0.86	400	6	1.33	
Rehab Care Group Inc.	288	10	0.82				
The Earthgrains Company				375	8	1.25	
Clark Refining & Marketing				374	9	1.25	
Bank of America	-			207	10	0.69	
Total	6,378		18.23	5,915		19.72	

Notes:

Total employees for the City was estimated, based on square footage of commercial buildings that existed in Clayton nine years ago and currently. Source - Business License Database from Finance Division, St. Louis County HR Division and Clayton School District.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-Time Equivalent Employees As Of September 30,

		Full-Time Equivalent Employees As Of September 50,										
Function/Program	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008		
General government:										_		
Elected officials	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7		
City Clerk (1)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	_		
City Manager	4	4	4	3	3	3	4	4	5	5		
Economic Development (2)	1	1	1	1	1	1	_	_	_	_		
Human resources	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2		
Finance	5	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7		
Municipal court	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Information systems	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3		
Planning and development	10	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10		
Police:												
Officers	51	51	53	53	53	52	52	52	52	52		
Civilians (3)	13	13	15	15	14	8	8	8	8	7		
Fire:												
Firefighters and officers	30	32	32	33	32	35	35	35	35	35		
Civilians	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Public Works:												
Engineering	6	6	6	6	5	5	5	5	5	5		
Street maintenance	13	13	16	16	17	16	16	16	16	16		
Vehicle maintenance	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4		
Building maintenance	3	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	3	2		
Parking maintenance	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Parks and recreation:												
Administration/recreation (4)	7	7	7	13	13	14	14	14	15	16		
Parks maintenance	8	10	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	9		
Total	173	179	187	192	188	185	186	186	187	185		

Notes:

- (1) Transfer of City Clerk position to City Manager's Office from Legislative in 2007.
- (2) Economic development employee moved to communications in administrative services in 2005.
- (3) Dispatcher positions eliminated in 2004 when City joined East Central Dispatch Center (ECDC) in 2004. Dispatchers transferred to ECDC.
- (4) Community Resource Coordinator position added in 2008.

Source: City of Clayton Annual Budgets (1999-2008)

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST SIX FISCAL YEARS*

	Fiscal Year											
Function/Program		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008
Police:												
Arrests		432		670		848		973		1,176		959
Parking violations		4,579		4,526		4,114		5,362		3,729		2,890
Traffic violations		5,423		5,364		7,402		7,626		6,011		7,053
Parking tickets **		59,829		57,738		50,222		44,221		43,427		44,200
Fire:												
Emergency response ambulance		1,212		1,418		1,370		1,430		1,497		1,648
Emergency response- fire		1,639		1,470		1,460		1,420		1,665		1,739
Inspections		907		800		767		520		656		717
TD 1 1 4:												
Parks and recreation:		7 00		7.49		700		051		071		1.007
Shaw Park Pool - Passes Shaw Park Ice Rink - Passes		533		542		528		651		871		1,025
Platinum Passes		11		13		16		8		150		15
		26				26		_		152		267
Tennis Court - Passes Pool/Tennis - Passes				30		26 69		8 57		9		17
		81		73						66		56
Tri Passes (pool/rink/tennis)		2		11		12		13				4
Shelter Rentals (including picnic pads)		468		391		497		266		306		269
Planning and development:												
Residential permits issued		173		202		172		304		282		299
Estimated cost of construction												
for residential permits	\$	33,443,381	\$	20,694,236	\$	29,333,420	\$	43,081,206	\$	33,021,571	\$	26,602,257
Commercial permits issued	,	272	,	281	,	274	,	113	,	135	,	183
Est, cost of construction												
for commercial permits	\$	33,135,438	\$	68,617,644	\$	31,775,928	\$	57,891,052	\$	28,898,204	\$	71,511,966
•	*	00,200,200	*	,,	4	,,	*	-,,,	*	,	*	,,
Finance and administration:								0.00		=0.4		
Business licenses issued		890		893		894		889		791		787
Liquor licenses issued		62		64		67		63		62		63

Notes:

No operating indicators by function/program are available for the Administration

or Public Works Departments

Sources: City of Clayton Annual Reports (2003-2008), various City departments

^{*} Data for operating indicators by function/program before fiscal year 2003 is not readily available.

** Parking tickets not included in parking violations.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	Fiscal Year									
	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Vehicles	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	26
Fire:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire hydrants	371	371	371	371	371	371	371	371	371	371
Vehicles:										
Ladder Trucks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Pumpers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Rescue Trucks	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ambulances	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Public Works:										
Miles of streets - paved (1)	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	38.0
Miles of alleys	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3
Miles of sidewalks	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Number of street lights	2,190	2,190	2,190	2,190	2,190	2,200	2,200	2,200	2,200	2,200
Number of traffic signals	27	27	27	27	27	28	28	28	28	28
Parks and recreation:										
Acres of Parks	84.3	84.3	84.3	84.3	84.3	84.3	84.4	84.4	84.4	84.4
Number of Parks (2)	9	9	9	9	9	9	10	10	10	10
Athletic Complex	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Aquatic Center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Notes:

No capital asset indicators are available for the Administration, Finance or Planning functions.

Source: City of Clayton Annual Reports (1998-2007), various City departments

⁽¹⁾ Survey taken by Public Works in 2008 resulted in new figures. Miles include private subdivisions located in and maintained by the City.

⁽²⁾ Added Whitburn Park in 2005 - size 1/8 acre.