CITY OF CLAYTON, MISSOURI COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For The Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2007

Report prepared and submitted by the Finance Department

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The City of Clayton

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March 25, 2008

To the Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Clayton, Missouri, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007, is herewith submitted for your review. The information presented in the CAFR is the responsibility of the City's management. The report was prepared by the Finance Department, which believes that the financial statements, supporting schedules, and statistical information fairly present the financial condition of the City. We further believe that all presented data is accurate in all aspects and that all necessary disclosures have been included to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the City's financial affairs.

REPORTING STANDARDS

This is the fifth year that the City has presented its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report under the new reporting model, as required by the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments. The format and a description of these reports are addressed in the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and in the notes to the financial statements.

ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND BUDGETARY CONTROL

The diversity of governmental operations and the necessity for legal compliance preclude recording and summation of all financial transactions in a single accounting entity. The City's accounting system is therefore organized and operated on a fund basis, wherein each fund is a distinct and separate self-balancing entity.

The City's financial records utilize two bases of accounting. The modified accrual basis is utilized by governmental funds. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when measurable and available, and expenditures are recorded when the fund liability is incurred, except for interest on long-term debt.

The accrual basis of accounting is utilized by the proprietary and pension trust funds. Consideration is given to the adequacy of internal accounting controls governing the financial transactions and records of the City.

Internal controls are designed and developed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded and that transactions are properly executed and recorded in line with management's policy and generally accepted accounting principles.



Budgetary control is maintained at the departmental and fund levels partially through the use of an encumbrance system. Monies of respective accounts are encumbered as purchase orders so that budgeted appropriations may not be overspent without proper approval. Open encumbrances at year-end are reported as reservations of the fund balance.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ITS SERVICES

The City of Clayton was incorporated in 1913. Its borders encompass 2.54 square miles. The City has a population of 15,935 and serves as the governmental seat for St. Louis County, Missouri. The governing body consists of an elected six-member Board of Aldermen and Mayor who collectively appoint a City Manager to administer daily operations.

The City provides a full range of municipal services including public works, parks and recreation, public safety, community development and general administration.

All funds included in this CAFR reflect the above municipal services and subsequent services of the City.

FIDUCIARY DUTIES

One of the fiduciary duties carried out by the City is pension management. Eligible City employees participate in one of two single-employer pension plans. These plans are the City of Clayton Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund and the Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund.

Effective January 1, 1994, the City revised the previously existing uniformed employee defined benefit and defined contribution plans, and combined these plans into a single defined benefit plan, Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund. Uniformed employees contribute 5% of their salary until they have completed thirty years of service. The City contributes an actuarially determined amount to meet current costs and the amortization of past service liability.

The Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement Fund is a defined benefit plan in which employees normally contribute 3% of their salary and the City contributes an actuarially determined amount to the plan. The plan has exceeded 100% funding for several years. Since 1991, the City has chosen to suspend the employee contribution and in December 2004, the City suspended voluntary employer contributions.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Internal Service Fund - All insurance expenses for the City are recorded in the Insurance Fund. These expenses include general liability, property, and employee related insurance such as life, health, workers' compensation, etc. After being insured for general liability through a state-wide insurance pool for a number of years, the City switched to the St. Louis Area Insurance Trust (SLAIT) effective January 1, 2005. After being self-insured since 1991, and in an effort to limit its financial exposure, the City also chose SLAIT to insure for workers compensation coverage effective May 20, 2005. Additional information is provided in the notes to the basic financial statements. There are no residual liabilities from the previous self-insured workers compensation program or the previous general liability insurance pool.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

At year-end, Government-wide debt was \$27,870,495 (excluding the deferred amount on refunding of \$575,385 and compensated absences of \$251,172) consisting of a special assessment with governmental commitment, general obligation bonds, special obligation bonds, capital leases and an intergovernmental agreement with St. Louis County for the Shaw Park Parking Facility.

CASH MANAGEMENT

Cash of the governmental, proprietary, and internal service funds, temporarily not used in operations, is invested in collateralized or insured overnight funds, certificates of deposit backed by United States agencies or Treasury obligations. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not invest in securities maturing more than three years from the date of purchase, and have not done so unless circumstances warranted other consideration. Yields earned from these investments ranged from 2.65% to 5.30%. The Federal Reserve Bank has decreased the overnight Federal funds rate in FY2007 from 5.25% to 4.75% and any further decrease will decrease interest earnings for all operating funds.

Longer-term investments of corporate bonds, stocks, and U.S. Government Agency and Treasury obligations and securities are utilized for cash and investments in the Non-Uniformed Employees and Uniformed Employees Retirement Funds. The pension benefit obligation funding ratio for the Non-Uniformed Employees Retirement plan increased slightly from 108.4% to 109.4% according to the actuarial valuation report dated July 1, 2007. This small increase in funding level is due to a slight increase of the actuarial present value of assets in relation to accrued benefits. The Uniformed Employees Retirement plan funded ratio increased from 82.8% to 87.4% due primarily to both employer and employee contributions and moderately favorable investment results according to the actuarial valuation report dated January 1, 2007.

ECONOMIC EVENTS AND THE FUTURE

Within two and a half square miles, Clayton blends a bustling business district with an outstanding housing mix. The central business district (CBD) combines approximately 7,000,000 square feet of prestigious office space with the vitality of more than 1,000,000 square feet in retail space. Clayton's charming residential neighborhoods provide a mix of housing, to include single-family homes, condominiums and multi-family apartment dwellings. Much of the residential area is within walking distance of the CBD or neighborhood retail districts that include specialty boutiques, flower shops, restaurants, dry cleaners, fitness facilities and cafes. In addition to the thriving business district and strong residential neighborhoods, the City has also devoted more than 70 acres of green space to passive and active park areas. Included in these resources is The Center of Clayton, a multi-use recreational facility operated in conjunction with the Clayton School District.

Clayton's location within the region further strengthens the City's attractiveness to residents, businesses and visitors. As the seat for St. Louis County, many St. Louis County residents come to Clayton on a daily basis to do business in the many County offices. The recent opening of MetroLink, the region's light-rail system, through Clayton, provides easy and quick access to downtown St. Louis, the airport and parts of south St. Louis County. A regional bus transfer station that is connected to the Central Avenue MetroLink station provides public transportation access to most of the region. Finally, Clayton's proximity to numerous interstates and major County arterials, as well as its central location, means that trips to the airport, downtown St. Louis or other major attractions can be made within 15 minutes.

Clayton's thriving retail community includes 79 award-winning restaurants and 234 vibrant retail boutiques and personal service businesses. Clayton's downtown is the region's premier business district and home to numerous Forbes and Fortune 500 headquarters and branch offices. To name just a few, Clayton's quality of life has attracted Enterprise Rent-A-Car, Brown Shoe Group, Commerce Bank, National City Bank, Rehab Care Group, Graybar, Barry-Wehmiller Companies, Olin Corporation, and a majority of the largest law firms in the St. Louis area. Clayton maintains one of the highest commercial occupancy rates in the region. The Clayton office and retail market continues to be one of the steadiest submarkets in the St. Louis area. Vacancy rates for the last several years have continued to stay in the 10% to 12% range, slightly lower than the regional average. During the past year, the vacancy rate has decreased to 6.5% -- one of the lowest in the metropolitan area.

Clayton continues to process and approve plans for major developments. For example, in November 2006, Conrad Properties officially opened Maryland Walk, a new \$32 million, 17-story mixed-use building that provides 101 high-end condominiums and approximately 8,000 square feet of new commercial space. The development appeals to a cross-section of residents from various walks of life creating demographic diversity, which will in turn add to the vitality of downtown Clayton.

Mark S. Mehlman Realty officially opened The Crescent, a nine story, \$40,000,000 mixed-use development on the north side of Carondelet Plaza across from the Plaza in Clayton. The Crescent features 72 luxury condominium units, 25,797 square feet of ground level retail and 259 parking spaces located on the first two levels of the building. The building is designed to follow the curvature of the street and is compatible with both the Plaza in Clayton and The Ritz-Carlton, St. Louis. The project has adopted the City's streetscape and will include public art.

Orchard Development Group received approval to build the Trianon at the Forsyth MetroLink (light rail) Station, just east of the Ritz-Carlton. The Trianon is a \$150 million mixed-use development that is expected to include 175 apartment units and 175 condominiums with a variety of floor plans and price points. Approximately 33,500 square feet of street-level retail space is also proposed. The project is unique because of its proximity to the MetroLink passenger station at Forsyth Boulevard and Forest Park Parkway.

R.J. York Development recently proposed a \$110 million mixed-use construction project to be located near Central Avenue and Maryland Avenue. The project is estimated to be a 22 story high rise tower that will include a 200-240 room hotel, 19,400 square feet of retail, and approximately 34-50 luxury residential condominiums, as well as nearby parking infrastructure. The project, if approved, is expected to generate significant additional economic activity for the City at the very core of the Central Business District. Further, existing retail adjacent to the project is expected to increase with the opening of the new development.

Mark S. Mehlman Realty has presented plans for the Carondelet Village. The proposal for the mixed-use development includes approximately 110,000 square feet of retail space, a multi-screen movie theater/performing arts center which will be connected to a boutique hotel with 150 rooms, and 110,000 square feet of boutique office space. With the addition of a critical mass in retail and a 663 parking facility, the developer feels that the \$128 million project will reestablish Clayton as a shopping destination. The proposed Village will offer Clayton residents the opportunity to stay in Clayton to shop, while drawing visitors from the entire region to shop and dine in Clayton. At its December 18, 2007 meeting the Board of Aldermen unanimously approved the City's first ever use of Tax Increment Financing (TIF) for the proposed development. Following the adoption of the ordinance authorizing the use of TIF, the project must go through the site plan review process. The Board must also negotiate a redevelopment agreement.

The City continues to experience solid growth in its overall assessed valuation. Since 1998, the City's total assessed valuation has increased by 63%. This growth is further shown by the significant increases in new residential homes, condominium conversions, home remodeling/additions, and new condominium buildings. In fact, since 2003, more than \$300 million has been spent on such residential improvements. In the past 12 months alone, the City has experienced more than \$40 million in construction of new homes and remodeling of existing residential structures. Even with the challenges of a slower housing market, the City expects continued reinvestment in its neighborhoods, continued conversions of multi-family apartments into condominiums, new homes in place of smaller ranch-style structures, and additional residential projects within the Central Business District.

AWARD

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Clayton for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2006. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such CAFR must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. The City of Clayton has received a Certificate of Achievement for the last twenty consecutive years (fiscal years ended 1987-2006). We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The City's policy is to have the financial statements of the City audited annually by an independent Certified Public Accountant. The City has complied with this policy for fiscal year 2007 and the independent auditor's report is included with this CAFR.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The quality and timely preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report was made possible by the dedicated service of the Mayor and Board of Aldermen, City staff, and RubinBrown LLP.

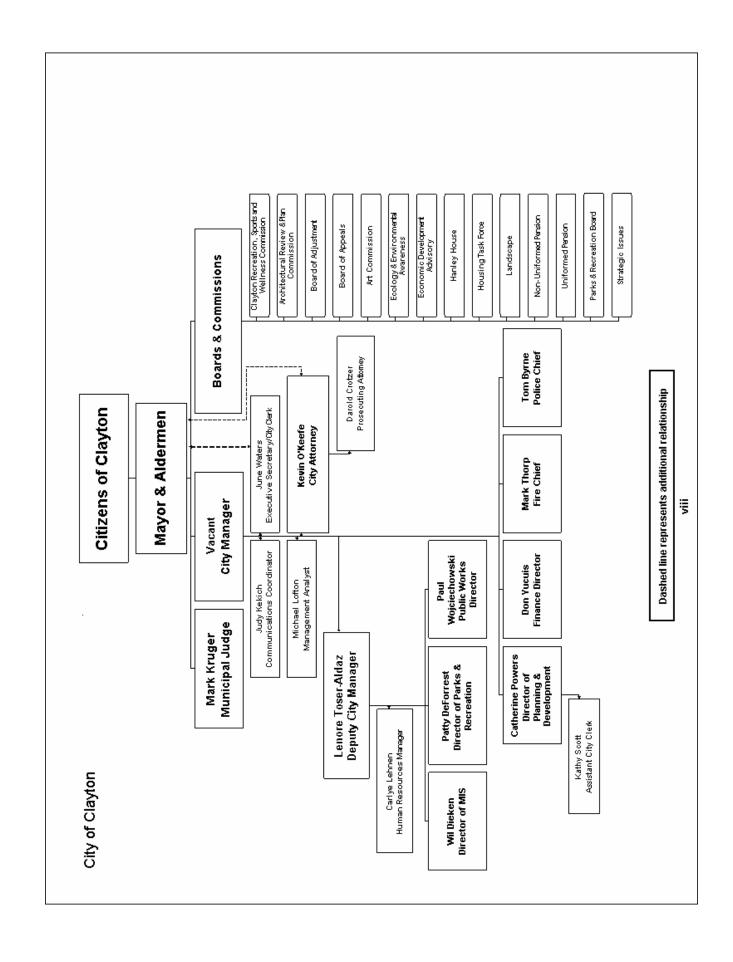
Respectfully submitted,

June Ion- alday

Lenore Toser-Aldaz Acting City Manager Donald J. Yucuis Director of Finance

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

Mayor Linda Goldstei	n
Aldermen:	
Judy R. Goodma	n
Cynthia Garnhol	
Alex Berger, I	П
Steven E. Lichtenfel	d
Michelle Harr	
	ıs
That ou Haudon Dane	
Acting City ManagerLenore Toser-Alda	\mathbf{z}



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Clayton Missouri

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2006

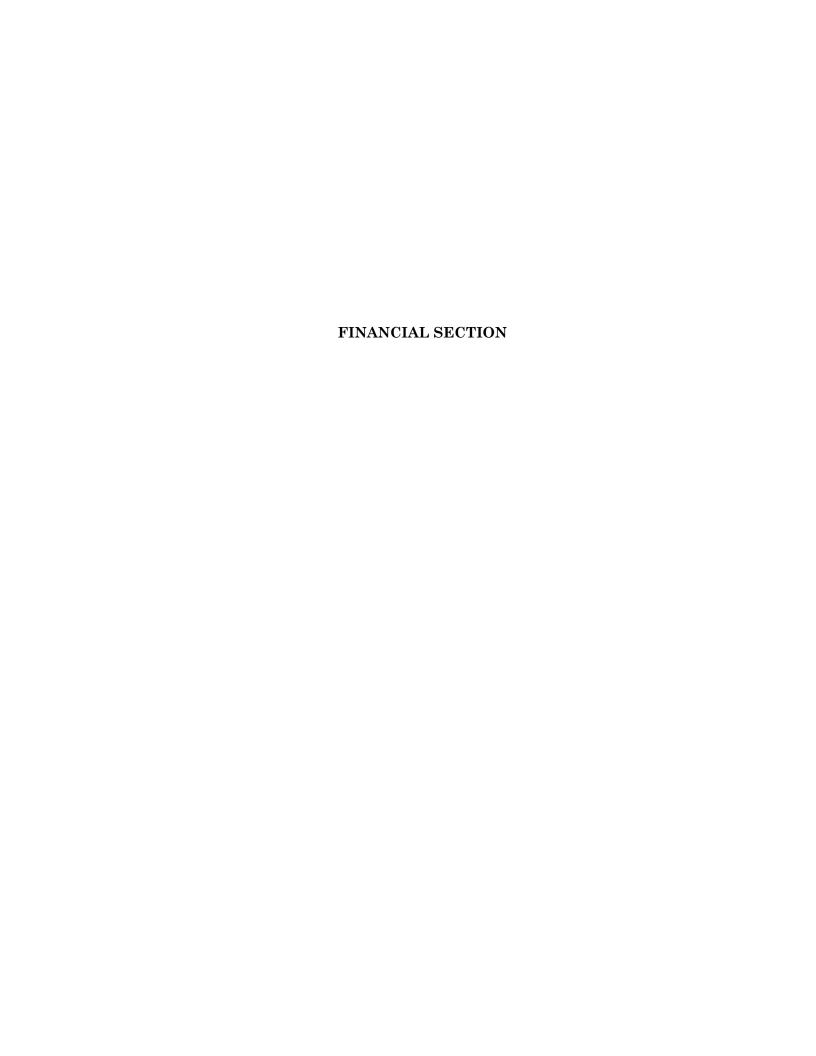
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government units and public employee retirement
systems whose comprehensive annual financial
reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest
standards in government accounting
and financial reporting.



Cline S. Cox

President

Executive Director





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Independent Auditors' Report

The Honorable Mayor and Board of Aldermen City of Clayton, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Clayton, Missouri, (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activity, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



The Management's Discussion and Analysis and Budgetary Comparison Information as listed in the table of contents are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the statistical tables are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory section and the statistical tables have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

March 25, 2008

Rubin Brown LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The management of the City of Clayton, Missouri presents this narrative overview and analysis to assist our readers in reviewing and understanding the accompanying annual financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2007. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that is furnished in the letter of transmittal which can be found on pages i-vi of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The net assets of the City of Clayton at the close of the most recent fiscal year were \$49,622,719; an increase of \$4,233,407 from the prior year. Governmental Activities increased \$4,179,092 and business activities increased \$54,315. Of this amount, \$25,897,802 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City of Clayton's governmental funds on page 14 as of the close of the current fiscal year reported a combined ending fund balance of \$17,705,057, an increase of \$1,995,675 in comparison to the prior year. Approximately 84% of the total amount, or \$15,262,822, is available for spending at the City's discretion.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City of Clayton, Missouri's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with an overview of the City's finances, presenting all funds in a more simplified format. This section is similar to financial reporting used by commercial entities. Note that the government-wide financial statements exclude fiduciary fund (Pension Trust Funds) activities.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, including long-term debt and capital assets in the governmental funds. The difference between assets and liabilities is reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as transactions occur, regardless of when the related cash flows are reported. Therefore, some revenues and expenses included in this statement may reflect cash flows that actually occur in future periods.

Management's Discussion And Analysis (Continued)

Government-wide statements are separated into two major categories: 1) governmental activities that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities include general government, public safety, highways and streets, parks and recreation, and community development, and 2) business-type activities that are supported with user fees and charges. The business-type activity includes all City-owned and managed parking facilities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

Funds are used in government accounting to separate resources that are designated for specific programs or activities. The City of Clayton, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with the laws, regulations and contractual agreements that establish the authority for the City's programs and services. The funds for the City of Clayton can be divided into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for the City's basic services, the same services that are included in the governmental activities on the government-wide statements. However, the information in the fund statements is measured differently. Governmental funds focus on current financial resources rather than economic resources. Therefore, the statements include the short-term resources, such as cash, investments and receivables, that will be collected in the next few months, and liabilities that will be retired with these monies. This information is important for assessing the City's current financial resources.

The reconciliation in the fund statements explains the difference between the governmental funds in the fund statements and the governmental activities found in the government-wide financial statements. This reconciliation will explain the adjustments necessary to compile the long-term resources and liabilities for the government-wide statements with the current picture presented in the fund statements.

Clayton utilizes the following major governmental funds:

- General
- Revolving Public Improvement
- Equipment Replacement

The larger funds are presented as major funds while the other funds are presented in the combining statements for non-major funds. A description of the major funds can be found on page 24 in the notes to the financial statements. Both major and non-major fund statements include a balance sheet and statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances.

Management's Discussion And Analysis (Continued)

Clayton adopts an annual budget for all funds except the Police Forfeiture and Police Officer Standards Training (P.O.S.T.) Fund, Firefighter Assistance Grant Fund, 1997-98 Capital Project Bond Fund, the Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road Fund, and the 2005 Bond Reserve Fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for all budgeted funds to demonstrate legal compliance with the respective adopted budget. Budgetary comparisons for the general fund can be found on pages 56 and 57 in the required supplementary information. All other major and non-major funds budgetary comparisons can be found in the supplementary information section starting on page 58.

Proprietary Funds

Clayton's *proprietary fund* types consist of an enterprise fund, the Parking Facilities Revenue Fund, and an internal service fund, the Insurance Fund. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Proprietary fund financial statements may be found on pages 18 through 20.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. The City is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the Uniformed and Non-Uniformed Employee Retirement plans. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the City's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets and a statement of changes in fiduciary net assets. These activities are excluded from the City's government-wide financial statements because the City cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The fiduciary fund statements may be found on pages 21 and 22.

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

Notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the information included in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes provide additional details about the balances and transactions in the City's financial statements and may be found on pages 23 through 55.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, certain required supplementary information can be found on pages 56 and 57 of this report.

Supplementary Information

The combining and individual fund statements, referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds, are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 58 through 84 of this report.

Management's Discussion And Analysis (Continued)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

This is the fifth year that the City of Clayton has presented its financial statements under the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. Therefore, a comparative analysis of government-wide data is included in this report.

As noted earlier, net assets over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Clayton, assets exceeded liabilities by \$49,622,719 at the close of the most recent fiscal year, an increase of \$4,233,407.

A major portion of the City of Clayton's net assets are invested in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets which total \$20,710,530 or 42% of net assets. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate the liabilities.

Unrestricted net assets of \$25,897,802 are another major portion of the City's net assets (52%) that may be used to meet on-going obligations to citizens and creditors.

City of Clayton's Net Assets

	(Government	overnmental Activities			Business-Ty	Activities	Total Primary Government				
		2007		2006		2007		2006		2007		2006
Assets												
Current and other assets	\$	21,189,290	\$	18,779,398	\$	10,689,710	\$	10,513,658	\$	31,879,000	\$	29,293,056
Capital assets		34,589,663		34,607,971		13,299,077		13,729,986		47,888,740		48,337,957
Total Assets	\$	55,778,953	\$	53,387,369	\$	23,988,787	\$	24,243,644	\$	79,767,740	\$	77,631,013
Liabilities												
Current liabilities	\$	2,515,421	\$	1,956,561	\$	83,318	\$	103,950	\$	2,598,739	\$	2,060,511
Noncurrent liabilities	•	23,647,915	,	25,994,283	,	3,898,367	,	4,186,907	,	27,546,282	•	30,181,190
Total Liabilities		26,163,336		27,950,844		3,981,685		4,290,857		30,145,021		32,241,701
Net Assets												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		11,295,023		8,732,202		9,415,507		9,545,577		20,710,530		18,277,779
Restricted		2,729,192		2,613,411		285,195		280,174		3,014,387		2,893,585
Unrestricted		15,591,402		14,090,912		10,306,400		10,127,036		25,897,802		24,217,948
Total Net Assets	\$	29,615,617	\$	25,436,525	\$	20,007,102	\$	19,952,787	\$	49,622,719	\$	45,389,312

Management's Discussion And Analysis (Continued)

The Statement of Activities is the second statement in the government-wide statements. The following table outlines the major components of this statement.

City of Clayton's Statement of Activities

	Governmen	tal	Activities]	Business-Ty	ре	Activities	Total Primar	overnment	
	2007		2006		2007		2006	2007		2006
Program Revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 4,225,480	\$	3,825,043	\$	1,416,686	\$	1,486,560	\$ 5,642,166	\$	5,311,603
Operating grants	1,232,687		924,132		_		_	1,232,687		924,132
Capital grants and										
contributions	287,100		_		_		_	287,100		_
General Revenues:										
Property tax	6,332,125		6,135,030		_		_	6,332,125		6,135,030
Sales tax	6,226,794		5,934,900		_		_	6,226,794		5,934,900
Utility tax	4,758,606		4,890,845		_		_	4,758,606		4,890,845
Other taxes	565,780		554,595		_		_	565,780		554,595
Investment earnings	884,333		665,054		586,580		367,140	1,470,913		1,032,194
Gain on sale of capital assets	_		70,222		330,776		2,243,132	330,776		2,313,354
Other general revenues	400,027		220,455		_		_	400,027		220,455
Total Revenues	24,912,932		23,220,276		2,334,042		4,096,832	27,246,974		27,317,108
Program Expenses										
General government	4,585,667		4,253,478		_		_	4,585,667		4,253,478
Public safety	8,246,154		8,660,970		_		_	8,246,154		8,660,970
Streets and highways	5,919,304		4,530,039		_		_	5,919,304		4,530,039
Parks and recreation	1,975,986		2,865,602		_		_	1,975,986		2,865,602
Community development	220,788		975,774		_		_	220,788		975,774
Interest on long-term debt	910,350		989,693		_		_	910,350		989,693
Parking facility	_		_		1,155,318		1,274,489	1,155,318		1,274,489
Total Program Expenses	21,858,249		22,275,556		1,155,318		1,274,489	23,013,567		23,550,045
Excess (Deficiency) Before										
Transfers	3,054,683		944,720		1,178,724		2,822,343	4,233,407		3,767,063
Transfers	1,124,409		904,477		(1,124,409)		(904,477)	_		_
Change In Not Assets	4 170 000		1 940 107		5/ 91E		1 017 900	4 999 407		2 767 062
Change In Net Assets	4,179,092		1,849,197		54,315		1,917,866	4,233,407		3,767,063
Net Assets - Beginning Of Year	25,436,525		23,587,328		19,952,787		18,034,921	45,389,312		41,710,439
Net Assets - End Of Year	\$ 29,615,617	\$	25,436,525	\$	20,007,102	\$	19,952,787	\$ 49,622,719	\$	45,477,502

The City of Clayton's overall net assets of \$49,622,719 increased \$4,233,407 during the current fiscal year.

Governmental Activities net assets increased by \$4,179,092 to \$29,615,617 during the current fiscal year. Revenues exceeded expenses by \$3,054,683 and transfers in from Parking Fund totaled \$1,124,409.

Management's Discussion And Analysis (Continued)

Overall, FY 07 governmental activities revenue totaled \$24,912,932 or \$1,692,666 more than the prior fiscal year. Specifically, program revenues totaled \$5,745,267 or \$996,092 more than the prior fiscal year. \$400,437 of the \$996,092 increase is from charges for services from increased revenue from pilot fees, parking and court fines and business licenses. Operating and capital grants totaling \$1,519,787 increased \$595,655 and is from one-time specific capital projects grants. General revenue totaled \$19,167,665 or \$696,564 more than the prior fiscal year. Property, sales and utility tax revenue total \$17,317,525 or 69.5% of total revenues and a net increase of \$356,750. Property tax and sales tax revenue were more by \$488,989 and utility tax was less by \$132,239. Investment earnings totaled \$884,333 or \$219,279 more than the prior year due to higher interest rates and more funds available to invest than the prior year.

Governmental activities program expenses for FY 07 totaled \$21,858,249 or \$417,307 less than the prior fiscal year. General government and streets and highway expenses totaled \$10,504,971 or an increase of \$1,721,454 and is mainly due to expenses related major capital projects in these areas being more than the prior year. Public safety, parks and recreation, community development and interest on long-term debt totaled \$11,353,278 or a decrease of \$2,138,761 and is mainly due to expenses related major capital projects in these areas being less than the prior year.

Business-Type Activities net assets increased by \$54,315 to \$20,007,102 during the fiscal year. Total current fiscal year business-type revenues of \$2,334,042 were \$1,762,790 lower than the prior fiscal year. Gain on sale of capital assets were lower by \$1,912,356 and due to the sale of the Carondelet Parking facility in the prior fiscal year and the sale of a small under utilized parking lot in the current fiscal year. Program revenues totaled \$1,416,686 and were \$69,874 lower than the prior fiscal year due to the sale of the parking facility. Investment earnings totaled \$586,580 or \$219,440 more due to higher investment balances and interest rates than the prior fiscal year.

Business-type program expenses totaled \$1,115,318 or \$119,171 less than the prior fiscal year due to the sale of the parking facility. Transfers to governmental activities totaled \$1,124,409 or \$219,932 more due to increased funding for capital projects.

Financial Analysis Of The Government's Funds

The fund statements present the City's financial information in a more detailed format. Fund statements provide important information about the City's compliance with laws and regulations that define the local government environment in Missouri. The measurement principles in the governmental fund statements are also different than the government-wide statements. Fund statements focus on current and short-term resources, while government-wide statements present the long-term view.

Management's Discussion And Analysis (Continued)

Governmental Funds

The City's total governmental funds, as shown on page 14, at the end of the current fiscal year, reported an ending fund balance of \$17,705,057, an increase of \$1,995,675 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 86% of this total amount (\$15,262,822) constitutes *unreserved fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. Although the Equipment Replacement Fund has an unreserved balance, if those funds were used, then alternative sources of revenue would need to be found to pay for equipment purchased in the future. The remainder of fund balance is *reserved* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it has already been committed 1) to liquidate contracts and purchase orders of the prior period, \$124,744 and 2) to pay debt service, \$2,317,491. The governmental funds may be viewed on pages 14 through 17.

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City. At the end of the current year, unreserved fund balance was \$9,552,077 while total fund balance reached \$9,676,416. Unreserved fund balance represents 54% of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out. The City's General Fund minimum reserve policy level is 25% of expenditures and transfers. The City's General Fund balance increased \$1,347,733, primarily due to a total increase of \$904,615 in all of the revenue categories.

The entire Revolving Public Improvement Fund Balance totaling \$2,249,824 is unreserved. The net increase in fund balance of \$448,057 was due to planned expenses being less than the prior year. Transfers in of \$540,409 are from the Parking Fund and transfers out of \$996,154 are to pay for a portion of the debt service on the 1999 and 2002 bond issues.

The Equipment Replacement Fund has a total fund balance of \$2,662,994. Almost the entire fund balance is unreserved but designated for the replacement of all the vehicles and large dollar equipment in the City. The funding source is from a charge-back to the Revolving Public Improvement Fund.

Proprietary Funds

The fund statements for the proprietary funds look much like the business-type activities in the government-wide statements. Proprietary fund financial information is measured with the same principles used by commercial enterprises, so this information does not change from the fund statement to the government-wide statement. Proprietary fund information may be found on pages 18 through 20.

Unrestricted net assets for the Parking (enterprise) Fund on page 18 increased \$179,364 to \$10,306,400. Total net assets of the Parking Fund increased \$54,315 to \$20,007,102.

The entire net assets of the Insurance (internal service) Fund on page 18 are unrestricted and total \$624,683, an increase of \$101,383.

Management's Discussion And Analysis (Continued)

General Fund Significant Variances - Budget and Actual

Pages 56 and 57 summarize the General Fund budget to actual. The General Fund had no differences between the original and final budget for revenues and expenditures. As stated earlier, the City policy on General Fund balance is a minimum of 25% of expenditures and transfers. The current balance is 54%.

Overall, the net change in fund balance on a budget basis was an increase of \$1,227,489. Actual General Fund revenue was \$1,455,703 or 8.3% more than the final budget and is due to a conservative budgeting philosophy.

The actual General Fund expenditures were \$228,397 or 1.3% more than the final budget. Public Safety was under budget by \$149,401 due to savings in personnel costs while street and highways and general government were over budget by \$305,799 and \$77,502, respectively, due to increased professional services related to the Interstate 64 construction project and unbudgeted grant activity.

Capital Asset And Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2007 totaled \$47,888,740 (net of accumulated depreciation). The investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvement other than buildings, machinery/equipment, infrastructure, and construction in progress. The total change in the City's investment in capital assets was a decrease of \$450,217. The majority of the decrease in investment in capital assets is due to current year depreciation expense in excess of additions and the sale of a City-owned parking lot.

Capital Assets

City of Clayton Capital Assets (net of depreciation)

	Governmental Activities]	Business-Type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	2007		2006		2007		2006		2007		2006	
Land	\$	1,320,981	\$	1,072,517	\$	1,642,361	\$	1,726,669	\$	2,963,342	\$	2,799,186
Buildings		13,730,917		13,966,862		11,544,222		11,855,434		25,275,139		25,822,296
Improvements other than												
buildings		187,115		34,242		28,955		30,465		216,070		64,707
Machinery/equipment		2,239,180		2,056,239		83,539		118,418		2,322,719		$2,\!174,\!657$
Infrastructure		16,998,841		17,246,836		_		_		16,998,841		17,246,836
Construction in progress		112,629		231,275						112,629		231,275
Total	\$	34,589,663	\$	34,607,971	\$	13,299,077	\$	13,730,986	\$	47,888,740	\$	48,338,957

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the Financial Statements, starting on page 37 of this report.

Management's Discussion And Analysis (Continued)

Long-Term Debt

The City had government-wide debt outstanding of \$27,870,495 (excluding the deferred amount on refunding of \$575,385) at the end of the current fiscal year. \$5,760,000 is general obligation debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City, \$20,260,000 is special obligation debt paid for from annual appropriations and special assessment fees and the \$1,846,341 note payable is paid from annual appropriations.

City of Clayton's Outstanding Debt

	Government	tal Activities	Business-Type	e Activities	Total Primary Government			
	2007	2006	2007	2006	2007	2006		
Series 1999	\$ 5,760,000	\$ 6,600,000	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 5,760,000 \$	6,600,000		
Series 2002	7,375,000	8,250,000	_	_	7,375,000	8,250,000		
Series 2005	10,645,000	11,325,000	2,240,000	2,430,000	12,885,000	13,755,000		
Capital lease	4,154	8,142	_	_	4,154	8,142		
Note payable	_		1,846,341	1,971,341	1,846,341	1,971,341		
Total	\$ 23,784,154	\$ 26,183,142	\$ 4,086,341	\$ 4,401,341	\$ 27,870,495 \$	30,584,483		

The City's total debt decreased by \$2,713,988 during the current fiscal year. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 to the financial statements, pages 40 through 44 of this report.

The Outlook For Next Year

The City's reliance on revenue is spread among three major revenue sources, property tax, sales tax and utility tax and are projected to have minimal growth.

The expected increases in the three major revenues sources are modest, with property tax projected at 1.5%, sales tax at 1.2% and utility tax at 3%. The City plans to spend down the General Fund balances to the minimum 25% policy level over the next several years.

The near future will see a continuing need to evaluate funding policies in order to maintain services at the current level. Overall, the economic outlook for the City of Clayton is optimistic. This optimism includes maintaining the current high level of service to residents by addressing the funding needs of the community as needed.

Requests For Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Clayton, Missouri's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Finance, City of Clayton, Missouri, 10 N. Bemiston Avenue, Clayton, MO 63105.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2007

	Governmental	Bus	siness-Type		
	Activities		Activity		Total
•					
Assets	ф г лл 1лг	Ф	0.010.700	Ф	0.500.005
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,773,175	\$	2,813,732	\$	8,586,907
Investments	10,901,286		7,734,512		18,635,798
Accounts receivable	481,232		49,490		530,722
Property taxes receivable	163,710		_		163,710
Intergovernmental receivable	1,218,328		_		1,218,328
Special assessments receivable	448,014		_		448,014
Other receivables	15,750		_		15,750
Interest receivable	68,341		101,362		169,703
Internal balances	306,824		(306, 824)		_
Prepaid insurance	105,951		_		105,951
Bond issue costs	104,657		12,243		116,900
Net pension asset	270,808		_		270,808
Cash - restricted	208,765		20,972		229,737
Investments - restricted	1,122,449		264,223		1,386,672
Capital assets:					
Land and construction in progress	1,433,610		1,642,361		3,075,971
Other capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation	33,156,053		11,656,716		44,812,769
Total Assets	55,778,953		23,988,787		79,767,740
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	1,085,480		2,160		1,087,640
Accrued interest payable	281,128		67,734		348,862
Accrued liabilities Accrued liabilities	457,148		8,499		465,647
Deposits	298,417		4,925		303,342
Net pension obligation	393,248		4,520		393,248
Noncurrent liabilities:	333,240		_		393,240
Due within one year	0.919.779		220 554		9,545,326
Due in more than one year	9,212,772 $14,435,143$		332,554 $3,565,813$		
Total Liabilities	26,163,336		3,981,685		18,000,956 30,145,021
Total Liabilities	20,100,000		3,981,089		50,145,021
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	11,295,023		9,415,507		20,710,530
Restricted for:					
Debt service	2,317,491		285,195		2,602,686
Special taxing district	194,161		_		194,161
Sewer lateral projects	217,540		_		217,540
Unrestricted	15,591,402		10,306,400		25,897,802
Total Net Assets	\$ 29,615,617	\$	20,007,102	\$	49,622,719

\$ 49,622,719

20,007,102

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29,615,617

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Net Assets - End Of Year

CITY OF CLAYTON, MISSOURI

	For The Year Ended September 30, 2007
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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES	he.
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			Program Revenues		Net Rever	Net Revenues (Expenses) And Changes In Net Assets	рı
Functions		Charges For Services	Operating Grants And Contributions	Capital Grants And Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activity	Total
Primary Government							
Governmental Activities							
General government	\$ 4,585,667	\$ 735,781	 \$	⇔	\$ (3,849,886)		\$ (3,849,886)
Public safety	8,246,154	1,141,418	284,437		(6,820,299)		(6,820,299)
Streets and highways	5,919,304	277,604	824,247	287,100	(4,530,353)	I	(4,530,353)
Parks and recreation	1,975,986	739,568	124,003	[(1,112,415)	I	(1,112,415)
Community development	220,788	1,331,109	1	I	1,110,321	I	1,110,321
Interest on long-term debt	910,350				(910,350)		(910,350)
Total Governmental Activities	21,858,249	4,225,480	1,232,687	287,100	(16,112,982)	1	(16,112,982)
Business-Type Activity Parking facility	1,155,318	1,416,686	I	l	I	261,368	261,368
Total Primary Government	\$ 23,013,567	\$ 5,642,166	\$ 1,232,687	\$ 287,100	(16,112,982)	261,368	(15,851,614)
	General Revenues	Se					
	Taxes:						
	Property				6,332,125	1	6,332,125
	Sales				6,226,794		6,226,794
	Utility				4,758,606	I	4,758,606
	Other				565,780		565,780
	Investment income	me			884,333	586,580	1,470,913
	Gain on sale of capital assets	apital assets			I	330,776	330,776
	Miscellaneous				400,027	I	400,027
	$\operatorname{Transfers}$				1,124,409	(1,124,409)	
	Total Gene	Total General Revenues And Transfers	d Transfers		20,292,074	(207,053)	20,085,021
	Change In Net Assets	ssets			4,179,092	54,315	4,233,407
	Net Assets - Beginning	nning Of Year			25,436,525	19,952,787	45,389,312

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2007

			Revolving						
			Public		Equipment		Other		Tota
	General	Imp	provement	Rep	lacements	Go	vernmental	Go	vernmenta
	 Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,789,337	\$	1,430,878	\$	412,016	\$	1,614,760	\$	5,246,991
Investments	7,419,971		1,013,083		2,268,806		199,426		10,901,286
Accounts receivable	481,137		_		_		_		481,137
Property taxes receivable	156,104		_		_		7,606		163,710
Intergovernmental receivable	823,256		188,714		_		206,358		1,218,328
Special assessments receivable	_		268,263		_		179,751		448,014
Other receivables	_		750		15,000		_		15,750
Interest receivable	21,905		9,675		18,602		18,159		68,341
Due from other funds	358,591		_		_		_		358,591
Cash - restricted	_		_		_		208,765		208,765
Investments - restricted							1,122,449		1,122,449
Total Assets	\$ 11,050,301	\$	2,911,363	\$	2,714,424	\$	3,557,274	\$	20,233,362
Liabilities And Fund Balances									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 454,708	\$	373,276	\$	51,430	\$	198,519	\$	1,077,933
Accrued liabilities	453,340		_		_		3,808		457,148
Due to other funds	_		_		_		51,767		51,767
Deferred revenue	187,420		268,263		_		187,357		643,040
Deposits	278,417		20,000						298,417
Total Liabilities	1,373,885		661,539		51,430		441,451		2,528,305
Fund Balances									
Fund Balances:									
Reserved for:									
Encumbrances	124,339		_		250		155		124,744
Debt service	_		_		_		2,317,491		2,317,491
Unreserved:									
General fund	9,552,077		_		_		_		9,552,077
Special revenue funds	_		_		_		357,866		357,866
Capital projects funds			2,249,824		2,662,744		440,311		5,352,879
Total Fund Balances	9,676,416		2,249,824		2,662,994		3,115,823		17,705,057
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$ 11,050,301	\$	2,911,363	\$	2,714,424	\$	3,557,274	\$	20,233,362

RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2007

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$ 17,705,057
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The cost of the assets is \$48,147,332 and the accumulated depreciation is \$13,557,669.	34,589,663
Net pension liabilities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	(122,440)
Property taxes assessed by the City, but not collected as of fiscal year end, are deferred within the fund financial statements. However, revenue for this amount is recognized in the government-wide statements. Likewise, assessments on certain properties are deferred within the fund financial statements until collected, but are recognized as revenue in the year of assessment in the government-wide statements.	643,040
The Internal Service Fund is used by the City to charge for services provided for insurance to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.	624,683
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:	02 1,000
Accrued interest payable	(281,128)
Compensated absences	(248,618)
Bonds payable and capital lease outstanding Unamortized issuance costs	(23,399,297) 104,657
Chamoretzeu issuance costs	104,037
Total Net Assets - Governmental Activities	\$ 29.615.617

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	General	Revolving Public Improvement Fund	Equipment Replacements Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues	Gonorai	2 4114	1 4114	2 41140	T WITED
General property taxes	\$ 5,032,029	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,278,234	\$ 6,310,263
Assessment income	_	41,251	_	144,592	185,843
Licenses and permits	1,415,552	· —	_	· —	1,415,552
Public utility licenses	4,757,730	876	_	_	4,758,606
Intergovernmental	4,402,252	2,358,471	_	1,626,590	8,387,313
Community programs	1,249,216	· · · —	_	· · · —	1,249,216
Fines and forfeitures	881,673	_	_	47,643	929,316
Investment income	496,983	103,943	124,579	158,828	884,333
Miscellaneous	741,558	34,176	15,662	34,122	825,518
Total Revenues	18,976,993	2,538,717	140,241	3,290,009	24,945,960
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	4,070,128	_	_	157	4,070,285
Public safety	8,044,844	_	_	74,772	8,119,616
Streets and highways	3,754,718	_	_		3,754,718
Parks and recreation	1,759,570	_	_	_	1,759,570
Community development		_	_	220,788	220,788
Capital outlay	_	1,634,915	569,158	714,301	2,918,374
Debt service:					
Principal	_	_	_	2,395,000	2,395,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_	_	_	882,260	882,260
Total Expenditures	17,629,260	1,634,915	569,158	4,287,278	24,120,611
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,347,733	903,802	(428,917)	(997,269)	825,349
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	_	540,409	396,819	3,859,345	4,796,573
Transfers out	_	(996,154)	, <u> </u>	(2,676,010)	(3,672,164)
Sale of capital assets	_	` _	45,917		45,917
Total Other Financing			,		,
Sources (Uses)	_	(455,745)	442,736	1,183,335	1,170,326
Net Change In Fund Balances	1,347,733	448,057	13,819	186,066	1,995,675
Fund Balances - Beginning Of Year	8,328,683	1,801,767	2,649,175	2,929,757	15,709,382
Fund Balances - End Of Year	\$ 9,676,416	\$ 2,249,824	\$ 2,662,994	\$ 3,115,823	\$ 17,705,057

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

Net Change In Fund Balances - T	Total Governmental Funds
---------------------------------	--------------------------

1,995,675

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital outlays of \$1,471,809 over the capitalization threshold exceeded depreciation of \$1,376,999 in the current period.

94,810

In the statement of activities, a loss on disposal of capital assets is reported. Conversely, governmental funds do not report any gain or loss on disposal of capital assets; only the proceeds from sales of capital assets are reported.

(113,118)

Property tax revenues received prior to the year for which they were levied are reported as deferred revenue in the governmental funds. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the statement of activities. Deferred property tax revenues increased this fiscal year by \$21,862. Assessment income is deferred in the fund financial statements until the assessments are collected. However, assessment income is recorded in the year of the assessment in the statement of activities. Deferred assessments decreased this fiscal year by \$54,890.

(33,028)

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

Principal payments on capital leases	3,988
Repayment of bond principal	2,395,000

Amortization of issuance costs and deferred amount on refunding

(54,368)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrued interest on bonds	26,278
Compensated absences	(12,109)
Net pension liabilities	(225,419)

The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities in the statement of activities.

101,383

Change In Net Assets Of Governmental Activities

\$ 4.179.092

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2007

	Business-Type Activity - Parking Facilities Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund	
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,813,732	\$	526,184
Investments		7,734,512		_
Accounts receivable		49,490		95
Interest receivable		101,362		_
Prepaid insurance		_		105,951
Total Current Assets		10,699,096		632,230
Noncurrent Assets				
Capital Assets:				
Land		1,642,361		_
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		11,656,716		_
Total Capital Assets		13,299,077		
Restricted Assets:				
Cash		20,972		_
Investments		264,223		_
Total Restricted Assets		285,195		
Bond issue costs		12,243		
Total Noncurrent Assets		13,596,515		
Total Assets	\$	24,295,611	\$	632,230
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	2,160	\$	7,547
Accrued interest payable		67,734		_
Accrued liabilities		8,499		_
Due to other funds		306,824		_
Deposits		4,925		_
Accrued compensated absences		$2,\!554$		_
Bonds payable - current		200,000		_
Notes payable - current		130,000		
Total Current Liabilities		722,696		7,547
Noncurrent Liabilities				
Bonds payable		1,849,472		_
Notes payable		1,716,341		_
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		3,565,813		
Total Liabilities		4,288,509		7,547
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		9,415,507		_
Restricted for debt service		285,195		_
Unrestricted		10,306,400		624,683
Total Net Assets	\$	20,007,102	\$	624,683

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Business-Type Activity - Parking Facilities Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund		
Operating Revenues				
St. Louis parking systems	\$ 375,085	\$ —		
Parking lot revenue	112,695	· —		
Parking meter revenue	928,906	_		
Participant contributions	· <u> </u>	212,193		
Employer contributions	_	1,670,876		
Total Operating Revenues	1,416,686	1,883,069		
Operating Expenses				
Personnel services	274,787	_		
Contractual services	302,992	1,809,816		
Commodities	53,044	, , <u> </u>		
Depreciation	338,920	_		
Insurance and fringe benefits	48,246	_		
Total Operating Expenses	1,017,989	1,809,816		
Operating Income	398,697	73,253		
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)				
Gain on sale of capital assets	330,776	_		
Investment income	586,580	15,954		
Interest expense	(137,329)			
Miscellaneous income	(101,020)	12,176		
Total Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)	780,027	28,130		
Income Before Transfers	1,178,724	101,383		
Transfers				
Transfers out	(1,124,409)	<u> </u>		
Change In Net Assets	54,315	101,383		
Net Assets - Beginning Of Year	19,952,787	523,300		
Net Assets - End Of Year	\$ 20,007,102	\$ 624,683		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Parkin	iness-Type Activity - g Facilities prise Fund	1	ernmental Activities - Internal rvice Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers and users	\$	1,438,741	\$	1 000 770
Receipts from interfund services provided Payments to suppliers		(490, 225)		1,896,572
Payments to suppliers Payments to employees		(420,335) $(274,363)$		
Payments for interfund services used		(274,303)		(1,807,131)
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		744,043		89,441
Cash Flows From Noncapital And Related Financing Activities				
Transfers to other funds		(1,124,409)		_
Due to other funds		98,430		_
Net Cash Used In Noncapital And Related Financing Activities		(1,025,979)		
		, , , , , , , ,		
Cash Flows From Capital And Related Financing Activities				
Principal payments on note payable		(125,000)		_
Principal payments on special obligation capital improvement bonds		(190,000)		_
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		426,764		_
Interest payments on special obligation capital improvement bonds and note payable		(116,872)		
Net Cash Used In Capital And Related Financing Activities		(5,108)		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Interest received on investments		473,147		15,954
Purchase of investments		(2,178,350)		_
Sales of investments		4,807,839		
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities		3,102,636		15,954
Net Increase In Cash And Cash Equivalents		2,815,592		105,395
Cash And Cash Equivalents - Beginning Of Year		19,112		420,789
Cash And Cash Equivalents - End Of Year	\$	2,834,704	\$	526,184
Reconciliation Of Operating Income To Net Cash				
Provided By Operating Activities				
Operating income	\$	398,697	\$	73,253
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by				
operating activities:				10.150
Miscellaneous nonoperating revenue		_		12,176
Depreciation		338,920		_
(Increase) decrease in:		00.055		1 005
Accounts receivable		22,055		1,327
Prepaid insurance		_		4,680
Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable		(16,881)		(1,004)
Accrued liabilities		424		(991)
Deposits		828		(551)
•				
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	744,043	\$	89,441
Supplemental Disclosure Of Cash Flow Information				
Noncash activities:				
Amortization of deferred amount on refunding	\$	25,404	\$	_
Net depreciation in fair value of investments				

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS September 30, 2007

	Pension Trust Funds
Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 763,172
Investments:	
U.S. government and agency securities	4,351,823
Foreign bonds	240,117
Common stocks	2,695,907
Corporate bonds	3,322,065
Taxable municipal obligations	607,874
Mutual funds	25,957,023
Interest receivable	88,784_
Total Assets	38,026,765
Net Assets	
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 38,026,765

CITY OF CLAYTON, MISSOURI

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

		Pension Trust Funds
Additions		
Contributions:		
Participant contributions	\$	218,276
Employer contributions		756,282
Total Contributions		974,558
Investment Income:		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		
and interest and dividends		5,248,575
Less: Investment expenses		(185,424)
Total Investment Income		5,063,151
Total Additions		6,037,709
Deductions		
Benefits		1,221,058
Change In Net Assets		4,816,651
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - Beginning Of Year	6	33,210,114
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - End Of Year	\$:	38,026,765

CITY OF CLAYTON, MISSOURI

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS September 30, 2007

1. Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local governments. The more significant of the City's accounting and reporting policies and practices are described below.

Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the City include the financial activities of the City and its component units. The criteria used in determining the scope of the reporting entity are based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* (GASB 14), as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units – an amendment of GASB 14*. The requirements for inclusion as a component unit are based primarily upon whether the City is considered financially accountable for the potential component unit. The City is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of a potential component unit's governing body and is able to impose its will on that potential component unit, or because the potential component unit will provide a financial benefit or impose a financial burden on the City. The City does not have any component units.

Basis Of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external parties.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, unrestricted interest earnings and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Following the government-wide financial statements are separate financial statements for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All other governmental funds are reported in one column labeled "Other Governmental Funds." The total fund balances for all governmental funds is reconciled to total net assets for governmental activities as shown on the statement of net assets. The net change in fund balance for all governmental funds is reconciled to the total change in net assets as shown on the statement of activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Governmental Fund Type

Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions of the City are financed. The acquisition, use, and balances of the City's expendable financial resources and the related liabilities (except those accounted for in the proprietary fund) are accounted for through governmental funds. The measurement focus is upon determination of and changes in financial position rather than upon net income. The following are the City's governmental major funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Revolving Public Improvement Fund - The Revolving Public Improvement Fund is a capital projects fund used to monitor the funding of special infrastructure improvements throughout the City. Revenues derived by this fund include a half-cent capital improvement sales tax, road and bridge taxes, and certain special assessment taxes.

Equipment Replacement Fund - The Equipment Replacement Fund is a capital projects fund used to account for funds set aside for capital asset replacement.

The other governmental funds of the City are considered nonmajor. They include special revenue funds, which account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes, debt service funds that account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term debt, and capital project funds that account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities.

Proprietary Fund Type

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on the determination of net income and capital maintenance. The City has the following proprietary fund types:

Enterprise Fund - The enterprise fund is used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis is to be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The City's enterprise fund is the Parking Facilities Fund, which is used to account for the operations of the City-owned parking facilities. City ordinances provide for the transfer of funds from the Parking Facilities Fund to other funds.

Internal Service Fund – Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City. The City's internal service fund is used to account for health, dental, life, liability, property, long-term disability and workers' compensation insurance services provided to other departments of the City. Charges for services are allocated to various City departments on a cost recovery basis.

The City applies all applicable pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), issued on or before November 30, 1989, in accounting and reporting for its proprietary operations, unless these pronouncements conflict with or contradict applicable Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) guidance as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 20, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Proprietary Funds and Other Governmental Entities That Use Proprietary Fund Accounting. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Fiduciary Fund Type - Pension Trust Funds - Pension Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The Pension Trust Funds are accounted for in essentially the same manner as proprietary funds since capital maintenance is critical.

Measurement Focus And Basis Of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting; proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be measurable and available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due (i.e. matured).

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation.

The principal operating revenues of the Parking Facilities Fund and of the City's Internal Service Fund are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the Parking Facilities Fund and Internal Service Fund include the costs of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Cash, Cash Equivalents And Investments

The City considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. State statutes and City policy authorize the City to invest in obligations of the United States or any agency thereof, time deposit certificates, and repurchase agreements. The Pension Trust Funds are also authorized to invest in corporate common or preferred stocks, bonds and mortgages, real or personal property, and other evidence of indebtedness or ownership (excluding any debt of the City itself), and individual insurance policies.

Investments that have a maturity date of less than one year at the time of purchase are carried at cost or amortized cost because of their short-term maturities. Investments that have a maturity date of greater than one year at the time of purchase are carried at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market prices.

Restricted Assets

Certain resources set aside for the repayment of special obligation bonds and general obligation bonds are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants.

Special Assessments Receivable

Special assessments receivable represents the residents' portion of curb and sidewalk improvements which have been completed and billed. The City's portion of such improvements are expended as incurred. At the time of the levy, special assessments receivable in the amount of the levy and deferred revenue equal to the amount that is not currently available are recognized in the fund that provides the resources.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment and infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City has elected to capitalize infrastructure assets purchased prior to June 30, 1980. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 for general capital assets and \$100,000 for infrastructure and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life is not capitalized.

Depreciation is being computed on the straight-line method, using asset lives as follows:

Asset	Years
Building	15 - 50
Improvements other than buildings	5 - 20
Machinery and equipment	3 - 15
Infrastructure	30 - 50

Compensated Absences

Under terms of the City's personnel policy, employees are granted vacation time based on length of service. Vacation is granted at the beginning of the calendar year. A maximum of 80 hours may be carried over to a subsequent calendar year. Upon termination, the employee is paid for unused vacation. Sick leave is accumulated based upon length of service and is available only to provide compensation during periods of illness. Upon termination, and only if the employee is vested, the employee is paid \$1 for each hour of sick leave balance. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if the amounts due at year end have matured.

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Deferred Amount On Refunding

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, the deferred amount on refunding is recorded as an adjustment to the debt obligation. The deferred amount on refunding is computed as the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt, which would include any unamortized bond issuance costs. This deferred amount on refunding is amortized as a component of interest expense over the remaining life of the bonds using the straight-line method, since results of the straight-line method are not materially different from the effective interest method.

The deferred amount on refunding is not recorded in the governmental fund financial statements.

Net Assets

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, net assets are displayed in three components as follows:

Invested In Capital Assets, Net Of Related Debt - This consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, less the outstanding balances of any bonds, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets.

Restricted - This consists of net assets that are legally restricted by outside parties or by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted - This consists of net assets that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Reserved Fund Balance

Reserved fund balance represents the portion of fund balance that is not available for subsequent year appropriations or is legally segregated for a specific future use.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Interfund Transactions

Transfers of resources from a fund receiving revenue to the fund through which the resources are to be expended are recorded as transfers. Such transfers are reported as other financing sources (uses) in the governmental fund types and transfers in (out) in the proprietary fund types.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this rule are payment-in-lieu of taxes and other charges and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied in September of each year on the assessed value as of the prior January 1 for all real property located in the City. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 and are due upon receipt of billing and become delinquent after December 31.

Property tax revenue is recognized to the extent it is collected within 60 days after year end in the fund financial statements. Property taxes not collected within 60 days of year end are deferred for fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.

All property tax assessment, billing, and collection functions are handled by the St. Louis County government. Taxes collected are remitted to the City by the St. Louis County Collector (the County Collector) in the month subsequent to the actual collection date. Taxes held by the County Collector, if any, are included in property taxes receivable in the accompanying fund financial statements.

Use Of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principals requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Deposits And Investments

In accordance with its investment policy, the City takes a conservative, "prudent person" approach to its investment purchases and management. The focus of the City's policy is to invest public funds in safe and secure investments with sufficient liquidity to enable the City to meet the cash flow demands of operations, while obtaining the best rate of return, given the investment risk and cash flow restraints of the policy. The City has two pension trust funds, the City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund (UERF) and the Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund (NUERF). Each fund has a separate, but similar, investment policy with similar objectives.

A summary of deposits and investments as of September 30, 2007 is as follows:

	\mathbf{Cost}	Fair Value
Governmental Activities		
Cash and temporary investment	\$ 3,744,916	\$ 3,744,916
Money market funds	2,237,024	2,237,024
Certificates of deposit	5,040,944	5,159,567
U.S. Agencies	6,889,076	6,864,168
	\$ 17,911,960	\$ 18,005,675
Business Type Activity – Enterprise Fund		
Cash and temporary investment	\$ 2,834,704	\$ 2,834,704
U.S. Agencies	8,015,924	7,998,735
	\$ 10,850,628	\$ 10,833,439
Pension Trust Funds		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 763,172	\$ 763,172
Mutual funds	17,854,263	25,957,023
U.S. Treasuries	599,518	614,250
U.S. Agencies	3,739,592	3,737,573
Common stocks	2,308,843	2,695,907
Corporate bonds	3,337,993	3,322,065
Taxable municipal obligations	612,360	607,874
Foreign bonds	242,717	240,117
	\$ 29,458,458	\$ 37,937,981

Investment Policy

Governmental And Business-Type Activity

The objectives of the City's investment policy, as adopted by the Board of Aldermen, are the following:

<u>Legality</u>: Every investment shall be made in accordance with applicable federal, state, and local statutory provisions.

<u>Safety</u>: Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital.

<u>Liquidity</u>: The City's investment portfolio must remain sufficiently liquid to enable the City to meet all operating requirements which might be reasonably anticipated.

<u>Return on Investment</u>: The City's investment portfolio shall be managed with the objective of obtaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the City's investment risk constraints and the cash flow characteristics of the portfolio.

These objectives support the City's conservative and prudent approach to investment management. The policy also addresses qualified institutions, appropriate investments, collateralization, safekeeping, institutional diversification of the portfolio, maximum maturities, performance standards and reporting requirements.

Pension Trust Funds

Uniformed Employee Retirement Fund (UERF) And Non-Uniformed Employee Retirement Fund (NUERF)

The investment policy for both of the City's pension trust funds, as adopted by each separate entity, states that the primary fiduciary responsibility of the pension boards is to:

- 1) Ensure that the assets of the plans are responsibly and prudently managed in accordance with the actuarial needs of the plans while adhering to the sound and accepted financial investment procedures.
- 2) Diversify the portfolio to help ensure that adverse or unexpected activity will not have an excessively detrimental impact on the entire portfolio. Investment management will be delegated to external professional organizations for the sole benefit of the membership and their beneficiaries for the purpose of providing a retirement benefit.

Performance objectives, asset allocation guidelines and permissible investments are outlined in each policy. The Plans' total returns are expected to provide results, using a three-year moving average, of an absolute return equal or superior to each Plan's actuarial assumed rate of return.

Investment Types And Maturities

Governmental And Business-Type Activity

As of September 30, 2007, the governmental and business type activity portfolios had the following investments and maturities:

Governmental Activities		Investment Maturities (In Years)		
		Less		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10
U.S. Agencies	\$ 6,864,168	\$ 4,920,920	\$ 1,217,152	\$ 726,096
Business-Type Activity -				
Enterprise Fund		Investme	nt Maturities (I	n Years)
		-		
		\mathbf{Less}		
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10

The City's investment policy governs all investment activity, except investments in the pension funds. The City's policy limits investments to bonds, bills or notes of the United States or an agency thereof; negotiable or non-negotiable certificates of deposit, savings accounts and other interest-earning deposit accounts of authorized financial institutions; or, repurchase agreements (with acceptable collateral in an amount greater than the amount of the repurchase agreement including accrued interest) through approved financial institutions with a previously signed Master Repurchase Agreement. In accordance with its policy, the City tries to maintain a high level of liquidity to allow the City to meet its operating requirements. Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the City will not invest in securities maturing more than three years from the date of purchase, unless circumstances warrant other consideration.

Pension Trust Funds

As of September 30, 2007, the Uniformed Employee Retirement Fund and Non-Uniformed Employee Retirement Fund investment portfolios had the following investments and maturities:

	Investment Maturities (In Years)				ears)
		Less			More
Investment Type	Fair Value	Than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10	Than 10
U.S. Treasuries	\$ 614,250	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 121,162	\$ 493,088
U.S. Agencies	3,737,573	360,142	229,426	383,244	2,764,761
Corporate bonds	3,322,065	43,788	662,095	738,637	1,877,545
Taxable municipal obligations	607,874	_	343,540	219,267	45,067
Fixed income - mutual funds	3,348,028	_	3,348,028	_	_
Foreign bonds	240,117	_	46,117	194,000	_
	\$ 11,869,907	\$ 403,930	\$ 4,629,206	\$ 1,656,310	\$ 5,180,461

Credit Risk

Governmental And Business-Type Activities

The City's investment policy does not address credit quality standards. The following table provides information on the credit ratings associated with the City's investments as of September 30, 2007, excluding obligations of the United States government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the United States government. The City has an unrated money market account that is covered by excess deposit insurance for amounts above the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) limit.

Governmental Activities	S&P	Fair Value
U.S. Agencies	AAA	\$ 6,864,168
Business-Type Activity - Enterprise Fund	S&P	Fair Value
U.S. Agencies	AAA	\$ 7,998,735

Pension Trust Funds

The investment policies of the pension funds do not address credit quality standards. The following table reflects the credit ratings for the two retirement plans associated with the securities invested in the pension trust funds as of September 30, 2007, excluding obligations of the United States government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the United States government.

_	S&P	Fair Value
U.S. Agencies	AAA	\$ 3,737,573
Corporate Bonds	AAA	1,752,667
Corporate Bonds	AA	293,619
Corporate Bonds	A	873,109
Corporate Bonds	BBB	402,670
Fixed Income - Mutual Funds	Unrated	3,348,028
Taxable Municipal Obligations	AAA	547,879
Taxable Municipal Obligations	AA	59,995
Foreign Bonds	AAA	194,000
Foreign Bonds	A	46,117
		\$ 11,255,657

Concentration Of Risk

Governmental And Business-Type Activities

The City will diversify its investments by institution. With the exception of bonds, bills or notes of the United States government or any agency thereof, including authorized pools, it shall be the goal of the City that no more than 80% of the City's government-wide investment portfolio will be invested in a single institution. As of September 30, 2007, the City had the following investment concentrations with one issuer:

Governmental Funds	
Federal Home Loan Bank	56%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	33%
Federal National Mortgage Association	11%
Business-Type Activity - Enterprise Fund	
Federal Home Loan Bank	82%
Federal Farm Credit Bank	18%

Pension Trust Funds

As of September 30, 2007, the pension plans did not have concentrations with any one issuer greater than 5% of the total portfolio.

The pension investment policies specify that investments held by these plans shall be 55% to 65% equity securities and 35% to 45% fixed income securities. The equity securities have further target allocations for the whole portfolio as follows: 40% large cap, 10% small cap and 10% international equities. The trustees of the plans follow these guidelines for all investments while adhering to the list of permissible investments outlined in the policies. The funds in the plans are invested over the long term in keeping with the objective of providing retirement benefits for its members.

Custodial Credit Risk

Governmental And Business-Type Activities

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. In accordance with its policy, the City addresses custodial risk by pre-qualifying institutions with which the City places investments, diversifying the investment portfolio, and maintaining a standard of quality for investments.

For deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. Protection of the City's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution, or by a single collateral pool established by the financial institution.

Pension Trusts

For investments in the pension trust funds, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the pension funds will not be able to recover the value of the investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At September 30, 2007, the City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund has \$8,521,879 in treasuries, agencies, municipal obligations, and corporate and foreign bonds that are held by the counterparty's trust department, but not in the name of the Uniformed Employee's Retirement Fund.

3. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity was as follows:

	Balance - October 1,			Balance - September 30,
	2006	Additions	Retirements	2007
Government Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,072,517	\$ 248,464	\$ —	\$ 1,320,981
Construction in process	231,275	129,818	248,464	112,629
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	1,303,792	378,282	248,464	1,433,610
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	16,162,062	183,549		16,345,611
Improvements other than buildings	259,710	156,713		416,423
Machinery and equipment	5,395,927	691,080	375,658	5,711,349
Infrastructure	24,093,773	310,649	164,083	24,240,339
Total capital assets being depreciated	45,911,472	1,341,991	539,741	46,713,722
Total capital assets being depreciated	40,011,472	1,041,001	000,741	40,710,722
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	2,195,200	419,494	_	2,614,694
Improvements other than buildings	225,468	3,840	_	229,308
Machinery and equipment	3,339,688	470,463	337,982	3,472,169
Infrastructure	6,846,937	483,202	88,641	7,241,498
Total accumulated depreciation	12,607,293	1,376,999	426,623	13,557,669
m . 1 1				
Total capital assets being	00.004.450	(0= 000)	110110	00.450.50
depreciated, net	33,304,179	(35,008)	113,118	33,156,053
Governmental activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 34,607,971	\$ 343,274	\$ 361,582	\$ 34,589,663
45505, 1100	ψ 04,001,011	ψ 040,214	Ψ 501,502	ψ 54,005,005

CITY OF CLAYTON, MISSOURI

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

	Balance -			Balance -
	October 1,			September 30,
	2006	Additions	Retirements	2007
Business-Type Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,726,669	\$ —	\$ 84,308	\$ 1,642,361
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	13,294,550	_	_	13,294,550
Improvements other than buildings	78,601	_	_	78,601
Machinery and equipment	255,399	_	34,600	220,799
Total capital assets being				
depreciated	13,628,550		34,600	13,593,950
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	1,439,116	311,212	_	1,750,328
Improvements other than buildings	48,136	1,510	_	49,646
Machinery and equipment	136,981	26,198	25,919	137,260
Total accumulated depreciation	1,624,233	338,920	25,919	1,937,234
Total capital assets being				
depreciated, net	12,004,317	(338,920)	8,681	11,656,716
Business-type activities capital				
assets, net	\$ 13,730,986	\$ (338,920)	\$ 92,989	\$ 13,299,077

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	For The Year Ended September 30, 2007
Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 218,997
Public safety	219,577
Streets and highways	722,009
Parks and recreation	216,416
	\$ 1,376,999
Business-type activity:	
Parking operations	\$ 338,920

4. Restricted Assets

The account balances shown below are restricted in accordance with the 2005A and 2005B bond indentures:

	September 30, 2007		
	Actual	Required	
Series 2005A Bond Reserve Account	\$ 1,122,449	\$ 1,064,500	
Series 2005B Bond Reserve Account	264,223	224,000	
	\$ 1,386,672	\$ 1,288,500	

5. Interfund Assets/Liabilities

Individual interfund assets and liabilities are as follows:

Due From/To Other Funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	September 30, 2007
General Fund	Parking Facilities Fund	\$ 306,824
General Fund	Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road Fund	51,767

The amounts due to or from individual funds represent interfund borrowings that arise in the normal course of business and are due to either timing differences or to the elimination of negative cash balances within various funds.

6. Interfund Transactions

Individual interfund transactions are as follows:

		September 30,
Transfer In	Transfer Out	2007
2005 Bond Debt Service Fund	2005 Bond Reserve Fund	\$ 1,316,523
2005 Bond Debt Service Fund	Parking Facilities Fund	100,000
Revolving Public Improvement Fund	Parking Facilities Fund	540,409
Capital Improvement Project Fund	Parking Facilities Fund	484,000
Equipment Replacement Fund	Special Taxing District	1,539
Equipment Replacement Fund	Revolving Public Improvement Fund	395,280
2002 Capital Project Bond Fund	Revolving Public Improvement Fund	600,874
2005 Bond Debt Service Fund	Capital Improvement Project Fund	873,883
2002 Capital Project Bond Fund	Capital Improvement Project Fund	484,065
		\$ 4,796,573

Interfund transfers were used to 1) move revenues from the fund that ordinance or budget requires to collect them to the fund that ordinance or budget requires to expend them, 2) provide unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance capital improvements and other activities in accordance with budgetary authorization, or 3) move revenues in excess of current year expenditures to other funds.

7. Long-Term Liabilities

A summary of changes in long-term liabilities was as follows:

	Balance -			Balance -	Amounts
	October 1,			September 30,	Due Within
	2006	Additions	Reductions	2007	One Year
Governmental Activities					_
Special obligation capital					
improvement bonds	\$ 19,575,000	\$ —	\$ 1,555,000	\$ 18,020,000	\$ 8,085,000
General obligation bonds	6,600,000	_	840,000	5,760,000	875,000
Capital lease	8,142	_	3,988	4,154	4,154
	26,183,142	_	2,398,988	23,784,154	8,964,154
Compensated absences*	236,509	640,105	627,996	248,618	248,618
	\$ 26,419,651	\$ 640,105	\$ 3,026,984	24,032,772	\$ 9,212,772
Less: Deferred Amount On Refunding				384,857	
Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities				\$ 23,647,915	:

^{*} The liability for compensated absences is generally liquidated by the general fund.

	Balance -			Balance -	Amounts
	October 1,			September 30,	Due Within
	2006	Additions	Reductions	2007	One Year
Business-Type Activity					
Special obligation capital					
improvement bonds	\$ 2,430,000	\$ —	\$ 190,000	\$ 2,240,000	\$ 200,000
Note payable	1,971,341	_	125,000	1,846,341	130,000
	4,401,341	_	315,000	4,086,341	330,000
Compensated absences**	1,498	16,284	15,228	2,554	2,554
	\$ 4,402,839	\$ 16,284	\$ 330,228	4,088,895	\$ 332,554
Less: Deferred Amount On Refunding				190,528	-
Business-Type Activity Long-Term Liabilities				\$ 3,898,367	_

^{**} The liability for compensated absences is generally liquidated by the Parking Facilities Enterprise Fund.

During the fiscal year ended September 30, 2005, the City issued Special Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005A and Series 2005B in the amount \$12,165,000 (Series 2005A) and \$2,655,000 (Series 2005B) with interest rates ranging from 3.0% to 4.1% and 4.85% for the Series 2005A and Series 2005B, respectively. These bond issuances are being used to advance refund maturities of the following bond issuances: Maturities for 2006 through 2017 of Series 1997 with interest rates ranging from 4.5% to 5.125%, with a call option in 2007; maturities for 2006 through 2017 of Series 1998A with interest rates of 4.5% to 5.0%, with a call option in 2007; maturities for 2006 through 2016 of Series 1998B with interest rates ranging from 6.5% to 7.0%, with a call option in 2007. The net issuances of \$14,765,174, after payment of \$156,526 of issuance costs, were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for the payment of principal and interest through maturity of the aforementioned coupons on the Series 1997, 1998A, and 1998B bonds. This advance refunding met the requirements of an in-substance defeasance and the obligations related to the aforementioned maturities of the Series 1997, 1998A, and 1998B bonds were removed from the City's government-wide financial statements.

Special obligation capital improvements bonds totaling \$9,175,000, \$5,160,000 and \$9,950,000 were issued on December 1, 1997, February 1, 1998, and December 30, 2002, respectively. The \$9,175,000 Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds Series 1997 mature from 1999 to 2018 with interest rates of 4.5% to 5.125%. The \$5,160,000 Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds Series 1998A mature from 1999 to 2018 with interest rates of 4.375% to 5.0%. The \$9,950,000 Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds Series 2002 mature 2004 to 2007 with an interest rate of 2.65%.

General obligation bonds totaling \$9,500,000, \$4,500,000 and \$8,410,000 were issued on December 15, 1993, February 1, 1994, and June 1, 1999, respectively. The \$9,500,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 1993 mature from 1996 to 2013 with interest rates of 3.9% to 6.9%. The \$4,500,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 1994 mature from 1996 to 2014 with interest rates of 3.8% to 5.5%. The \$8,410,000 General Obligation Bonds Series 1999 mature from 1999 to 2012 with interest rates of 4.1% to 4.5%. The Series 1993 and Series 1994 bonds were partially refunded by the Series 1999 bonds.

Special obligation capital improvement bonds totaling \$625,000 and \$3,315,000 were issued on February 1, 1998. The \$625,000 Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds Series 1998A mature from 1999 to 2018 with interest rates of 4.375% to 5.0%. The \$3,315,000 Taxable Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds Series 1998B mature from 1999 to 2017 with interest rates of 6.25% to 6.625%.

In prior years, the City has defeased various bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds were used to purchase U.S. government securities that were placed in trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt has matured and, therefore, the defeased debt was removed as a liability from the City's financial statements. As of September 30, 2007, the amount of prior years' defeased debt outstanding, but removed from the financial statements amounted to \$12,525,000.

The City has an agreement with St. Louis County, Missouri (the County) to pay for a portion of the Shaw Park Parking Garage. The garage was completed in fiscal year 2005 and the City's portion of the garage to be repaid to the County is \$2,764,176. The note bears interest at rates similar to those found in the bonds the County issued, which range from 4.0% to 4.75%. The City commenced payments to the County in fiscal year 2005 of \$19,234 per month continuing through May 2018.

Capital Lease

The City has entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a voice logging system. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, has been recorded in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of its future lease payments as of the inception date.

The asset acquired through the capital lease is as follows:

Asset:	
Equipment	\$ 19,804
Less: Accumulated depreciation	13,863
Total	\$ 5,941

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments for the governmental activities are as follows:

Year	Amount
2008	\$ 4,326
Less: Imputed interest	172
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$ 4,154

Maturities

Aggregate maturities required on long-term debt for governmental activities are as follows:

For The Year	Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds			
Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2008	\$ 8,085,000	\$ 485,400	\$ 8,570,400	
2009	725,000	364,528	1,089,528	
2010	745,000	340,615	1,085,615	
2011	770,000	314,103	1,084,103	
2012	805,000	286,540	1,091,540	
2013 - 2017	4,775,000	942,894	5,717,894	
2018	2,115,000	43,358	2,158,358	
			_	
	\$ 18,020,000	\$ 2,777,438	\$ 20,797,438	

For The Year	General Obligation Bonds			
Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2008	\$ 875,000	\$ 229,831	\$ 1,104,831	
2009	915,000	192,460	1,107,460	
2010	950,000	153,058	1,103,058	
2011	995,000	111,478	1,106,478	
2012	1,040,000	67,205	1,107,205	
2013	985,000	22,163	1,007,163	
	\$ 5,760,000	\$ 776,195	\$ 6,536,195	

Aggregate maturities required on long-term debt for business-type activity are as follows:

For The Year	Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds			
Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2008	\$ 200,000	\$ 103,790	\$ 303,790	
2009	205,000	93,969	298,969	
2010	220,000	83,663	303,663	
2011	235,000	72,629	307,629	
2012	245,000	60,989	305,989	
2013 - 2016	1,135,000	114,824	1,249,824	
	\$ 2,240,000	\$ 529,864	\$ 2,769,864	

For The Year	St Louis County Parking Garage Repayment			
Ending September 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2008	\$ 130,000	\$ 84,055	\$ 214,055	
2009	140,000	78,725	218,725	
2010	145,000	72,845	217,845	
2011	150,000	66,610	216,610	
2012	155,000	60,010	215,010	
2013 - 2017	910,000	184,408	1,094,408	
2018	216,341	10,276	226,617	
	\$ 1,846,341	\$ 556,929	\$ 2,403,270	

8. Employee Retirement Benefit Plans

The City maintains two single-employer, defined benefit pension plans. The City's total payroll for the year ended September 30, 2007 was \$10,550,282. The actuarial accrued liability and actuarial value of assets for both plans is as follows:

	Non-Uniformed	Uniformed	
	Employees	Employees	
	July 1,	January 1,	
	2007	2007	
Actuarial value of assets	\$ 9,661,919	\$ 25,274,151	
Actuarial accrued liability	9,533,677	28,927,898	
Excess of assets over (under) actuarial			
accrued liability	\$ 128,242	\$ (3,653,747)	

City of Clayton Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund Financial Statements

Statement Of Fiduciary Net Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	40,252
Investments: Mutual funds	10,4	05,848
Interest receivable		13,207
Net Assets Held For Pension Benefits	\$ 10,4	59,307
Statement Of Changes In Fiduciary Net A	ssets	
Additions		
Contributions:		
Participant contributions	\$	_
Employer contributions		
Total Contributions		
Investment income:		
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		
and interest and dividends	1,3	52,430
Less: Investment expense	(47,914)
Total Investment Income	1,3	04,516
Total Additions	1,3	04,516
Deductions		
Benefits	2	48,826
Change In Net Assets	1,0	55,690
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits, Beginning Of Year	9,4	03,617
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits,		
End Of Year	\$ 10,4	59,307

Plan Description And Provisions

The City sponsors and administers a single-employer defined benefit pension plan, the City of Clayton Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund (NUERF), which covers substantially all full-time employees not covered under the City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund. The NUERF does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The covered compensation for employees in the NUERF at July 1, 2007 was \$4,201,226. Current membership in the NUERF is as follows:

Group	July 1, 2007
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	27
Vested terminated employees	35
Active employees:	
Fully vested	57
Nonvested	31

Employees become eligible to participate in the NUERF after completion of six months of full-time employment. Employees attaining the age of 60 are entitled to annual benefits of 1.5% for each year of credited service times the average monthly compensation which is equal to the highest five consecutive years out of the last ten. All benefits are vested after 5 years of credited service. The NUERF permits early retirement at the completion of 10 years of credited service and attainment of age 55. The employee receives a retirement benefit, based on age, credited service, and average monthly compensation at early retirement, reduced by .25% for each month that early retirement precedes normal retirement.

If an employee terminates his/her employment and is not eligible for any other benefits under the NUERF, the employee is entitled to the following:

- With less than five years of credited service, a refund of member contributions plus 4% interest.
- With five or more years of credited service, the pension accrued to date of termination, payable commencing at his/her normal retirement date.

Funding Policy

Employees are required to contribute 3% of annual salary to the NUERF. However, contribution requirements have been temporarily suspended since 1991. Investment income currently covers the costs of the NUERF. The City is required by plan ordinance to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The actuarially recommended City contribution is 6.4% of covered compensation. For the plan year ended June 30, 2007, based on an actuarial valuation dated July 1, 2006, there was an actuarial required employer contribution of \$243,153.

Annual Pension Cost And Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the NUERF are as follows:

	Pension Plan								
For The	Net Pension								
Plan	Obligation		Interest On	Adjustment			Net Pension		
Years	(Asset)	Annual	Net Pension	To Annual	Annual	Actual	Obligation		
Ended	Beginning	Required	Obligation	Required	Pension	Contri-	(Asset)		
June 30,	Of Year	Contribution	(Asset)	Contribution	Cost	butions	End Of Year		
June 30,	Of Year	Contribution	(Asset)	Contribution	Cost	butions	End Of Year		
June 30,	Of Year \$ 138,725	Contribution \$ 243,153	(Asset) \$ 9,711	Contribution \$ 15,228	\$ 254,523	butions \$ —	End Of Year \$ 393,248		

Historical trend information about the City's participation in the Plan is presented below.

Pension Plan						
For The	Annual		Net Pension			
Plan Years	Pension	Percentage	Obligation			
Ended June 30,	\mathbf{Cost}	Contributed	(Asset)			
2007	\$ 254,523	— %	\$ 393,248			
2006	115,427	— %	138,725			
2005	198,416	— %	23,297			

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	July 1, 2007
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age (Normal)
Amortization method	Level dollar
Amortization period	Closed
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7%
Projected salary increases	4.5%
Post-retirement benefit increases	Lower of annual
	consumer price
	index or 2%

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule Of Funding Progress

						Excess Of
Actuarial		Actuarial				Assets As A
Valuation	Actuarial	Accrued	Excess Of		Annual	Percentage
Dated	Value Of	Liability	Assets Over	Funded	Covered	Of Covered
July 1,	Assets	(AAL)	\mathbf{AAL}	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
2007	\$ 9,661,919	\$ 9,533,677	\$ 128,242	101.35%	\$ 4,201,226	3.05%
2006	9,049,924	9,035,521	14,403	100.16%	3,966,774	0.36%
2005	8,655,695	8,512,416	143,279	101.68%	3,971,048	3.61%
2004	8,309,122	8,277,529	31,593	100.38%	3,806,509	0.83%
2003	8,054,378	7,356,093	$698,\!285$	109.49%	3,676,619	18.99%
2002	7,660,471	7,476,674	183,797	102.46%	4,112,317	4.47%

Schedule Of Employer's Contributions

Schedule Of Employer's Contributions							
For The	Annual						
Plan Years	Required	Actual	Percentage				
Ended June 30,	Contribution	Contribution	Contributed				
2007	\$ 243,153	\$ —	_				
2006	111,731	_	_				
2005	209,866	_	_				
2004	_	_	_				
2003	54,152	159,349	294%				
2002							

City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund Financial Statements

Statement Of Fiduciary Net Assets

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 722,920
Investments:	
U.S. government and agency securities	4,351,823
Foreign bonds	240,117
Common stocks	2,695,907
Corporate bonds	3,322,065
Taxable municipal obligations	607,874
Mutual funds	15,551,175
Interest receivable	75,577
Total Net Assets Held For Pension Benefits	\$ 27,567,458
Statement Of Changes In Fiduciary Net A	ssets
Additions	
Contributions:	
Participant contributions	\$ 218,276
Employer contributions	756,282
Total contributions	974,558
Investment Income:	
Net appreciation in fair value of investments	
and interest and dividends	3,896,145
Less: Investment expense	(137,510)
Net Investment Income	3,758,635
Total Additions	4,733,193
Deductions	
Benefits	972,232
Change In Net Assets	3,760,961
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits, Beginning Of Year	23,806,497
Net Assets Held In Tourset Eve December	
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits, End Of Year	\$ 27,567,458

Plan Description And Provisions

Under Ordinance No. 5028 as amended by Ordinance No. 5043, the City established a single-employer defined benefit plan, City of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund (the UERF) that provides retirement, disability and death benefits. The UERF does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The covered compensation for employees in the UERF at January 1, 2007 was \$5,102,197. Current membership in the UERF is as follows:

Group	January 1, 2007
Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	46
·	
Vested terminated employees	5
Active employees:	
Fully vested	43
Nonvested	43

Each employee who is employed by the City as a police officer or firefighter shall be eligible to participate in the UERF on the date the employee becomes a police officer or firefighter. Employees are vested after ten years. If an employee terminates before ten years of service, they are entitled to a refund of the employee contribution plus interest earned at 5%.

Employees are eligible for normal retirement benefits at age 55 and completion of ten years of credited service or age 50 and completion of 25 years of credited service or age 65 with completion of five years of credited service. The monthly retirement benefit is based on the final average salary, which is calculated as the greater of the top pay range of a police officer/firefighter or of the actual highest five year average annual salary out of the last ten years. The actual benefit is based on two percent for each year of credited service to a maximum of 60% of the final average monthly salary. Disabled employees or their surviving spouse will receive benefits based upon the years of service and basic pay of the employee as of such date. Early retirement is available to vested employees, but benefits are not paid until age 55.

Funding Policy

City ordinance requires each member to contribute 5% of basic pay during the first 30 years of credited service. The ordinance requires the City to contribute the actuarially computed amounts, which, together with employee contributions and investment income, will cover the costs of the Plan.

Annual Pension Cost And Net Pension Obligation

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation (asset) for the UERF are as follows:

			Pension Pl	an			
For The	Net Pension						
Plan	Obligation		Interest On	Adjustment			Net Pension
Years	(Asset)	Annual	Net Pension	To Annual	Annual	Actual	Obligation
Ended	Beginning	Required	Obligation	Required	Pension	Contri-	(Asset)
D 1 04							
December 31,	Of Year	Contribution	(Asset)	Contribution	Cost	bution	End Of Year
December 31,	Of Year	Contribution	(Asset)	Contribution	Cost	bution	End Of Year
2006	\$ (267,043)	\$ 756,282	(Asset) \$ (18,693)	Contribution \$ 14,928	\$ 752,517	\$ 756,282	\$ (270,808)

Historical trend information about the City's participation in the UERF is presented below:

Pension Plan						
For The Plan	Annual		Net Pension			
Years Ended	Pension	Percentage	Obligation			
December 31,	\mathbf{Cost}	Contributed	(Asset)			
2006	\$ 752,517	100.5%	\$ (270,808)			
2005	794,376	100.5%	(267,043)			
2004	815,499	100.5%	(263,330)			

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the date indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	January 1, 2007
Actuarial cost method	Entry age (normal)
Amortization method	Closed
Amortization period	27 years
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Projected salary increases	3.5%
Post-retirement benefit increases	Lower of annual
	consumer price
	index or 2%

Required Supplementary Information (Unaudited)

Schedule Of Funding Progress

						Unfunded
Actuarial		Actuarial				AAL As A
Valuation	Actuarial	Accrued				Percentage
Dated	Value Of	Liability	Unfunded	Funded	Covered	Of Covered
January 1,	Assets	(AAL)	AAL	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
2007	\$ 25,274,000	\$ 28,928,000	\$ 3,654,000	87.4%	\$ 5,102,000	71.6%
2006	22,515,000	27,183,000	4,668,000	82.8%	5,171,000	90.3%
2005	21,317,000	26,264,000	4,947,000	81.2%	4,905,000	100.8%
2004	19,197,000	24,962,000	5,766,000	76.9%	4,314,000	133.7%
2003	17,284,000	23,705,000	6,421,000	72.9%	3,933,000	163.2%
2002	17,287,000	22,239,000	4,952,000	77.7%	4,299,000	115.2%

Schedule Of Employer's Contributions

	Annual		
For The Plan Years	Required	Actual	Percentage
Ended December 31,	Contribution	Contribution	Contributed
2006	\$ 756,282	\$ 756,282	100.0%
2005	798,089	798,089	100.0%
2004	819,885	819,885	100.0%
2003	846,500	846,500	100.0%
2002	707,416	707,416	100.0%
2001	510,886	510,886	100.0%

9. Deferred Compensation Plan

The City participates in a deferred compensation plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 457. The Plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency.

10. Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. The City uses the Insurance Fund (an Internal Service Fund) to account for its risks of loss.

The City joined the St. Louis Area Insurance Trust (SLAIT) in January 2005, a public entity risk pool, for general liability, law enforcement liability, public officials errors and omissions, and automobile liability. The change reduced the City's financial exposure for claims. The City's insurance coverage with each category of risk is in the amount of \$2.5 million per occurrence. The City pays an annual contribution to SLAIT for its insurance coverage. If the contributions produce insufficient funds to meet obligations, SLAIT is empowered to make special assessments. Members of SLAIT are jointly and severally liable for all claims against SLAIT.

The Insurance Fund charges other funds for insurance coverage based on estimates of the amounts needed from each fund to cover their proportionate share of insurance premiums. The City purchases commercial insurance for all risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year.

11. Joint Venture

Pursuant to an agreement authorized by City ordinance, the City joined with the Clayton School District to construct and operate a recreational facility. The construction was funded by the City and the Clayton School District. Administration, accounting, repair, and maintenance of the facility will be shared in accordance with the agreement. The City has contributed approximately two-thirds of the construction in the amount of \$11,789,000. The joint venture's financial statements are available at the Clayton City Hall. The City is liable for one-half of any operational cash shortages incurred by the joint venture. The City paid \$100,000 for its share of the operational cash shortage incurred by the joint venture for the year ended September 30, 2007.

A condensed summary of financial information for the joint venture as of and for its fiscal year ended September 30, 2007 is as follows:

Assets	\$ 16,233,745				
Liabilities	\$ 1,318,019				
Net Assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	14,770,725				
Unrestricted deficit	145,001				
Net Assets	\$ 14,915,726				
Operating revenue	\$ 2,634,750				
Operating expenses	3,670,446				
Nonoperating revenue	50,031				
Capital contributions	200,000				
Change in net assets	\$ (785,665)				

12. Commitments And Contingencies

Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits pertaining to matters which are incidental to performing routine governmental and other functions. Based on the current status of all these legal proceedings, it is the opinion of management that they will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

Federal Grants

Under the terms of federal grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. It is the opinion of management that such reimbursements, if any, will not have a material effect on the City's financial position.

13. Deficit Fund Balance

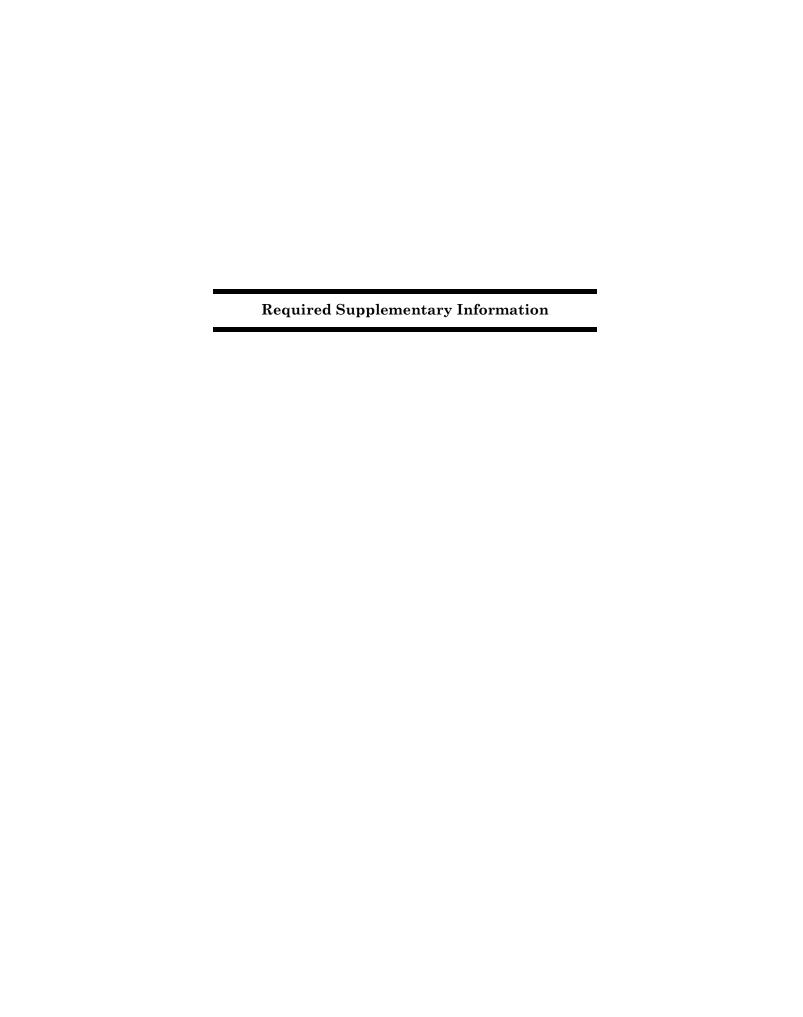
The Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$51,767 at September 30, 2007. This amount will be reimbursed by the developer of record. The Police Forfeiture and P.O.S.T. Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$2,068.

CITY OF CLAYTON, MISSOURI

Notes To Basic Financial Statements (Continued)

14. Subsequent Events

On October 31, 2007, the City issued Special Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2007, in the principal amount of \$8,175,000. The bonds were issued for the purpose of providing funds to (1) currently refund the City's outstanding Special Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2002, (2) fund a debt service reserve fund and (3) pay the costs of issuing the bonds.



CITY OF CLAYTON, MISSOURI

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGET BASIS -GENERAL FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Original	Final			Ove	er (Under)
	Budget	Budget		Actual		Budget
Revenues						
General property taxes	\$ 5,015,760	\$ 5,015,760	\$	5,032,029	\$	16,269
Licenses and permits	1,299,992	1,299,992		$1,\!415,\!552$		115,560
Public utility licenses	4,580,766	4,580,766		4,757,730		176,964
Intergovernmental	4,133,400	4,133,400		4,402,252		268,852
Community programs	1,044,375	1,044,375		1,249,216		204,841
Fines and forfeitures	725,691	725,691		881,673		155,982
Investment income	338,500	338,500		496,983		158,483
Miscellaneous	382,807	382,807		741,558		358,751
Total Revenues	17,521,291	17,521,291		18,976,993		1,455,703
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government						
City planning and development	696,040	696,040		756,103		60,063
Nondepartmental	679,275	679,275		675,123		(4,152)
Information systems	501,404	501,404		492,110		(9,294)
Communications	350,197	350,197		323,154		(27,043)
Finance	508,107	508,107		483,449		(24,658)
City manager's office	376,788	376,788		367,981		(8,807)
Municipal court	175,373	175,373		164,217		(11, 156)
Board of aldermen and city clerk	79,581	79,581		82,716		3,135
City attorney's office	100,000	100,000		98,747		(1,253)
Personnel administration	152,747	152,747		286,080		133,333
Boards and commissions	12,200	12,200		9,518		(2,682)
Building maintenance	360,140	360,140		330,156		(29,984)
Public safety	8,196,004	8,196,004		8,046,603		(149,401)
Streets and highways	3,563,537	3,563,537		3,869,336		305,799
Parks and recreation	1,769,714	1,769,714		1,764,211		(5,503)
Total Expenditures	17,521,107	17,521,107		17,749,504		228,397
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ 184	\$ 184	•	1,227,489	\$	1,227,306
Adjustments To Percentile To CAAD Posi-				•		
Adjustments To Reconcile To GAAP Basis Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2007				124,339		
Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2006				$\frac{(4,095)}{120,244}$		
			_	120,244		
Net Change In Fund Balances - GAAP Basis				1,347,733		
Fund Balance - Beginning Of Year				8,328,683		
Fund Balance - End Of Year			\$	9,676,416		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON INFORMATION September 30, 2007

Explanation Of Budgetary Process

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. Prior to August 1, the City Manager submits to the Board of Aldermen a proposed operating budget for all funds, except the Police Forfeiture and P.O.S.T. Fund, Firefighter Assistance Grant Fund, the Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road Fund, the 2005 Bond Reserve Fund, and proceeds from capital outlay for the fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the department level for the General Fund and at the fund level for all other funds.
- b. Public hearings and open council meetings are held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to September 1, the budget is adopted by the Board of Aldermen.
- d. Budgets are adopted on a basis generally consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America except that budgetary basis expenditures include encumbrances and loan payments in connection with short-term financing. Budgetary comparisons in the required supplementary information and other supplemental information are presented on this budgetary basis. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.
- e. Current year budget includes amendments. Budget amendments between funds or departments, in the General Fund, must be approved by the Board of Aldermen.

Violations Of Budgetary Laws And Regulations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following funds and departments at September 30, 2007:

Fund	Amount
General:	
City Planning and Development	\$ 60,063
Board of Aldermen and City Clerk	3,135
Personnel Administration	133,333
Streets and Highways	305,799
2002 Capital Project Bond Fund	607

Supplementary Information Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Special Taxing District Fund - This fund is used to account for the ad valorem real estate tax assessed on the Special Business District, which funds are to be utilized for promotion, maintenance, and improvements of the district.

Sewer Lateral Fund - This fund is used to account for sewer lateral fees assessed on all residential property, which funds are to be utilized for the repair of sewer lateral service lines up to a maximum of \$3,000 per residence.

Police Forfeiture And P.O.S.T. Fund - This fund is used to account for the fines and forfeitures received, which funds are to be utilized for police assistance, police training and police equipment purchases.

Firefighter Assistance Grant Fund - This fund is used to account for the grant received, which funds are to be utilized for firefighter assistance.

Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley Road - This fund is used to account for fees associated with the redevelopment and construction of Forsyth and Hanley.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

2002 Capital Project Bond Fund - This fund is used to account for specific improvements to city hall/fire station renovation and renovation of the pool, diving tank and pool house at Shaw Park, which are funded by special obligation bond proceeds.

Capital Improvement Project Fund – This fund is used to account for improvements to park and recreational facilities and stormwater systems, which are funded by a 0.5% sales tax.

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt, principal, interest, and related costs.

2005 Bond Reserve Fund - This fund is used to account for the amounts reserved according to the bond issue.

1993-94, 99 Bond Issue Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general obligation bond principal and interest.

2005 Bond Debt Service Fund - This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, special obligation refunding bond principal and interest.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2007

	<u>I</u>	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	326,787	\$ 318,025	\$ 969,948	\$ 1,614,760
Investments		99,713	99,713	_	199,426
Property taxes receivable				7,606	7,606
Intergovernmental receivable			206,358	_	206,358
Special assessments receivables				179,751	179,751
Interest receivable		915	915	16,329	18,159
Cash - restricted				208,765	208,765
Investments - restricted				1,122,449	1,122,449
Total Assets	\$	427,415	\$ 625,011	\$ 2,504,848	\$ 3,557,274
Liabilities And Fund Balances Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$	14,521 3,261 51,767	\$ 183,998 547 —	\$ 187,357	\$ 198,519 3,808 51,767 187,357
Total Liabilities		69,549	184,545	187,357	441,451
Fund Balances Reserved for: Encumbrances		_	155		155
Debt service			_	2,317,491	2,317,491
Unreserved:					
Special revenue funds		357,866			357,866
Capital projects funds			440,311		440,311
Total Fund Balances		357,866	440,466	2,317,491	3,115,823
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$	427,415	\$ 625,011	\$ 2,504,848	\$ 3,557,274

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS September 30, 2007

				Police				
	Special		For	rfeiture	Firefighte	r Redeve	lopment	
	Taxing	Sewer		And	Assistance	e Forsytl	n/Hanley	
	District	Lateral]	P.O.S.T.	Gran	t	Road	Total
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 97,314	\$ $217,\!540$	\$	11,933	\$ -	- \$	_	\$ 326,787
Investments	99,713	_		_	_	_	_	99,713
Interest receivable	915	_		_	_	_	_	915
Total Assets	\$ 197,942	\$ 217,540	\$	11,933	\$ -	- \$	_	\$ 427,415
Liabilities And Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ 520	\$ _	\$	14,001	\$ -	- \$	_	\$ 14,521
Accrued liabilities	3,261	_		_	_	_	_	3,261
Due to other funds	_	_		_	-	_	51,767	51,767
Total Liabilities	3,781	_		14,001	_	_	51,767	69,549
Fund Balances								
Unreserved:								
Special Revenue Funds	194,161	217,540		(2,068)	_	_	(51,767)	357,866
Total Liabilities And								
Fund Balances	\$ 197,942	\$ 217,540	\$	11,933	\$ -	- \$	_	\$ 427,415

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS September 30, 2007

	Improv	Capital Improvement Project Fund H		2002 Capital Project Bond Fund			Total
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	318,025		\$		\$	318,025
Investments	Ψ	99,713		Ψ		Ψ	99,713
Intergovernmental receivable		206,358			_		206,358
Interest receivable		915			_		915
Total Assets	\$	625,011		\$	_	\$	625,011
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	183,998 547		\$		\$	183,998 547
Total Liabilities		184,545			_		184,545
Fund Balances							
Reserved for:							
Encumbrances		155			_		155
Unreserved:							
Capital Projects Funds		440,311					440,311
Total Fund Balances		440,466					440,466
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$	625,011		\$	_	\$	625,011

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS September 30, 2007

	2005 ond erve	199	93-94, 99 Bond Issue	2005 Bond Debt Service	Total
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ _	\$	768,819	\$ 201,129	\$ 969,948
Property taxes receivable			7,606	_	7,606
Special assessment receivable			_	179,751	179,751
Interest receivable			_	16,329	16,329
Cash - restricted				208,765	208,765
Investments - restricted				1,122,449	1,122,449
Total Assets	\$ 	\$	776,425	\$ 1,728,423	\$ 2,504,848
Liabilities And Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Deferred revenue	\$ 	\$	7,606	\$ 179,751	\$ 187,357
Fund Balances Reserved for:			760.010	1 740 079	0.017.401
Debt service			768,819	1,548,672	2,317,491
Total Liabilities And Fund Balances	\$ 	\$	776,425	\$ 1,728,423	\$ 2,504,848

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	;	Special	Capital	Debt Service	
	R	evenue	Projects	Fund	Total
Revenues					
General property taxes	\$	186,433	\$ _	\$ 1,091,801	\$ 1,278,234
Assessment income		101,093		43,499	144,592
Intergovernmental		_	1,626,590	_	1,626,590
Fines and forfeitures		47,643		_	47,643
Investment income		26,708	12,558	119,562	158,828
Miscellaneous		29,982	4,140	_	34,122
Total Revenues		391,859	1,643,288	1,254,862	3,290,009
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government		_	_	157	157
Public safety		74,772		_	74,772
Community development		220,788			220,788
Capital outlay		56,269	658,032		714,301
Debt service:					
Principal		_	875,000	1,520,000	2,395,000
Interest and fiscal charges		_	209,939	672,321	882,260
Total Expenditures		351,829	1,742,971	2,192,478	4,287,278
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		40,030	(99,683)	(937,616)	(997,269)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in		_	1,568,939	2,290,406	3,859,345
Transfers out		(1,539)	(1,357,948)	(1,316,523)	(2,676,010)
Total Other Financing Uses		(1,539)	210,991	973,883	1,183,335
Net Change In Fund Balances		38,491	111,308	36,267	186,066
Fund Balances					
Beginning of year		319,375	329,158	2,281,224	2,929,757
End of year	\$	357,866	\$ 440,466	\$ 2,317,491	\$ 3,115,823

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

		Special Taxing District		Sewer	Police Forfeiture And P.O.S.T.	Firefighter Assistance	Redevelopment Forsyth/Hanley	m 1
Revenues	_	District		Lateral	P.U.S.1.	Grant	Road	Total
General property taxes	\$	186,433	\$	_	\$ —	\$ —	\$ _ \$	8 186,433
Assessment income	,	_	•	101,093	_		_	101,093
Fines and forfeitures		_		_	47,643	_	_	47,643
Investment income		11,617		11,963	3,128	_	_	26,708
Miscellaneous		_		_	_	_	29,982	29,982
Total Revenues		198,050		113,056	50,771	_	29,982	391,859
Expenditures								
Current:								
Public safety		_		_	74,772	_	_	74,772
Community development		179,426		_	_	_	41,362	220,788
Capital outlay		_		55,071	_	1,198	_	56,269
Total Expenditures		179,426		55,071	74,772	1,198	41,362	351,829
Revenues Over (Under)								
Expenditures		18,624		57,985	(24,001)	(1,198)	(11,380)	40,030
Other Financing Uses								
Transfers out		(1,539)				_		(1,539)
Net Change In Fund Balances		17,085		57,985	(24,001)	(1,198)	(11,380)	38,491
Fund Balances								
Beginning of year		177,076		159,555	21,933	1,198	(40,387)	319,375
End of year	\$	194,161	\$	217,540	\$ (2,068)	\$ —	\$ (51,767)	357,866

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Capital Improvement Project Fund	2002 Capital Project Bond Fund	Total
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,626,590	\$ —	\$ 1,626,590
Investment income	$12,\!558$		$12,\!558$
Miscellaneous	4,140		4,140
Total Revenues	1,643,288	_	1,643,288
Expenditures Capital outlay Debt service:	658,032	_	658,032
Principal		875,000	875,000
Interest and fiscal charges	_	209,939	209,939
Total Expenditures	658,032	1,084,939	1,742,971
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	985,256	(1,084,939)	(99,683)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	484,000	1,084,939	1,568,939
Transfers out	(1,357,948)	——	(1,357,948)
Total Other Financing			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Sources (Uses)	(873,948)	1,084,939	210,991
Net Change In Fund Balances	111,308	_	111,308
Fund Balances			
Beginning of year	329,158		329,158
End of year	\$ 440,466	\$ —	\$ 440,466

COMBINING STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR DEBT SERVICE FUNDS For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	R	2005 Bond teserve	1	993-94, 99 Bond Issue	2005 Bond Debt Service	Total
Revenues						_
General property taxes	\$		\$	1,091,801	\$ _	\$ 1,091,801
Assessment income		_		_	43,499	43,499
Investment income		_		41,310	78,252	119,562
Total Revenues				1,133,111	121,751	1,254,862
Expenditures						
Current:						
General government		_		_	157	157
Debt service:						
Principal		_		840,000	680,000	1,520,000
Interest and fiscal charges		_		265,418	406,903	672,321
Total Expenditures				1,105,418	1,087,060	2,192,478
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		_		27,693	(965,309)	(937,616)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in		_		_	2,290,406	2,290,406
Transfers out	(1,	316,523)		_	_	(1,316,523)
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	(1,	316,523)			2,290,406	973,883
Net Change In Fund Balances	(1,	316,523)		27,693	1,325,097	36,267
Fund Balances						
Beginning of year	1,	316,523		741,126	223,575	2,281,224
End of year	\$	_	\$	768,819	\$ 1,548,672	\$ 2,317,491

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues			
General property taxes:			
Current real estate	\$ 181,300	\$ 186,433	\$ 5,133
Investment income	7,000	11,617	4,617
Total Revenues	188,300	198,050	9,750
Expenditures Community development Revenues Over Expenditures	186,136 2,164	179,426 18,624	(6,710) 16,460
Other Financing Uses			
Transfers out	1,539	(1,539)	(3,078)
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ 3,703	17,085	\$ 13,382
Fund Balances			
Beginning of year	-	177,076	
End of year	=	\$ 194,161	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -SEWER LATERAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

				Over	
	Final			(Under)	
	Budget	Actual	\mathbf{Budget}		
Revenues					
Assessment income	\$ 97,000	\$ 101,093	\$	4,093	
Investment income	7,000	11,963		4,963	
Total Revenues	104,000	113,056		9,056	
Expenditures					
Capital outlay	90,000	55,071		(34,929)	
Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ 14,000	57,985	\$	43,985	
		_			
Fund Balances					
Beginning of year		159,555			
	_				
End of year	_	\$ 217,540			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT PROJECT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BUDGET BASIS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues			
Intergovernmental	\$ 1,467,900	\$ 1,626,590	\$ 158,690
Investment income	_	12,558	12,558
Miscellaneous	127,000	4,140	(122,860)
Total Revenues	1,594,900	1,643,288	48,388
Expenditures Capital outlay	942,889	658,187	(284,702)
Revenues Over Expenditures	652,011	985,101	333,090
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	404.000	40.4.000	
Transfers in	484,000	484,000	0.4.55.4
Transfers out	(1,392,722)	(1,357,948)	34,774
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(908,722)	(873,948)	34,774
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ (256,711)	111,153	\$ 367,864
Adjustments To Reconcile To GAAP Basis Encumbrances reserved at			
September 30, 2007	_	155	
Net Change In Fund Balance - GAAP Basis		111,308	
Fund Balances			
Beginning of year	-	329,158	
End of year	=	\$ 440,466	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – 2002 CAPITAL PROJECT BOND CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BUDGET BASIS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Final Budget	Actual	•	Over nder) udget	
Expenditures					
Debt service:					
Principal	\$	875,000	\$ 875,000	\$	
Interest and fiscal charges		209,332	209,939		607
Total Expenditures		1,084,332	1,084,939		607
Revenues Under Expenditures Other Financing Sources		(1,084,332)	(1,084,939)		(607)
Transfers in		1,084,332	1,084,939		607
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$			\$	
Fund Balances Beginning of year		_			
End of year		=	\$ 		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – 1993-94, 99 BOND ISSUE DEBT SERVICE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Final Budget	Actual	1	Over (Under) Budget	
Revenues					
General property taxes	\$ 1,070,000	\$ 1,091,801	\$	21,801	
Investment income	35,000	41,310		6,310	
Total Revenues	1,105,000	1,133,111		28,111	
Expenditures Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	840,000 265,418	840,000 265,418		_ 	
Total Expenditures	1,105,418	1,105,418			
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$ (418)	27,693	\$	28,111	
Fund Balances					
Beginning of year	_	741,126			
End of year	=	\$ 768,819			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – 2005 BOND DEBT SERVICE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

]	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues				
Assessment income	\$	20,360	\$ 43,499	\$ 23,139
Investment income		· —	$78,\!252$	$78,\!252$
Total Revenues		20,360	121,751	101,391
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government		2,000	157	(1,843)
Debt service:				
Principal		680,000	680,000	
Interest and fiscal charges		406,903	406,903	_
Total Expenditures	1,	088,903	1,087,060	(1,843)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(1,	068,543)	(965,309)	103,234
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers in	1,	221,573	2,290,406	1,068,833
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$	153,030	1,325,097	\$ 1,172,067
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year		_	223,575	
End of year		=	\$ 1,548,672	

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS – BUDGETARY INFORMATION CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by Proprietary Funds).

Revolving Public Improvement Fund – This fund is used to monitor the funding of special infrastructure improvements throughout the City. Revenues derived by this fund are special assessments that are levied and 1% gross receipts tax on utilities.

Equipment Replacements Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of funds, which are to be utilized for equipment replacement needs.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – REVOLVING PUBLIC IMPROVEMENT CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

		Final Budget		Actual		Over (Under) Budget
Revenues	Ф		ф	44.084	ф	44.074
Assessment income	\$		\$	41,251	\$	41,251
Public utility licenses		5,000		876		(4,124)
Intergovernmental		3,533,211		2,358,471		(1,174,740)
Investment income		42,500		103,943		61,443
Miscellaneous				34,176		34,176
Total Revenues		3,580,711		2,538,717		(1,041,994)
Expenditures						
Capital outlay		1,634,915		1,332,696		(302,219)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,945,796		1,206,021		(739,775)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		549,409 (958,354)		540,409 (996,154)		(9,000) (37,800)
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)		(408, 945)		(455,745)		(46,800)
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$	1,536,851		750,276	\$	(786,575)
Adjustments To Reconcile To GAAP Basis Encumbrances reserved at						
September 30, 2007 Encumbrances reserved at				55,333		
September 30, 2006		-		(357,552) (302,219)		
Net Changes In Fund Balance - GAAP Basis				448,057		
Fund Balances						
Beginning of year				1,801,767		
End of year		=	\$	2,249,824		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENTS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND – BUDGET BASIS

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

]	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Revenues				
Investment income	\$	135,000	\$ $124,\!579$	\$ (10,421)
Miscellaneous			15,662	15,662
Total Revenues		135,000	140,241	5,241
Expenditures				
Capital outlay		645,783	326,432	(319, 351)
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(510,783)	(186,191)	324,592
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in		396,819	396,819	_
Sale of capital assets		50,000	45,917	(4,083)
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)		446,819	442,736	(4,083)
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$	(63,964)	256,545	\$ 320,509
Adjustments To Reconcile To GAAP Basis Encumbrances reserved at September 30, 2007			250	
Encumbrances reserved at			_00	
September 30, 2006			(242,976)	
•		_	(242,726)	
Net Change In Fund Balances - GAAP Basis		_	13,819	
Fund Balances				
Beginning of year		_	2,649,175	
End of year		=	\$ 2,662,994	

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Proprietary Funds are used to account for those operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business, or where the governing body has decided that determination of revenues earned, costs incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability.

ENTERPRISE FUND

Parking Facilities Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's parking operations.

INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

Insurance Fund – This fund is used to account for all the City's insurance operations.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS – BUDGET AND ACTUAL –

PARKING FACILITIES ENTERPRISE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

		Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Operating Revenues				g
St. Louis parking systems	\$	353,800	\$ 375,085	\$ 21,285
Parking lot revenue	•	119,920	112,695	(7,225)
Parking meter revenue		866,000	928,906	62,906
Total Operating Revenues		1,339,720	1,416,686	76,966
Operating Expenses				
Personnel services		301,560	274,787	(26,773)
Contractual services		434,149	305,763	(128,386)
Commodities		52,240	53,044	804
Depreciation		334,599	338,920	4,321
Insurance and fringe benefits		554,555	48,726	48,726
Total Operating Expenses		1,122,548	1,021,240	(101,308)
Total Operating Expenses		1,122,040	1,021,240	(101,500)
Operating Income		217,172	395,446	178,274
Nonoperating Revenue (Expense)				
Gain on sale of capital assets		423,764	330,776	(92,988)
Investment income		500,000	586,580	86,580
Interest expense		(113,248)	(137,329)	24,081
Total Nonoperating Revenue		(113,240)	(137,323)	24,001
(Expense)		810,516	780,027	(30,489)
Income Before Transfers		1,027,688	1,175,473	147,785
Transfers				
Transfers out		(1,175,395)	(1,124,409)	(50,986)
Change In Net Assets	\$	(147,707)	51,064	\$ (198,771)
Adjustment To Reconcile To GAAP Basis Encumbrances reserved				
at September 30, 2007		-	3,251	
Change In Net Assets - GAAP Basis			54,315	
Net Assets				
Beginning of year		_	19,952,787	
End of year			\$ 20,007,102	
•		=	 	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – INTERNAL SERVICE FUND – BUDGET BASIS For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Final		Over (Under)
	 Budget	Actual	Budget
Operating Revenues			
Participant contributions	\$ 258,168	\$ 212,193	\$ (45,975)
Employer contributions	1,705,941	1,670,876	(35,065)
Total Operating Revenues	1,964,109	1,883,069	(81,040)
Operating Expenses			
Contractual services	2,088,198	1,810,296	(277,902)
Operating Income (Loss)	(124,089)	72,773	196,862
Nonoperating Revenue			
Investment income	22,500	15,954	(6,546)
Miscellaneous income	9,000	12,176	3,176
Total Nonoperating Revenue	31,500	28,130	(3,370)
Change In Net Assets	\$ (92,589)	100,903	\$ 193,492
Adjustment To Reconcile To GAAP Basis Encumbrances reserved			
at September 30, 2007	-	480	
Change In Net Assets - GAAP Basis		101,383	
Net Assets			
Beginning of year	_	523,300	
End of year	=	\$ 624,683	

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity.

PENSION TRUST FUNDS

Non-Uniformed Employees' Retirement Fund - This fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for the City's non-uniformed employees.

City Of Clayton Uniformed Employees' Pension Fund - This fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for the City's police officers and firefighters.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS – PENSION TRUST FUNDS September 30, 2007

	City Of Clayton Non- Uniformed Employees'	City Of Clayton Uniformed Employees'	
	Retirement Fund	Pension Fund	Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40,252	\$ 722,920	\$ 763,172
Investments:			
U.S. government and agency securities	_	4,351,823	4,351,823
Foreign bonds		240,117	240,117
Common stocks	_	2,695,907	2,695,907
Corporate bonds	_	3,322,065	3,322,065
Taxable municipal obligations	_	607,874	607,874
Mutual funds	10,405,848	15,551,175	25,957,023
Interest receivable	13,207	75,577	88,784
Net Assets			
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$ 10,459,307	\$ 27,567,458	\$ 38,026,765

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS – PENSION TRUST FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Claytor Unif Empl	City Of n Non- ormed loyees' ement Fund	_	City Of Clayton niformed nployees' Pension Fund		Total
Additions						
Contributions:						
Participant contributions	\$		\$	218,276	\$	218,276
Employer contributions		_		756,282		756,282
Total Contributions		_		974,558		974,558
Investment Income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments and interest and dividends	1,5	352,430		3,896,145		5,248,575
Less: Investment expense		(47,914)		(137,510)		(185,424)
Total Investment Income	1,5	304,516		3,758,635		5,063,151
Total Additions	1,5	304,516		4,733,193		6,037,709
Deductions						
Benefits	2	248,826		972,232		1,221,058
Change In Net Assets	1,0	055,690		3,760,961		4,816,651
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits, Beginning Of Year	9.4	103,617	2	23,806,497	;	33,210,114
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits, End Of Year		159,307		27,567,458		38,026,765

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CITY OF CLAYTON NON-UNIFORMED EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT PENSION TRUST FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Additions			
Investment Income:			
Net appreciation in fair			
value of investments			
and interest and dividends	\$ 666,600	\$ 1,352,430	\$ 685,830
Less: Investment expense	(40,400)	(47,914)	7,514
Total Additions	626,200	1,304,516	678,316
Deductions			
Benefits	263,000	248,826	(14,174)
Change In Net Assets	\$ 363,200	1,055,690 =	\$ 692,490
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - Beginning Of Year	-	9,403,617	
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - End Of Year	:	\$ 10,459,307	

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CITY OF CLAYTON UNIFORMED EMPLOYEES' PENSION TRUST FUND

For The Year Ended September 30, 2007

	 Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
Additions			
Contributions:			
Participant contributions	\$ 220,000	\$ $218,\!276$	\$ (1,724)
Employer contributions	756,282	$756,\!282$	
Total Contributions	976,282	974,558	(1,724)
Investment Income:			
Net appreciation in fair			
value of investments			
and interest and dividends	1,720,920	3,896,145	2,175,225
Less: Investment expense	92,000	(137,510)	(229,510)
Net Investment Income	1,812,920	3,758,635	1,945,715
Total Additions	2,789,202	4,733,193	1,943,991
Deductions			
Benefits	832,212	972,232	140,020
Change In Net Assets	\$ 1,956,990	3,760,961	\$ 1,803,971
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - Beginning Of Year	,	23,806,497	
Net Assets Held In Trust For Pension Benefits - End Of Year	;	\$ 27,567,458	



STATISTICAL SECTION (Unaudited)

This part of the City's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Financial Trends - These five (5) schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity - These four (4) schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, property tax.

Debt Capacity - These five (5) schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic And Economic Information - These two (2) schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

Operating Information - These three (3) schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT Last Five Fiscal Years

Functions/Programs	September 30,									
		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007
Governmental activities:										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	\$	3,385,887	\$	5,755,970	\$	6,595,418	\$	8,732,202	\$	11,295,023
Restricted		7,061,365		7,167,871		2,512,962		2,613,411		2,729,192
Unrestricted		10,606,559		10,849,389		14,478,948		14,090,912		15,591,402
Total governmental										
activities net assets	\$	21,053,811	\$	23,773,230	\$	23,587,328	\$	25,436,525	\$	29,615,617
Business-type activities:										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	\$	9,825,160	\$	10,256,621	\$	11,540,026	\$	9,545,577	\$	9,415,507
Restricted	,	363,211	,	364,327	,	283,450	,	280,174	,	285,195
Unrestricted		7,055,289		7,316,261		6,211,445		10,127,036		10,306,400
Total business-type										
activities net assets	\$	17,243,660	\$	17,937,209	\$	18,034,921	\$	19,952,787	\$	20,007,102
Primary government:										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt	\$	13,211,047	\$	16,012,591	\$	18,135,444	\$	18,277,779	\$	20,710,530
Restricted	,	7,424,576	,	7,532,198	,	2,796,412	,	2,893,585	,	3,014,387
Unrestricted		17,661,848		18,165,650		20,690,393		24,217,948		25,897,802
Total primary										
government net assets	\$	38,297,471	\$	41,710,439	\$	41,622,249	\$	45,389,312	\$	49,622,719

Notes:

GASB Statement 34 was implemented in 2003.

Source: Basic financial statements

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Last Five Fiscal Years Page 1 Of 2

	For The Years Ended September 30,									
		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007
Primary Government Expenses										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	3,185,066	\$	2,875,742	\$	4,706,827	\$	4,253,478	\$	4,585,667
Public safety		7,655,085		8,243,416		8,198,773		8,660,970		8,246,154
Streets and highways		4,158,084		4,856,137		4,530,110		4,530,039		5,919,304
Parks and recreation		2,014,876		2,279,115		2,211,655		2,865,602		1,975,986
Community development		130,408		100,657		528,627		975,774		220,788
Interest on long-term debt		1,211,293		1,218,464		861,255		989,693		910,350
Total governmental expenses		18,354,812		19,573,531		21,037,247		22,275,556		21,858,249
Business-type activities:										
Parking facility		1,042,756		1,092,781		1,247,961		1,274,489		1,155,318
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	19,397,568	\$	20,666,312	\$	22,285,208	\$	23,550,045	\$	23,013,567
Primary Government Program Revenues										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	\$	777,873	\$	621,820	\$	595,618	\$	666,138	\$	735,781
Public safety	φ	1,230,252	φ	1,334,618	φ	1,381,324	φ	931,486	φ	1,141,418
Streets and highways		1,230,232		622,814		238,677		246,210		277,604
Parks and recreation		491,455		548,968		611,660		672,161		739,568
Community development		301,011		802,980		824,766		1,309,048		1,331,109
Operating grants and contributions		1,340,611		2,078,952		1,680,413		924,132		1,232,687
Capital grants and contributions		120,433		2,076,952		1,000,415		924,132		287,100
Total governmental activities program		120,455								207,100
revenues		4,416,544		6,010,152		5,332,458		4,749,175		5,745,267
revenues		4,410,544		0,010,152		0,002,400		4,145,115		5,745,267
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Parking facility		1,721,204		1,711,194		1,595,313		1,486,560		1,416,686
Total Primary Government Program										
Revenues	\$	6,137,748	\$	7,721,346	\$	6,927,771	\$	6,235,735	\$	7,161,953
Net Revenue (Expense)										
Governmental activities	\$	(13,938,268)	\$	(13 563 379)	\$	(15,704,789)	\$	(17 526 381)	\$	(16 112 982)
Business-type activities	Ψ	678,448	Ψ	618,413	Ψ	347,352	Ψ	212,071	Ψ	261,368
Total Primary Government										
Net Expense	\$	(13,259,820)	\$	(12,944,966)	\$	(15,357,437)	\$	(17,314,310)	\$	(15,851,614)

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS Last Five Fiscal Years Page 2 Of 2

For The Years Ended September 30,

	For the tears Ended September 30,									
		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007
General Revenues And Other Changes In N	et As	sets								
Governmental Activities:										
Taxes:										
Property	\$	4,496,193	\$	4,648,009	\$	4,707,073	\$	6,135,030	\$	6,332,125
Sales		5,640,949		5,563,404		5,706,839		5,934,900		6,226,794
Utility		3,803,453		4,361,026		4,553,878		4,890,845		4,758,606
Other		104,854		100,534		100,613		554,595		565,780
Licenses (taxes)		493,240		492,858		_		_		_
Investment income		442,863		349,778		329,421		665,054		884,333
Contribution*		800,000		_		_		_		_
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		(98,720)		_		_		70,222		_
Miscellaneous		297,353		205,002		284,031		220,455		400,027
Transfers		145,374		139,849		390,576		904,477		1,124,409
Total governmental activities revenues										
and transfers		16,125,559		15,860,460		16,072,431		19,375,578		20,292,074
Business-type activities: Investment income		242,034		214,985		140,936		367,140		586,580
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets		_		_		_		2,243,132		330,776
Miscellaneous		658		_		_		_		_
Transfers		(145, 374)		(139,849)		(390,576)		(904,477)		(1,124,409)
Total business-type activities revenues and transfers		97,318		75,136		(249,640)		1,705,795		(207,053)
Total General Revenues And Other Changes In Net Assets	\$	16,222,877	\$	15,935,596	\$	15,822,791	\$	21,081,373	\$	20,085,021
Changes In Net Assets										
Changes In Net Assets Governmental activities	Ф	0.107.001	Ф	0.007.001	Ф	207.049	¢.	1 040 107	Ф	4 170 000
	\$	2,187,291	\$	2,297,081	\$	367,642	\$	1,849,197	\$	4,179,092
Business-type activities		775,766		693,549		97,712		1,917,866		54,315
Total Changes In Net Assets	\$	2,963,057	\$	2,990,630	\$	465,354	\$	3,767,063	\$	4,233,407

Notes:

Source: Basic financial statements

^{*} One time donation from Enterprise Leasing Corp. GASB Statement 34 was implemented in 2003.

FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Five Fiscal Years

			Sep	tember 30,		
	2003	2004		2005	2006	2007
General Fund						
Reserved	\$ 78,453	\$ 18,654	\$	4,000	\$ 4,095	\$ 124,339
Unreserved	7,489,726	7,390,863		7,084,601	8,324,588	9,552,077
Total General Fund	\$ 7,568,179	\$ 7,409,517	\$	7,088,601	\$ 8,328,683	\$ 9,676,416
All Other Governmental Funds						
Reserved:						
Revolving Public Improvement Fund	\$ 865,807	\$ 1,294,260	\$	_	\$ _	\$ _
Capital Improvement Project Fund	22,121	_		52	_	_
Equipment Replacements Fund	_	2,904		5,940	243,051	250
1997-98 Bond Debt Service Fund	207,345	_		_	_	_
Other Governmental Funds	2,172,239	2,332,455		2,260,337	2,282,433	2,317,646
Unreserved, reported in:						
Revolving Public Improvement Fund	3,530,868	2,167,752		2,469,123	1,801,767	2,249,824
Capital Improvement Project Fund	(5,202)	_		_	_	_
Equipment Replacements Fund	2,770,853	3,051,034		2,994,069	2,406,124	2,662,744
Other Governmental Funds:						
Special Revenue Fund	332,104	345,430		400,612	318,166	357,866
Capital Projects Funds	 2,119,083	281,879		775,873	329,158	440,311
Total All Other						
Governmental Funds	\$ 12,015,218	\$ 9,475,714	\$	8,906,006	\$ 7,380,699	\$ 8,028,641

Notes

GASB Statement 34 was implemented in 2003.

Source: Basic financial statements

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Five Fiscal Years

	For The Years Ended September 30,											
	-	2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		
Revenues	-											
General property taxes	\$	4,531,961	\$	4,664,838	\$	4,716,717	\$	6,086,868	\$	6,310,263		
Assessment income		150,325		652,862		414,771		186,253		185,843		
Licenses and permits		1,339,456		1,135,051		1,207,727		1,362,041		1,415,552		
Public utility licenses		3,803,453		4,361,026		4,553,878		4,890,845		4,758,606		
Intergovernmental		7,283,761		7,909,370		7,519,596		7,520,816		8,387,313		
Community programs		972,018		960,036		1,000,188		1,112,109		1,249,216		
Fines and forfeitures		684,168		764,265		756,907		777,766		929,316		
Investment income		429,380		348,425		329,421		665,054		884,333		
Miscellaneous		659,422		457,995		583,531		596,398		825,518		
Total Revenues		19,853,944		21,253,868		21,082,736		23,198,150		24,945,960		
Expenditures												
General government		3,009,861		3,110,409		3,986,435		3,914,379		4,070,285		
Public safety		7,137,008		7,838,638		7,930,225		7,921,971		8,119,616		
Streets and highways		2,907,164		2,999,624		3,256,194		3,405,316		3,754,718		
Parks and recreation		1,698,757		1,799,563		1,600,093		1,657,278		1,759,570		
Community development		111,793		108,161		191,357		254,375		220,788		
Capital outlay		10,224,954		5,745,639		3,106,040		3,930,973		2,918,374		
Debt service:		-, ,		-,,		-,,-		-,,		,,		
Principal		1,220,000		1,450,000		2,040,000		2,465,000		2,395,000		
Interest and fiscal charges		1,133,151		1,231,434		892,930		962,248		882,260		
Bond issuance costs		11,166		· · · —		139,036		· —		_		
Total Expenditures		27,453,854		24,283,468		23,142,310		24,511,540		24,120,611		
Excess Of Expenditures Over Revenues		(7,599,910)		(3,029,600)		(2,059,574)		(1,313,390)		825,349		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)												
Bond proceeds		9,950,000		_		_		_		_		
Proceeds from capital lease				15,804		_		_		_		
Special item		800,000		_		_		_		_		
Sale of capital assets		117,699		15,461		24,510		123,688		45,917		
Issuance of refunding debt		_		_		12,165,000		_		_		
Payments to refunding escrow agent		_		_		(11,411,136)		_		_		
Transfers in		10,149,648		4,570,241		3,852,528		3,488,397		4,796,573		
Transfers out		(10,004,274)		(4,430,392)		(3,461,952)		(2,583,920)		(3,672,164)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		11,013,073		171,114		1,168,950		1,028,165		1,170,326		
Net Change In Fund Balances	\$	3,413,163	\$	(2,858,486)	\$	(890,624)	\$	(285,225)	\$	1,995,675		
Dobt comics or a negretary of negrenit-1												
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures		13.72%		14.46%		15.33%		16.65%		15.46%		

Notes:

GASB Statement 34 was implemented in 2003.

 $Source: \ Revenues \ and \ expenditures \ from \ governmental \ funds \ from \ basic \ financial \ statements$

ASSESSED VALUE AND ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars In Thousands)

										Total		Total
_		Real P	roperty				Rail	roads	1	Taxable	Estimated	Direct
Fiscal	Re	sidential	Comm	ercial	Perso	nal		And	A	ssessed	Actual	Tax
Year]	Property	Pro	perty	Prope	rty	Ut	ilities		Value	Value	Rate
1998	\$	389,349	\$	_	\$ 77,	923	\$	2,458	\$	469,730	\$ 1,881,499	0.880
1999		399,963		_	85,	078		2,396		487,437	1,940,097	0.880
2000		468,061		_	87,	862		2,606		558,529	2,215,676	0.755
2001		472,516		_	90,	470		3,066		566,052	2,244,900	0.755
2002 *		284,752	2	92,087	89,	103		3,624		669,566	2,690,159	0.644
2003		286,748	2	97,052	84,	026		2,634		670,460	2,697,949	0.656
2004		325,478	2	98,990	83,	640		2,290		710,398	2,905,407	0.652
2005		325,974	3	00,037	83,	904		2,290		712,205	2,912,085	0.652
2006		361,777	3	07,555	86,	774		2,367		758,473	3,132,865	0.796
2007		367,607	3	07,107	86,	612		2,820		764,147	3,163,050	0.779

Notes:

^{*} First year that real property was distributed between residential and commercial property. Source - St. Louis County Assessor determines assessments as of January 1.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES (RESIDENTIAL ONLY) PER \$100 OF ASSESSED VALUE Last Ten Fiscal Years

	I	1998		1999	20	2000	2001		2002	2003	ಣ	2004		2002	2006		2007
Taxes levied on all property in the City of Clayton																	
City of Clayton	↔	0.880	↔	0.880	\$ 0.7	3.755 \$	0.755	↔	0.644	\$ 0.656	\$ 99	0.652	æ	0.652	\$ 0.796	↔	0.779
State of Missouri		0.030		0.030	0.0	0.030	0.030		0.030	0.030	02	0.030		0.030	0.030		0.030
St. Louis County		0.720		0.720	0.7	0.720	0.720		0.720	0.720	0	0.720		0.730	0.708		0.708
Special School District		0.620		0.640	9.0	0.620	0.623		0.835	0.849	6	0.833		0.905	0.840		0.824
St. Louis Community College		0.240		0.240	0.2	0.240	0.240		0.230	0.232	22	0.231		0.237	0.223		0.223
Metropolitan St. Louis Sewer District (Extension)		0.070		0.070	0.0	0.070	0.070		0.069	0.069	69	0.069		0.069	0.069		0.069
Metropolitan Zoological Park and Museum District		0.233		0.233	0.2	.233	0.234		0.222	0.222	27	0.226		0.276	0.265		0.261
Sheltered Workshop		0.085		0.085	0.0	.085	0.085		0.085	0.085	35	0.085		0.085	0.082		0.082
Deer Creek Sewer District		090.0		0.060	0.0	090.0	0.060		0.060	090.0	09	0.060		0.060	0.060		090.0
Black Jack Sewer District		090.0		0.060	0.0	090.0	090.0		090.0	090'0	06	090.0		090.0	0.060		090.0
		2.998		3.018	2.873	73	2.877		2.955	2.983	33	2.966		3.104	3.133		3.096
School District (1):		3 610		3.650	3.410	10	3300		9.038	9 947 2 1945	rc.	3 699		3 769	3 995		3 716
Oray will Defined District		0.010		0000	5		2000		500	i	2	0.0			0.00		
Total	æ	809.9	S	8.668	6.283	83 \$	6.177	8	5.893	\$ 5.928	\$	6.588	se	6.873 \$	7.058	se	6.812

Notes:

(1) All property is located in the school district whose boundaries include part of the City.

Source - St. Louis County Assessor

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS Current Fiscal Year And Nine Fiscal Years Ago

			2007				1998	
	_			Percentage				Percentage
				Of Total City				Of Total City
		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable		Taxable
		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed		Assessed
Taxpayer		Value	Rank	Value (1)		Value	Rank	Value (2)
Clayton Corporate Park Mgmt. Co.	\$	25,319,460	1	3.31%	\$	16,000,000	2	3.41%
Pierre Laclede LLC	Ф	21,136,160	2	2.77%	φ	17,285,570	1	3.68%
KBS Clayton Plaza LLC		17,309,850	3	2.27%		17,200,070	1	3.0670
Duke Realty LTD Partnership				1.89%				
· ·		14,432,000	4			0.014.000	_	1.710/
8182 Maryland Associates		11,049,800	5	1.45%		8,014,660	5	1.71%
HEF 1 - StL No. 1 LLC		10,880,000	6	1.42%		9,857,760	4	2.10%
The Realty Associates Funds VI and VII		10,688,490	7	1.40%				
Riggs & Company Trustee		9,920,000	8	1.30%				
The Realty Associates Funds V		9,481,600	9	1.24%				
Forsyth Centre Associates LLC		8,160,000	10	1.07%				
ZML Clayton Limited Partnership						11,543,780	3	2.46%
The Crawford Group						7,919,350	6	1.69%
TCEP II Properties						6,113,920	8	1.30%
The Brown Group						6,534,970	7	1.39%
CB Bemiston Tower, Inc.						5,854,850	9	1.25%
Frank, Edwin & Esther R. H/W			_			4,727,430	10	1.01%
Total	\$	138,377,360		18.11%	\$	93,852,290		19.98%

Notes:

Source - St. Louis County Assessor, ten highest property tax valuations

⁽¹⁾ Total assessed value of the City was \$764,146,675 as of January 1, 2006.

⁽²⁾ Total assessed value of the City was \$469,729,399 as of January 1, 1997.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Amount	Years	Of Levy	Amount	Fiscal Year (2)	eptember 30,
	Subsequent	Percentage		For The	Ended
Collections In Total Collections To	Collections In	vy	Of the Levy	Tax Levied	Fiscal Year
		Year	The Fiscal Year		
		ithin	Collected Within		

		The Fiscal Year	Year			
Fiscal Year	Tax Levied	Of the Levy	evy	Collections In	Collections In Total Collections To Date (3)	To Date (3)
Ended	For The		Percentage	Subsequent		Percentage
September 30,	Fiscal Year (2)	Amount	Of Levy	Years	Amount	Of Levy
1008	\$ 137310	\$ 719.918	σσα	\$ 000 BBB	066 786 7	103 6
				÷	4,101,1	100.0
1999	4,141,897	3,845,863	92.9	418,808	4,264,671	103.0
2000	4,214,517	3,618,341	85.9	382,842	4,001,183	94.9
2001	4,275,506	4,059,048	94.9	587,857	4,646,905	108.7
2002	4,320,414	3,902,880	90.3	171,868	4,074,748	94.3
2003	4,409,624	4,244,002	96.2	381,852	4,625,854	104.9
2004	4,587,714	4,382,118	95.5	148,628	4,530,746	8.86
2005	4,644,371	4,392,929	94.6	181,332	4,574,261	98.5
2006	6,251,869	4,764,534	76.2	(148,346)	4,616,188	95.5
2007	6,206,413	6,123,300	7.86	114,431	6,237,731	100.5

- (1) Source St. Louis County Collectors Office
- (2) Originally adjusted for strikeoffs and additions by St. Louis Board of Equalization after 1978.
- (3) St. Louis County Collectors Office charges a collection fee of 1.5%.

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars In Thousands, Except Per Capita)

			Per	Capita (2)	\$ 2,178	2,094	1,985	1,355	1,279	2,043	2,080	1,995	1,820	1,648
		Percentage	Of Personal	Income (2) Capita (2)	\$ 3.78	3.64	3.45	2.35	2.22	3.55	3.24	3.11	2.84	2.57
		Total	Primary	Government	\$ 29,224	28,100	26,637	21,595	20,382	32,560	33,145	31,799	29,000	26,254
			Note			I	I	I	I	I	2,152	2,091	1,971	1,846
Activities	Net	Capital	Improvement	Bond Debt Payable	\$ 3,540 \$	3,435	3,295	2,362	2,264	2,955	2,822	2,229	2,150	1,955
Business-Type Activities	Less	Reserve	For Debt	Service	\$ (400)	(393)	(414)	(441)	(435)	(425)	(423)	(426)	(280)	(285)
Bı		Capital	Improvement	Bonds	\$ 3,940	3,828	3,709	2,803	2,699	3,380	3,245	2,655	2,430	2,240
			Capital	Leases	 \$						16	12	∞	4
		General	Obligation	Bonds	\$ 12,045	11,605	10,980	10,325	9,640	8,930	8,185	7,410	6,600	5,760
ivities			Note	Payable	\$ 199	66				I	I		I	I
Governmental Activities	Net	Capital	Improvement	Bond Debt	\$ 13,440	12,961	12,362	8,908	8,478	20,675	19,970	20,057	18,271	16,689
9	$_{ m ress}$	Reserve	For Debt	Service	\$ (1,240)	(1,211)	(1,279)	(1,368)	(1,343)	(1,285)	(1,285)	(1,173)	(1,304)	(1,331)
		Capital	Improvement	Bonds	\$ 14,680	14,172	13,641	10,276	9,821	21,960	21,255	21,230	19,575	18,020
•			Fiscal	Year	1998 (3)	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003(4)	2004	2005(5)	2006	2007

tes:

(1) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

(2) See "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for personal income and population data.

(3) In fiscal year 1998 the City issued \$18,250,000 in capital improvement bonds for a new recreation center, park facilities and neighborhood renovations and a parking garage.

(4) In fiscal year 2003 the City issued an additional \$9,250,000 in capital improvement bonds for construction of City Hall, Shaw Park Pool and the Fire Station.

(5) In fiscal year 2005, capital improvement bonds of \$14,820,000 were issued to refinance the capital improvement bonds issued in fiscal year 1998

Source: Basic financial statements

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars In thousands, Except Per Capita)

	General	Percentage Of	
	Obligation	Actual Taxable	Per
Fiscal Year	Bonds (1)	Value of Property (2)	Capita (3)
1998	\$ 12,045	2.56	\$ 898
1999	11,605	2.38	865
2000	10,980	1.97	818
2001	10,325	1.82	648
2002	9,640	1.44	605
2003	8,930	1.33	560
2004	8,185	1.16	514
2005	7,410	1.04	465
2006	6,600	0.87	414
2007	5,760	0.75	361

Notes:

- (1) Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.
- (2) See "Demographic and Economic Statistics" table for property value data.
- (3) See "Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property" table for population data.

Source: Basic financial statements and Assessor of St. Louis County

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (Dollars In Thousands)

N. Office and the second	Debt	Percentage Applicable To City	Amount Applicable To City
Name Of Governmental Unit	Outstanding	Of Clayton	Of Clayton
St. Louis County Clayton School District	\$ 78,010	3.51 84.36	\$ 2,738
Subtotal	24,694 102,704	04.30	20,832 23,570
City of Clayton	5,760	100.00	5,760
Total	\$ 108,464	_	\$ 29,330

Note: Percentage applicable to City of Clayton is the total assessed value of the City of Clayton as a percentage of the total assessed value of the taxable property of the governmental unit.

Sources:

City of Clayton Financial Report St. Louis County

Clayton School District

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CITY OF CLAYTON, MISSOURI

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (Dollars In Thousands)

		1998	19	666		2000	2001		2002		2003		2004		2002		2006		2007
Debt Limit (1) Total net debt applicable to Debt Limit	\$	\$ 46,973 \$ 48 11,304 10	\$ 48,7	,744 \$	& E 0.	55,853 \$	55,853 \$ 56,605 \$ 66,957 \$ 67,046 \$ 71,040 \$ 71,221 \$ 75,847 \$ 9,979 9,054 8,830 8,137 7,431 6,680 5,859	↔	66,957 8,830	⇔	67,046 8,137	↔	71,040 \$	5	6,680	. ←	5,847 \$	[-	76,415 4,993
Legal debt margin	\$	\$ 35,669 \$ 37,	\$ 37,9	88	45	5,874	938 \$ 45,874 \$ 47,551 \$ 58,127 \$ 58,909 \$ 63,609 \$ 64,541 \$ 69,988 \$ 71,422	↔	58,127	↔	58,909	↔	\$3,609	9	4,541	& 6	9,988	7	1,422
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		24.06%	22.1	.17%	17	17.87%	16.00%		13.19%		12.14%		10.46%		9.38%		7.22%		6.53%

Note: Bonded indebtedness is limited by Sections 95.111 and 95.120 of the Missouri Revised Statutes (1986) to 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property.

(1) Debt limit is 10% of the assessed value, which can be found in the "Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property" table.

Source: Basic financial statements

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE (1)(2) Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Direct	Ne	t Revenue				
Fiscal	\mathbf{Gross}	O_1	perating	Ava	ilable For	De	ebt Service Re	quiremen	ts
Year	Revenue		Expense	De	bt Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
1998	\$ 1,601,259	\$	435,865	\$	1,165,394	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	_
1999	1,760,831		689,197		1,071,634	_	_	_	_
2000	1,868,869		599,423		1,269,446	_	_	_	_
2001	2,028,928		863,203		1,165,725	_	_	_	_
2002	1,866,391		879,418		986,973	_	_	_	_
2003	1,963,896		854,050		1,109,846	_	_	_	_
2004	1,711,194		638,087		1,073,107	_	_	_	_
2005	1,595,313		616,907		978,406	_	_	_	_
2006	1,486,560		793,063		693,497	_	_	_	_
2007	1,416,686		679,069		737,617	_	_	_	_

Notes:

- (1) Capital Improvement Bonds issued in fiscal years 1998, 2003 and 2005 did not constitute a general obligation or indebtedness of the City for which the City is obligated to levy or pledge any form of taxation and therefore are not shown.
- (2) Direct operating expenses do not include interest and depreciation.

Source: Basic financial statements

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Calendar Years

<u>Y</u> ear	Population (1)	Personal Income (thousands of dollars)	Median Household Income (2)	Clayton School District Enrollment (3)	Unemployment Rate (4)
1998	13,417	\$ 772,309	\$ 57,562	2,432	2.1 %
1999	13,417	772,309	57,562	2,404	1.7 %
2000	13,417	772,309	57,562	2,460	1.5 %
2001	15,935	917,250	57,562	2,440	2.2 %
2002	15,935	917,250	57,562	2,442	2.6 %
2003	15,935	917,250	57,562	2,478	2.8 %
2004	15,935	1,022,772	64,184	2,548	2.6 %
2005	15,935	1,022,772	64,184	2,558	2.5 %
2006	15,935	1,022,772	64,184	2,460	2.6 %
2007	15,935	1,022,772	64,184	2,479	2.8 %

⁽¹⁾ Source - 1990 U.S. Bureau of Census for population estimates 1998 to 2000; source of data for 2001-2007, current population estimate revised census 2000 from U.S. Census Bureau dated 12/07/01.

⁽²⁾ Source - sources of data from 1998 - 2003 from 1990 U.S. Bureau of Census. Sources of data from 2004-2007 from 2000 U.S. Bureau of Census.

⁽³⁾ Source - Director of Communications for the School District of Clayton.

⁽⁴⁾ Source - 2001 and previous, Missouri Division of Employment Security from U.S. Census Bureau Records; 2002 through 2007 - Missouri Department of Economic Development (based on 2000 census).

CITY OF CLAYTON, MISSOURI

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Fiscal Year And Nine Fiscal Years Ago

2007	PercentagePercentageOf Total CityOf Total CityRankEmploymentEmployeesRankEmployment	1,800 1	2 2.58 464 5 1.55	1,011 2 651 3	5 1.61 412 6 1.38	6 1.44 —	470 4		400 7	10 0.83 — — —	- 362 8 1.21	10	и СС г
	Employer Employees 1	Ţ	lagement	Enterprise nent-A Car Brown Group 605	Ą	Centene Management Company 474	Clayton School District 469	Restaurant at Ritz Carlton 375	Ritz Carlton 301		The Earthgrains Company —	Graybar Electric —	TO 4 5 1

Votes:

Total employees for the City was estimated, based on square footage of commercial buildings that existed in Clayton nine years ago and currently. Source - Business License Database from Finance Division and Clayton School District.

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Full-Ti	me Equival	Full-Time Equivalent Employees As Of September 30,	es As Of Se	ptember 30	,		
Function/Program	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
General government:										
Elected officials	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
City Clerk (3)		1	1	1	1	П	1	1	1	I
City Manager	3	4	4	4	က	6	3	4	4	ಣ
Economic Development (1)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			I
Human resources	2	23	23	23	23	23	21	23	23	2
Finance	ъ	тO	9	9	9	9	9	7	7	7
Municipal court	3	က	က	က	က	က	က	အ	က	က
Information systems	2	61	21	3	က	က	3	3	က	က
Planning and development	11	10	11	11	10	10	10	10	10	10
Police:										
Officers	51	51	51	53	53	53	52	52	52	52
Civilians (2)	13	13	13	15	15	14	∞	8	∞	∞
Fire:										
Firefighters and officers	30	30	32	32	33	32	35	35	35	35
Civilians	I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Public Works:										
Engineering	20	9	9	9	9	ю	ю	ъ	រប	ಸಂ
Street maintenance	15	13	13	16	16	17	16	16	16	16
Vehicle maintenance	īO	ъ	ю	rO	ъ	ю	ъ	ъ	ъ	ъ
Building maintenance	က	အ	က	က	က	21	အ	အ	3	က
Parking maintenance	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks and recreation:										
Administration/recreation	7	7	7	7	13	13	14	14	14	15
Parks maintenance	6	8	10	10	10	6	6	6	6	6
Total	175	173	179	187	192	188	185	186	186	187

Notes:

Source: City of Clayton Annual Budgets (1998-2007)

⁽¹⁾ Economic development employee moved to communications in administrative services in 2005.

⁽²⁾ Dispatcher positions eliminated in 2004 when City joined East Central Dispatch Center (ECDC). Dispatchers transferred to ECDC. (3) Transfer of City Clerk position to City Manager's Office from Legislative.

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Five Fiscal Years*

			Fiscal Year		
Function/Program	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Police:					
Arrests	432	670	848	973	1,176
Parking violations	4,579	4,526	4,114	5,362	3,729
Traffic violations	5,423	5,364	7,402	7,626	6,011
Parking tickets **	59,829	57,738	50,222	44,221	43,427
Fire:					
Emergency response ambulance	1,212	1,418	1,370	1,430	1,497
Emergency response- fire	1,639	1,470	1,460	1,420	1,665
Inspections	907	800	767	520	656
Parks and recreation:					
Shaw Park Pool - Passes	533	542	528	651	871
Shaw Park Ice Rink - Passes	11	13	16	8	_
Platinum Passes	_	_	_	_	152
Tennis Court - Passes	26	30	26	8	9
Pool/Tennis - Passes	81	73	69	57	66
Tri Passes (pool/rink/tennis)	2	11	12	13	_
Shelter Rentals (including picnic pads)	468	391	497	266	306
Planning and development:					
Residential permits issued	173	202	172	304	282
Estimated cost of construction					
for residential permits	\$ 33,443,381	\$ 20,694,236	\$ 29,333,420	\$ 43,081,206	\$ 33,021,571
Commercial permits issued	272	281	274	113	135
Est. cost of construction					
for commercial permits	\$ 33,135,438	\$ 68,617,644	\$ 31,775,928	\$ 57,891,052	\$ 28,898,204
Finance and administration:					
Business licenses issued	890	893	894	889	791
Liquor licenses issued	62	64	67	63	62

Notes:

No operating indicators by function/program are available for the Administration or Public Works Departments

Sources: City of Clayton Annual Reports (2003-2007), various City departments

^{*} Data for operating indicators by function/program before fiscal year 2003 is not readily available.

^{**} Parking tickets not included in parking violations.

CITY OF CLAYTON, MISSOURI

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM Last Ten Fiscal Years

					Fiscal Year	[ear				
Function/Program	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
Police:										
Stations	Η	П	Π	П	\vdash	П	Н	П	П	Н
Vehicles	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25	25
Fire:										
Stations	\vdash	П	\vdash	П	1	П	Н	П	Н	\vdash
Fire hydrants	371	371	371	371	371	371	371	371	371	371
Vehicles:										
Ladder Trucks	Η	П	\vdash		-	П	П	П	Π	Η
Pumpers	\vdash	П	\vdash	П	1	П	⊣	H	Η	\vdash
Rescue Trucks	\vdash	П	\vdash	П	1	П	Н	П	Н	\vdash
Ambulances	21	23	2	2	21	2	23	23	2	21
Public Works:										
Miles of streets - paved	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7	46.7
Miles of alleys	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.3
Miles of sidewalks	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39	39
Number of street lights	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500	1,500
Parks and recreation:										
Acres of Parks	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75	75
Number of Parks	ю	ಬ	ŭ	ಬ	ಬ	ಣ	5	5	ಸಂ	ю
Athletic Complex	П	1	-	П	-	П	П	П	П	П
Aquatic Center	П	1	\vdash	П	П	1	1	1	П	П

Notes:

No capital asset indicators are available for the Administration, Finance, or Planning functions.

Source: City of Clayton Annual Reports (1998-2007), various City departments